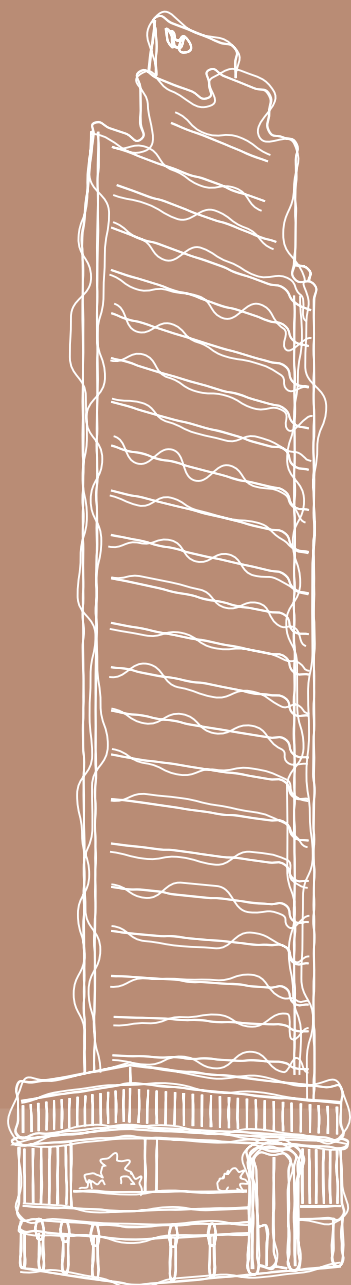


## 2024 ANNUAL REPORT | 年報

於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司  
Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability  
Stock Code 股份代號: 1243

Finnie Street Project

# CONTENTS 目錄



2	Corporate Information 公司資料
5	Financial Highlights 財務概要
7	Chief Executive Officer's Statement 行政總裁報告
14	Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析
35	Board of Directors and Senior Management 董事會及高級管理層
41	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
71	Report of the Directors 董事會報告
85	Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
96	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
98	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
100	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
101	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
104	Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註
254	Particulars of Key Properties 主要物業詳情
256	Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要



# CORPORATE INFORMATION

## 公司資料

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Tang Ho Hong, *Chief Executive Officer*  
Ms. Ching Tak Won Teresa

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven  
Mr. Sung Tze Wah  
Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence  
Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung  
(resigned with effect from 1 July 2024)

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven, *Chairman*  
Mr. Sung Tze Wah  
Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence  
Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung  
(resigned with effect from 1 July 2024)

### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence  
(appointed as *Chairman* with effect from 1 July 2024)  
Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung, *Chairman*  
(resigned with effect from 1 July 2024)  
Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven  
Mr. Sung Tze Wah  
Mr. Tang Ho Hong

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Sung Tze Wah, *Chairman*  
Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven  
Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence  
Mr. Tang Ho Hong  
Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung  
(resigned with effect from 1 July 2024)

*In case of any inconsistency between the English text and Chinese translation of the annual report, the English text shall prevail.*

### 董事會

#### 執行董事

鄧灝康先生，*行政總裁*  
程德韻女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

李永森先生  
宋梓華先生  
陳浩華博士  
梁家棟博士測量師  
(於二零二四年七月一日辭任)

### 審核委員會

李永森先生，*主席*  
宋梓華先生  
陳浩華博士  
梁家棟博士測量師  
(於二零二四年七月一日辭任)

### 薪酬委員會

陳浩華博士  
(於二零二四年七月一日委任為主席)  
梁家棟博士測量師，*主席*  
(於二零二四年七月一日辭任)  
李永森先生  
宋梓華先生  
鄧灝康先生

### 提名委員會

宋梓華先生，*主席*  
李永森先生  
陳浩華博士  
鄧灝康先生  
梁家棟博士測量師  
(於二零二四年七月一日辭任)

本年報之英文版本與中文版本如有任何歧義或差異，概以英文版本為準。



## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Mr. Tang Ho Hong, *Chairman*  
Ms. Ching Tak Won Teresa

## COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheung Chin Wa Angus

## AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Tang Ho Hong  
Mr. Cheung Chin Wa Angus

## AUDITOR

Ernst & Young  
*Certified Public Accountants*  
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

## LEGAL ADVISERS

Reed Smith Richards Butler  
Mayer Brown  
Gallant

## PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Communications (Hong Kong) Limited  
Bank of Dongguan  
Bank SinoPac  
China Construction Bank (Asia)  
Chiyu Banking Corporation Ltd.  
Chong Hing Bank Limited  
CTBC Bank Co Ltd.  
Dah Sing Bank, Limited  
Hang Seng Bank Limited  
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited  
O-Bank Co., Ltd.  
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank  
The Bank of East Asia, Limited  
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited  
United Overseas Bank Limited

## 常務委員會

鄧灝康先生，主席  
程德韻女士

## 公司秘書

張展華先生

## 授權代表

鄧灝康先生  
張展華先生

## 核數師

安永會計師事務所  
*執業會計師*  
註冊公共利益實體核數師

## 法律顧問

禮德齊伯禮律師行  
孖士打律師行  
何耀棟律師事務所

## 主要往來銀行

交通銀行(香港)有限公司  
東莞銀行  
永豐銀行  
中國建設銀行(亞洲)  
集友銀行  
創興銀行有限公司  
中國信託商業銀行股份有限公司  
大新銀行有限公司  
恒生銀行有限公司  
中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司  
王道商業銀行股份有限公司  
上海浦東發展銀行  
東亞銀行有限公司  
香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司  
大華銀行有限公司





## Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料 (續)

### REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House  
2 Church Street  
Hamilton HM 11  
Bermuda

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suite 3201, 32/F., Skyline Tower  
39 Wang Kwong Road  
Kowloon Bay  
Kowloon  
Hong Kong

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN BERMUDA

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited  
Clarendon House  
2 Church Street  
Hamilton HM 11  
Bermuda

### BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Investor Services Limited  
17/F, Far East Finance Centre  
16 Harcourt Road  
Hong Kong

### BOARD LOT

4,000 shares

### INVESTOR RELATIONS

Email: [pr@woproperties.com](mailto:pr@woproperties.com)

### HOMEPAGE

[www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)

### STOCK CODE

1243

### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House  
2 Church Street  
Hamilton HM 11  
Bermuda

### 香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港  
九龍  
九龍灣  
宏光道39號  
宏天廣場32樓3201室

### 百慕達股份過戶及轉讓登記總處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited  
Clarendon House  
2 Church Street  
Hamilton HM 11  
Bermuda

### 香港股份過戶及轉讓登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司  
香港  
夏慤道16號  
遠東金融中心17樓

### 每手股數

4,000股股份

### 投資者關係

電郵：[pr@woproperties.com](mailto:pr@woproperties.com)

### 網頁

[www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)

### 股份代號

1243

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## 財務概要



Year Ended 31 March

截至三月三十一日止年度

2024

2023

二零二四年

二零二三年

Contracted sales (included joint ventures)	訂約銷售 (包括合營企業)	<b>HK\$1,708 million</b> <b>1,708 百萬港元</b>	HK\$1,533 million 1,533 百萬港元
Revenue	收入	<b>HK\$297.9 million</b> <b>297.9 百萬港元</b>	HK\$1,991.8 million 1,991.8 百萬港元
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔 (虧損) / 溢利	<b>HK\$(733.3) million</b> <b>(733.3) 百萬港元</b>	HK\$211.1 million 211.1 百萬港元
Core profit attributable to owners of the parent*	母公司擁有人應佔核心溢利*	<b>HK\$28 million</b> <b>28 百萬港元</b>	HK\$319 million 319 百萬港元
Basic (loss)/earnings per share	每股基本 (虧損) / 盈利	<b>HK(4.82) cents</b> <b>(4.82) 港仙</b>	HK1.39 cents 1.39 港仙

\* Core profit attributable to owners of the parent is defined as the profit or loss attributable to owners of the Company excluding the effects of non-cash items and non-recurring items, namely write-down of properties under development and properties held for sale, loss on disposal/redemption of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, fair value changes on investment properties and financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses on financial assets.

\* 母公司擁有人應佔核心溢利獲界定為本公司擁有人應佔溢利或虧損並剔除非現金項目及非經常性項目之影響，即發展中物業及持作出售物業之撇減、出售/贖回按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之虧損、投資物業以及按公平值計入損益之金融資產及負債之公平值變動以及金融資產減值虧損。

As at 31 March

於三月三十一日

2024

2023

二零二四年

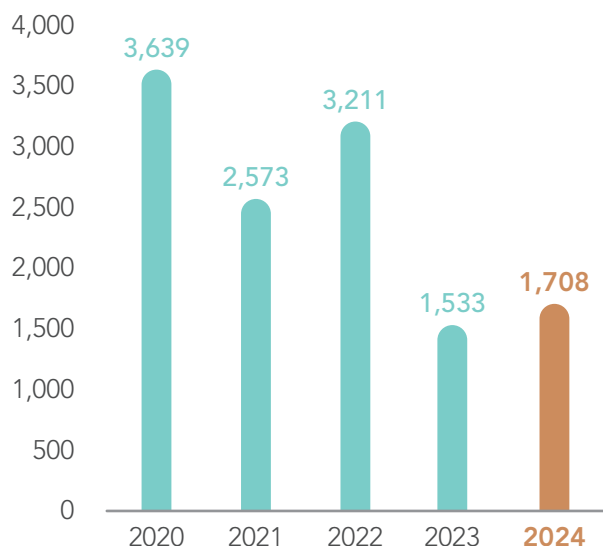
二零二三年

Total assets	總資產	<b>HK\$9,889.9 million</b> <b>9,889.9 百萬港元</b>	HK\$9,746.0 million 9,746.0 百萬港元
Net assets	資產淨值	<b>HK\$4,447.1 million</b> <b>4,447.1 百萬港元</b>	HK\$5,282.7 million 5,282.7 百萬港元
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值	<b>HK\$0.293</b> <b>0.293 港元</b>	HK\$0.35 0.35 港元
Bank gearing ratio	銀行負債比率	<b>73.4%</b>	59.4%

### CONTRACTED SALES

#### 訂約銷售

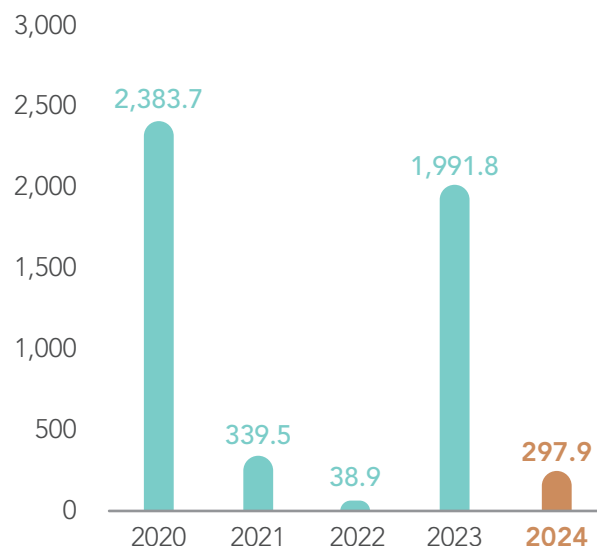
HK\$ million  
百萬港元



### REVENUE

#### 收入

HK\$ million  
百萬港元



# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

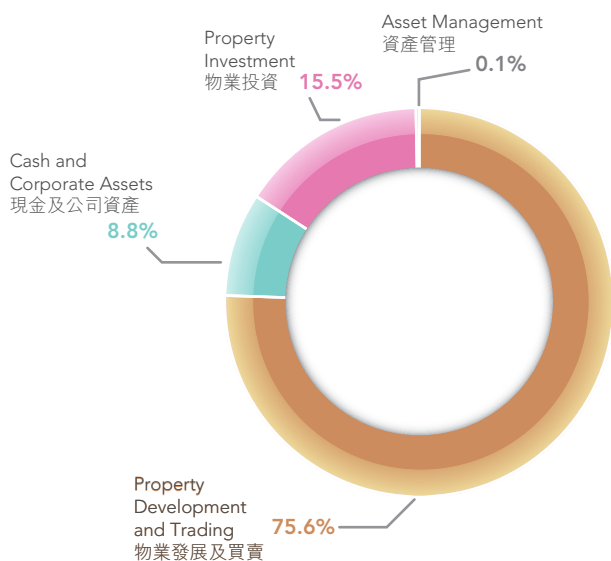
## 財務概要

### ASSETS EMPLOYED

#### 所用資產

As at 31 March 2024

於二零二四年三月三十一日

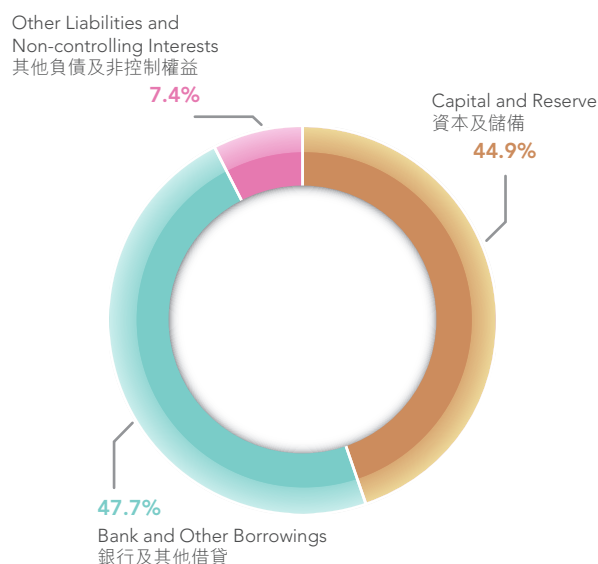


### CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES

#### 資本及負債

As at 31 March 2024

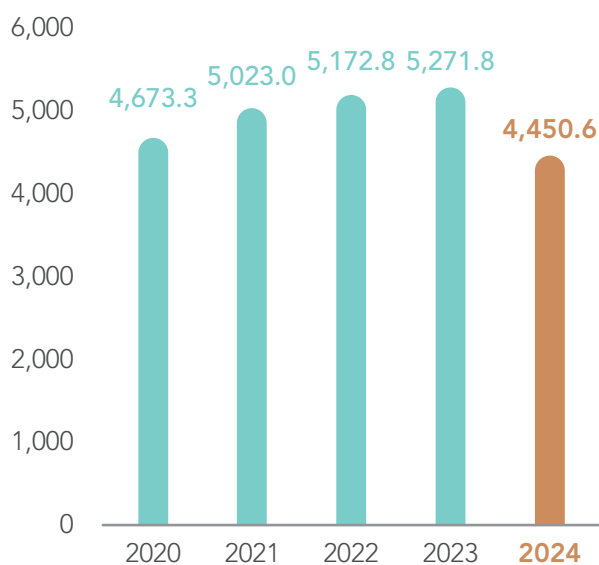
於二零二四年三月三十一日



### EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

#### 母公司擁有人應佔權益

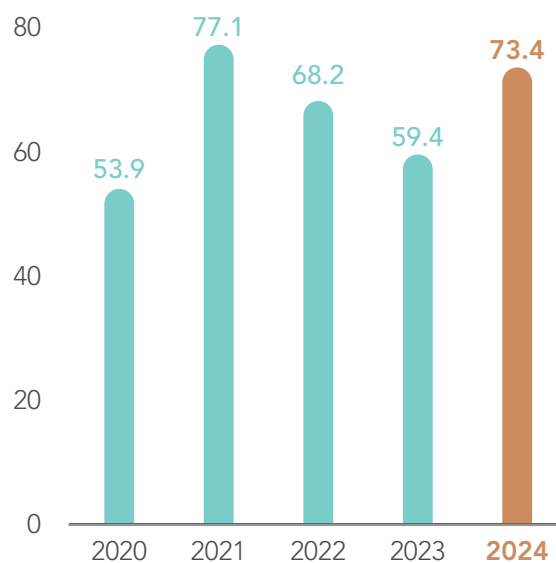
HK\$ million  
百萬港元



### BANK GEARING RATIO

#### 銀行負債比率

%  
百分比







Sunny House Kai Tak  
日新舍啟德

# Chief Executive Officer's Statement

## 行政總裁報告





# Chief Executive Officer's Statement (Continued)

## 行政總裁報告（續）

### DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

On behalf of the board of directors (the “**Board**” or the “**Director(s)**”) of Wang On Properties Limited (the “**Company**” or “**Wang On Properties**”, together with its subsidiaries, the “**Group**”), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 (the “**Year**” or “**Financial Year**”).

### BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

Hong Kong real estate has faced a number of challenges in 2023. The pace of recovery of Hong Kong economy after the relaxation of pandemic restrictions and the re-opening of borders in early 2023 was slower than expected. Higher interest rates have pushed a significant number of investors out of the market. In 2023, the total residential transaction volume declined by 39.4% year-on-year to 45,050 units, based on data from the Land Registry. In addition, the Hang Seng Index (HSI) has declined by 13.8% in 2023, marking the fourth consecutive year of decline. The poor performance of the stock market has further discouraged potential homebuyers from investing in real estate. Despite these adversities, the management team is actively addressing the challenges and implementing strategic initiatives to position the Company for long-term success.

Our company's experienced sales and marketing team has played a crucial role in our success and has helped us navigate challenging market conditions. In January 2024, we launched the pre-sales of Phoenext, a project located at Wong Tai Sin, and within a few months we successfully sold 146 units which represent approximately 63% of total residential units, making it the top-performing pre-sale residential property of the beginning of 2024 in Hong Kong. This achievement showcases our ability to effectively promote and sell properties, even in a competitive market environment. We work diligently to identify innovative sales and marketing techniques, such as offering competitive financing options or adjusting pricing strategies, to attract potential buyers in a higher interest rate environment.

### 致各位股東：

本人謹代表宏安地產有限公司（「**本公司**」或「**宏安地產**」，連同其附屬公司，統稱「**本集團**」）董事（「**董事**」）會（「**董事會**」），欣然提呈本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度（「**本年度**」或「**本財政年度**」）之全年業績。

### 業務發展

香港地產業於二零二三年困難重重。自二零二三年初解除防疫限制及重開口岸後，香港經濟復甦速度較預期慢。利率高企導致大量投資者退出市場。根據土地註冊處的資料，於二零二三年，住宅買賣總量按年下跌39.4%至45,050個單位。其次，恒生指數於二零二三年下跌13.8%，已連續四年呈下降趨勢。股市表現低迷進一步令潛在的物業投資買家卻步。縱使面臨多重難關，管理團隊積極適應市場狀況，並執行策略使本公司能夠長期成長。

本公司經驗豐富的銷售及營銷團隊在我們的成功路上發揮至關重要的作用，並協助我們在複雜的市場應對困難。於二零二四年一月，我們推出黃大仙薈鳴項目，並於數月間成功售出146個單位，佔總住宅單位約63%，成為二零二四年初香港表現首屈一指的預售住宅物業項目。該成就表明我們即使處於競爭激烈的環境，仍能夠有效推廣及銷售物業。我們勤懇尋找創新銷售及營銷技巧，例如提供具競爭力的融資選項或調整定價策略，從而在高息環境吸引潛在買家。

## Chief Executive Officer's Statement (Continued) 行政總裁報告（續）



In early 2024, we successfully sold a house of MOUNT POKFULAM for a total consideration of HK\$333.55 million. MOUNT POKFULAM is a prestigious residential project located at Pok Fu Lam Road, which consists of seven detached houses with saleable areas ranging from 3,654 to 4,810 square feet. Each house has its own private garden, individual parking spaces, an elevator ensuring connectivity from the lower ground floor to the roof and a private swimming pool equipped with a movable platform. The rarity of a new, pure detached house project in the Western Mid-Levels of Hong Kong Island further underscores the project's exceptional value. MOUNT POKFULAM is a completed project with a total gross development value (the "GDV") of approximately HK\$2.0 billion. With the success of the sale of the first house of MOUNT POKFULAM, management is confident that we will be able to sell the remaining houses within the next two years.

Under the higher borrowing cost environment, the Group understands the importance of liquidity and has placed a strong emphasis on deleveraging. We are going to launch three pre-sales of new development projects located in Finnie Street, King's Road and Wai Fung Street to market during the coming year. The total GDV of these projects is estimated at approximately HK\$5.1 billion. The proceeds from these pre-sales will be used directly towards repaying our outstanding bank loans, significantly lowering our gearing ratio in the Group level. Additionally, apart from residential development projects, we are actively selling our commercial investment properties. Since 1 April 2024 till the date of this annual report, we have already sold four commercial investment properties with a total consideration of approximately HK\$85 million. In addition to accelerating the sales of our developing properties and commercial investment properties, the Group is also actively looking for partners in the market to jointly develop our wholly-owned projects. In March 2024, the Group formed a joint venture partnership (the "JV") with a reputable property developer, Chevalier International Holdings Limited, to acquire a property project which is wholly-owned by the Group. The project is located at 18-20 Sze San Street, with a total approved GFA of approximately 292,000 square feet and an estimated GDV of approximately HK\$4.8 billion. It will feature two residential towers and provide approximately 676 residential units, a podium shopping mall, parking spaces, and social welfare facilities, and it is expected to be launched in the market by 2027.

於二零二四年初，我們成功售出MOUNT POKFULAM的一棟洋房，總代價為333,550,000港元。MOUNT POKFULAM為薄扶林的高尚住宅項目，包含七棟獨立式洋房，可銷售面積介乎3,654至4,810平方呎。每棟洋房設有私人花園、獨立車庫、由地庫通往天台的升降機以及帶有可移動平台的私人泳池。該項目作為港島西半山罕見的全新純獨立式洋房項目可進一步突顯其非凡價值。MOUNT POKFULAM為已竣工項目，總發展價值（「總發展價值」）為約20億港元。因應成功售出MOUNT POKFULAM的首棟洋房，管理層充滿信心，我們將能夠在未來兩年內出售全部洋房。

在高借貸成本的環境下，本集團深明流動資金的重要性，並大力強調去槓桿化。我們將於來年向市場推出三個位於芬尼街、英皇道及惠風街的新發展項目預售。該等項目的總發展價值估計約為51億港元。該等預售所得款項將直接用作償還我們的未償還銀行貸款，以大幅降低本集團的資產負債比率。除了住宅開發項目外，我們亦積極出售我們的商業投資物業。自二零二四年四月一日至本年報日期，我們已經售出4個商業投資物業，總代價約85,000,000港元。除了加快銷售本集團的發展中物業及商業投資物業，我們亦積極在市場上尋找合作夥伴，共同開發我們全資擁有的項目。於二零二四年三月，本集團與一間知名地產開發商其士國際集團有限公司成立合營夥伴企業（「合營企業」），以收購一個本集團全資擁有的物業項目。該項目位於四山街18至20號，總規劃建築面積為約292,000平方呎，估計總發展價值則約為48億港元。其將由兩棟住宅大樓組成，提供約676個住宅單位、一個平台購物商場、停車位以及社會福利設施，預期將於二零二七年前在市場上推出。



## Chief Executive Officer's Statement (Continued) 行政總裁報告（續）

Since 2019, the Group has proactively transitioned towards an asset-light business model, by jointly investing in commercial projects and providing asset management services to these projects. The Group will be continuously deploying additional resources to strengthen this business. As of the date of this annual report, the main joint venture partners of the Group include Angelo, Gordon & Co. (“AG”), APG Strategic Real Estate Pool and Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co L.P.. The cooperative projects involve residential, commercial, car-parking and hospitality projects. The total investment value of all these joint venture projects surpasses HK\$3.5 billion which showcasing the Group's ability to leverage its expertise and forge strategic alliances.

In 2022, the Group formed a partnership with AG to acquire Pentahotel Hong Kong, Kowloon. The business plan of the partnership is to provide modern co-living spaces for students and young professionals. The hotel has since been renamed Sunny House Kai Tak and is undergoing renovations, which are expected to be completed by July 2024, and it will open for students and young professionals to rent starting from August 2024. It is anticipated that Sunny House Kai Tak will achieve a high occupancy rate in 2024. In the near future, the Group will allocate additional resources to further develop this business segment with the aim to becoming one of the largest operators of co-living service apartments for university students in Hong Kong.

Overall, our proactive approach to deleveraging, maintaining liquidity, and pursuing strategic joint ventures positions the Company for sustainable growth and success in the current market environment.

自二零一九年起，本集團積極向輕資產業務模式轉型，與資深投資者共同投資商業項目，並向該等項目提供資產管理服務。本集團將持續投放額外資源，從而強化該業務。截至本年報日期，本集團的主要合營夥伴包括Angelo, Gordon & Co.（「AG」）、APG Strategic Real Estate Pool及Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co L.P.。合作的項目包括住宅、商業、停車場及酒店項目。所有該等合營企業項目的總投資價值超過35億港元，展示了本集團運用自身專業知識並建立戰略聯盟的能力。

於二零二二年，本集團與AG合作收購香港九龍貝爾特酒店。此商業合作計劃乃為向學生及青年專業人士提供現代共住空間。該酒店自此已重新命名為日新舍啟德並在進行內部裝修，預計將於二零二四年七月前完成，由二零二四年八月開始將開放予學生及青年專業人士租用。預計日新舍啟德於二零二四年將錄得高入住率。在不久將來，本集團將撥出額外資源以進一步發展此業務板塊，目標成為本港最大的大學生共住服務公寓營運商之一。

整體而言，我們積極主動地減少負債，維持流動性並追求戰略合資企業，使本公司在當前市場環境中處於可持續增長和成功的位置。



### GIVING BACK TO COMMUNITY

With the efforts of the Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Committee established in 2022, we continue to uphold our philosophy “A Passion For Tomorrow” as the key criteria for implementing our ESG strategy during the year. We believe in the importance of ESG to our society and creating value for future generations. The commitment of the Group to ESG has become a core Group mission.

As of the date of this report, the Group has obtained a total of approximately HK\$ 7.2 billion in sustainable development performance-linked loans. This demonstrates that the financial market has fully recognized the Group's efforts in sustainable construction and environmental protection. The Group remains dedicated to incorporating green elements into its project planning and design, offering customers a green lifestyle while creating shared value for stakeholders and the broader community, which is consistent with its approach last year.

Apart from that, the Group also achieved a 4-star rating in GRESB. GRESB is a Netherlands-based company that operates an annual sustainability assessment for standing real estate investments, real estate projects in development, infrastructure funds, and infrastructure assets. The peer group consisted of other well-established property developers. This accreditation from a credibility program shows the efforts of Wang On Properties during the year.

Furthermore, the Group has been honored with the Outstanding ESG Awards (Listed Company) – Gold Award at the ESG Achievement Awards 2022/2023. The award, presented by the Institute of ESG & Benchmark (the “IESGB”) and supported by the Hang Seng Indexes Company, serves as a testament to the Group's unwavering dedication to integrating ESG principles into its business strategies and making a positive impact. This esteemed recognition underscores the Group's significant achievements in environmental protection measures, community investment, sustainability governance practices, and its unwavering commitment to creating long-term value for stakeholders. The Group would like to express its sincere appreciation to the IESGB for acknowledging the Group's endeavors in “Building for the future”. The Group is determined to continue delivering enduring value to its communities.

### 回饋社會

隨著二零二二年成立環境、社會及管治(ESG)委員會，我們始終秉持「見愛•建明天」理念作為我們全年實施ESG策略的主要標準。我們相信ESG對社會及為下一代創造價值的重要性。本集團對ESG的承諾乃本集團的核心使命。

直至本報告日期，本集團共取得約72億港元與可持續發展表現掛鈎的貸款，可見金融市場充分認可本集團於可持續建設及環保的努力。本集團致力在項目規劃及設計融入綠色元素，延續往年方針為客戶提供綠色的生活方式，並為持份者及廣大社群創造共享價值。

除此之外，本集團亦於GRESB評級達到四星。GRESB為一間荷蘭公司，每年對常設房地產投資、開發中的房地產項目、基礎設施基金及基礎設施資產進行可持續發展評估。同行包括其他知名地產開發商。該信譽計劃的認證顯示宏安地產於過去一年的努力。

其次，本集團在環境、社會及企業管治成就大獎2022/2023榮獲傑出環境、社會、企業管治大獎(上市公司)金獎。該獎項由環境社會及企業管治基準學會(「IESGB」)頒發並由恒生指數有限公司贊助，其證明本集團將環境、社會及企業管治原則納入其業務戰略並創造積極影響的堅定決心。該殊榮彰顯本集團在環保措施、社區投資、可持續發展管治實踐等方面取得的重大成就，亦表明本集團為持份者創造長期價值的堅定承諾。本集團誠摯感謝IESGB認可本集團對「建設未來」的努力。本集團堅決繼續為社區帶來長期價值。





## Chief Executive Officer's Statement (Continued) 行政總裁報告（續）

I would like to extend our heartfelt gratitude to all our colleagues and partners who have accompanied us on our sustainability journey. Your unwavering support and invaluable contributions have been instrumental in our pursuit of excellence in ESG. As we move forward, the Group remains steadfast in our commitment to delivering enduring benefits to the communities we serve. With the continued dedication of our team and the partnership of our stakeholders, I am confident that we will build an even brighter and more sustainable future.

### OUTLOOK

In line with our commitment to provide high-quality properties to our valuable customers, the Group remains dedicated to incorporating ingenious designs and leveraging increasingly mature technologies in our residential projects. We recognize the evolving needs and preferences of modern buyers, and as such, we will continue to focus on designing and integrating smart home facilities. By embracing innovation, we aim to enhance the quality of life for our valued buyers, providing them with homes that are at the forefront of convenience and comfort.

Looking forward, the Group will persist in collaborating with experienced investors to expand our asset management business. The Group aims to tap into new opportunities and broaden its investment portfolio. This approach will not only enhance our competitive edge but also ensure the long-term sustainability and growth of the Group.

本人謹此衷心感謝所有陪伴我們為可持續發展努力的同事及合作夥伴，彼等堅定不移的支持及寶貴貢獻助力我們在ESG方面取得卓越成就。展望未來，本集團始終努力不懈為我們所服務的社區創造持久利益。憑藉我們團隊的持續奉獻以及持份者的通力合作，我相信我們將創造一個更加光明及可持續發展的未來。

### 展望

為履行本集團為尊貴客戶提供高品質物業的承諾，我們始終用心在住宅項目融入獨具匠心的設計，並且應用日益成熟的技術。我們深知現代買家的需求及喜好不斷變化，故此，我們將繼續專注於打造融合智能家居設施。透過不斷創新，我們全力為尊貴的買家提高生活質量，提供十足便利及舒適的住宅。

展望未來，本集團將始終如一與資深投資者合作，從而拓展我們的資產管理業務。本集團旨在發掘新機遇，擴大其投資組合。此舉不僅能夠提高我們的競爭力，亦能確保本集團的長期可持續發展及增長。



## APPRECIATION

Despite the challenging business environment, the Group has remained dedicated to its core real estate business. Moving forward, the Group will prioritise the development of asset-light management strategies that focus on and leverage the Group's core capabilities and aim to generate maximum profits and shareholder value that benefits all partners involved. Last but not least, I would like to sincerely thank all business partners, customers and stakeholders of Wang On Properties for their strong support, while extending my heartfelt appreciation to all staff for their dedicated efforts and devoted service.

**Tang Ho Hong**

*Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer*  
Hong Kong, 26 June 2024

## 鳴謝

儘管營商環境充滿挑戰，本集團始終致力發展核心房地產業務。本集團未來將優先關注發展輕資產管理戰略，注重並利用本集團的核心能力，旨在為所有相關業務夥伴創造最大利益及股東價值。最後，本人由衷感謝宏安地產所有業務夥伴、客戶及持份者的鼎力支持，同時亦對全體員工的不懈努力和竭誠投入致以衷心致謝。

執行董事及行政總裁

**鄧灝康**

香港，二零二四年六月二十六日





MOUNT POKFULAM

# *Management Discussion and Analysis*

## 管理層討論及分析





### FINANCIAL RESULTS

#### Revenue

The Group's revenue consists of revenue derived from (i) sale of the Group's properties; (ii) fees from asset management services; and (iii) rental income from property leasing. The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's revenue and the percentage of total revenue for the financial years indicated:

		For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度			
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	%	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	%
Sales of properties	出售物業	258,613	87	1,971,145	99
Asset management fees	資產管理費用	36,216	12	17,011	1
Rental income	租金收入	3,065	1	3,684	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>297,894</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,991,840</b>	<b>100</b>

For the Financial Year, the Group's revenue amounted to approximately HK\$297.9 million (2023: approximately HK\$1,991.8 million). The decrease was mainly due to the decrease in sales and delivery of completed residential projects during the Financial Year.

#### - Sales of properties

Revenue derived from sale of properties decreased substantially by approximately 86.9% from approximately HK\$1,971.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2023 to approximately HK\$258.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. The decrease was primarily due to the decrease in the total GFA sold and delivered during the Financial Year as there was no new project completed during this Financial Year but compared with last financial year, there were 2 projects completed and delivered.

### 財務業績

#### 收入

本集團之收入包括來自以下各項之收入：(i) 銷售本集團物業；(ii) 資產管理服務費用；及 (iii) 物業租賃租金收入。下表載列本集團收益細分及佔以下所示財政年度總收益之百分比：

於本財政年度，本集團之收入約為297,900,000港元（二零二三年：約1,991,800,000港元）。該減少主要由於本財政年度內銷售及交付之已竣工住宅項目減少。

#### - 出售物業

來自出售物業之收入由截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度的約1,971,100,000港元大幅減少約86.9%至截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的約258,600,000港元。該減少的主要原因是本財政年度沒有新項目竣工導致本財政年度售出並交付的總樓面面積減少，但上一個財政年度卻有兩個項目竣工並交付。

## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

### - Asset management fees

Revenue derived from asset management services increased substantially by approximately 112.9% from approximately HK\$17.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2023 to approximately HK\$36.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. The increase was mainly due to the recognition of an one-off acquisition fee derived from a newly acquired project co-invested with joint venture partner, please refer to "Hospitality" section for details.

### - Rental income

The Group earns rental income from its investment properties portfolio which remained stable for both years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.

### - 資產管理費用

來自資產管理服務的收入由截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度的約 17,000,000 港元大幅增加約 112.9% 至截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的約 36,200,000 港元。該增加主要是由於確認了一次性收購費用（乃來自與合營夥伴共同投資的新收購項目），詳情請參閱「酒店」一節。

### - 租金收入

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日止兩個年度，本集團從投資物業組合中賺取的租金收入保持穩定。



Phoentx 薈鳴

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)



### Gross profit

Gross profit decreased from approximately HK\$329.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2023 to approximately HK\$73.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2024, which represented a decrease of approximately 77.7%. The decrease was primarily due to the significant decrease in revenue generated from the sale of properties which used to be the Group's major profit contributor.

### Other income and gains

The Group had a net gain of approximately HK\$59.4 million for other income and gains for the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: approximately HK\$93.5 million). The net gain in the Financial Year was mainly attributable to debts investments and financial assets interest income of approximately HK\$16.1 million (2023: approximately HK\$23.4 million), interest income from bank deposits of approximately HK\$9.6 million (2023: approximately HK\$13.8 million) and forfeited deposit of approximately HK\$1.6 million (2023: approximately HK\$12.0 million).

### Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses primarily consisted of commissions, advertising and promotional expenses.

Selling and distribution expenses for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$83.7 million (2023: approximately HK\$179.5 million), representing a decrease of approximately 53.4%. The decrease was primarily due to the fact that there were less sales activities carried out in the Financial Year due to the poor local property market environment. As a result, the Group's commission expense was reduced substantially which was in line with the decrease in sale of properties.

### 毛利

毛利由截至二零二三年三月三十一日年度的約329,600,000港元減少至截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的約73,600,000港元，減少約77.7%。該減少的主要原因是銷售物業產生的收入大幅減少，而銷售物業曾是本集團的主要溢利來源。

### 其他收入及收益

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團其他收入及收益的收益淨額達約59,400,000港元（二零二三年：約93,500,000港元）。本財政年度的收益淨額主要來自債務投資及金融資產利息收入約16,100,000港元（二零二三年：約23,400,000港元）、銀行存款利息收入約9,600,000港元（二零二三年：約13,800,000港元）及沒收按金約1,600,000港元（二零二三年：約12,000,000港元）。

### 銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支主要包括佣金、廣告及推廣開支。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，銷售及分銷開支約為83,700,000港元（二零二三年：約179,500,000港元），減少約53.4%。該減少主要由於本地物業市場環境疲弱，導致本財政年度進行之銷售活動減少所致。因此，本集團之佣金開支大幅減少，與物業銷售減幅一致。



## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses primarily included staff salaries and benefits, donation, depreciation expenses, office expenses, traveling expenses, professional fees, utilities and building management fee. Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$104.7 million (2023: approximately HK\$108.2 million), representing a decrease of approximately 3.2% as compared to last financial year. During the Financial Year, the Group continued to maintain tight cost control policy and as a result, it was able to further reduce its overall administrative expenses.

#### Other expenses

Other expenses of approximately HK\$60.4 million was noted for the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: approximately HK\$21.0 million), as there was a loss of disposal of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income amounted to approximately HK\$60.0 million recorded during the Financial Year.

#### Finance costs

Finance costs consisted primarily of interest expenses on borrowings and lease liabilities net of capitalised finance costs. Finance costs amounted to approximately HK\$181.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$126.8 million). The increment was mainly due to the increase in the average cost of borrowings. During the Financial Year, the average cost of bank borrowings increased from approximately 4.9% as at 31 March 2023 to approximately 6.6% as at 31 March 2024.

#### Share of profits of joint ventures

Share of profits of joint ventures for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$262.5 million (2023: approximately HK\$316.8 million), the decrease was mainly due to the fact that there was a share of losses from write-down of properties under development on certain residential projects held by joint ventures amounted to approximately HK\$87.2 million (2023: Nil) during the Financial Year.

#### 行政開支

行政開支主要包括員工薪酬及福利、捐贈、折舊開支、辦公室開支、差旅費、專業費用、水電費及樓宇管理費。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，行政開支約為104,700,000港元（二零二三年：約108,200,000港元），較上一個財政年度減少約3.2%。於本財政年度，本集團繼續落實嚴格成本控制政策，因此，其能夠進一步減少整體行政開支。

#### 其他開支

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，知悉其他開支約60,400,000港元（二零二三年：約21,000,000港元），乃由於本財政年度錄得按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資出售虧損約60,000,000港元。

#### 融資成本

融資成本主要包括借貸及租賃負債利息開支（扣除資本化融資成本）。融資成本約為181,000,000港元（二零二三年：約126,800,000港元）。該增加主要由於平均借貸成本增加所致。於本財政年度，銀行借貸平均成本由二零二三年三月三十一日之約4.9%增加至二零二四年三月三十一日之約6.6%。

#### 應佔合營企業之溢利

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，應佔合營企業之溢利約為262,500,000港元（二零二三年：約316,800,000港元），減少的主要原因是於本財政年度就合營企業所持之若干住宅項目的應佔發展中物業撇減之虧損約為87,200,000港元（二零二三年：無）。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)



### Write-down of properties under development

Write-down of properties under development for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$692.4 million (2023: approximately HK\$25.6 million). This substantial increase was caused by continuous downturn in the real estate market of Hong Kong, which resulted in a reduction in the residual value of the Group's properties under development.

### Loss attributable to owners of the parents

The Group recorded a loss of approximately HK\$733.3 million (2023: a profit of approximately HK\$211.1 million) attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 March 2024. By excluding the non-cash items and non-recurring items, namely write-down of properties under development and properties held for sale, loss on disposal/redemption of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, fair value changes on investment properties and financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses on financial assets, the core profit attributable to owners of the parents for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$28.3 million (2023: approximately HK\$318.6 million).

## DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2023: a final dividend of HK0.69 cent per ordinary share) for the year ended 31 March 2024. No interim dividend was declared for the six months ended 30 September 2023 (30 September 2022: Nil).

## BUSINESS REVIEW

### Property Development

#### Contracted sales

The Group and its joint ventures currently have 6 residential projects for sale. For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group and its joint ventures achieved total contracted sales value and contracted sales area of approximately HK\$1,708 million (2023: approximately HK\$1,533 million) and approximately 75,750 square feet (2023: approximately 61,557 square feet) respectively.

### 發展中物業之撇減

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，發展中物業之撇減約為692,400,000港元（二零二三年：約25,600,000港元）。該大幅增加乃由於香港房地產市場持續低迷，導致本集團發展中物業之剩餘價值減少。

### 母公司擁有人應佔虧損

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得母公司擁有人應佔虧損733,300,000港元（二零二三年：溢利約211,100,000港元）。透過剔除非現金項目及非經常性項目（即發展中物業及持作出售物業之撇減、出售／贖回按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之虧損、投資物業、按公平值計入損益之金融資產及負債之公平值變動以及金融資產減值虧損），母公司擁有人應佔的核心溢利於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度為約28,300,000港元（二零二三年：約318,600,000港元）。

## 股息

董事會並不建議就截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度派付末期股息（二零二三年：末期股息每股普通股0.69港仙）。截至二零二三年九月三十日止六個月，並無宣派中期股息（二零二二年九月三十日：無）。

## 業務回顧

### 物業發展

#### 訂約銷售

本集團及其合營企業目前有6個待售項目。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團及其合營企業分別實現訂約銷售總額及訂約銷售面積約1,708,000,000港元（二零二三年：約1,533,000,000港元）及約75,750平方呎（二零二三年：約61,557平方呎）。





## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### 管理層討論及分析 (續)

For this Financial Year, contracted sales were mainly contributed by two projects, namely Altissimo and Phoenext. Altissimo, a project which the Group owns 40% equity interests, is located at Ma On Shan. The Group achieved a contracted sale of approximately HK\$860 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. As at the date of this report, 544 of the 547 units have been sold and the aggregate sales proceeds amounted to approximately HK\$7.2 billion. Phoenext, which is located in Ming Fung Street, Kowloon, is one of the six projects with joint venture company APG Strategic Real Estate Pool (“APG JV”) and the Group owns 50% equity interest in APG JV. The Group has launched pre-sales of this project in January 2024. As at the date of this report, 146 units out of the 230 units have been sold and the aggregate sales proceeds amounted to approximately HK\$703.9 million.

#### Projects completed during the Financial Year and up to the date of this report

The Group has obtained the completion certificates of MOUNT POKFULAM in March 2024, and obtained occupation permits of Larchwood in June 2024. As at the date of this report, these two projects have already achieved a total contracted sales of approximately HK\$951.2 million which will be recognised as revenue in the financial year ending 31 March 2025.

#### New land acquired during the Financial Year

In May 2023, the Group has completed the acquisition of the site located at Nos. 18-20 Sze Shan Street, Yau Tong (“**Sze Shan Street Project**”) and the total costs amounted to approximately HK\$940.6 million. The total site area is approximately 41,700 square feet and it is planned to be redeveloped into a residential project with commercial spaces.

In June 2023, the Group has successfully acquired a site located at Nos. 3-9 Finnie Street, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong for HK\$412 million. The total site area is approximately 4,200 square feet and it is planned to be redeveloped into a residential project with commercial spaces.

於本財政年度，訂約銷售額主要來自兩個項目，即Altissimo泓碧和Phoenext蒼鳴。Altissimo泓碧位於馬鞍山，本集團擁有其40%股權之項目。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團實現訂約銷售額約860,000,000港元。於本報告日期，547個單位中，544個單位已售出，總銷售所得款項約為7,200,000,000港元。Phoenext蒼鳴位於九龍鳴鳳街，是與合營企業公司APG Strategic Real Estate Pool(「APG合資企業」)合作的六個項目之一，而本集團於APG合資企業擁有50%權益。本集團已於二零二四年一月推出該項目的預售。於本報告日期，230個單位中，146個單位已售出，總銷售所得款項約為703,900,000港元。

#### 本財政年度及截至本報告日期之已竣工項目

本集團已於二零二四年三月取得MOUNT POKFULAM的竣工證書，並於二零二四年六月取得Larchwood的入伙許可證。於本報告日期，該兩個項目已實現訂約銷售總額約951,200,000港元，該金額將確認為截至二零二五年三月三十一日止財政年度之收入。

#### 於本財政年度收購之新土地

於二零二三年五月，本集團已完成收購位於油塘四山街18-20號之地盤(「四山街項目」)，總成本約為約940,600,000港元。總地盤面積約為41,700平方呎，計劃被重新發展為商住項目。

於二零二三年六月，本集團成功以412,000,000港元收購位於香港鰂魚涌芬尼街3-9號的地盤。總地盤面積約為4,200平方呎。該地盤計劃被重新發展為商住項目。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)



In November 2023, the Group has completed the consolidation of the ownership of an urban redevelopment project through compulsory sales. The project is located at Nos. 17-23 Ap Lei Chau Main Street, 7-9 Ping Lan Street and 37-39 Shan Shi Street. The total site area is approximately 6,600 square feet and it is planned to be redeveloped into a residential project with commercial spaces.

### Formation of a new joint venture

During the Financial Year, the Group has formed a joint venture partnership with a reputable property developer, Chevalier International Holdings Limited, to acquire the Sze Shan Street Project. Upon completion of the transaction, the Group will own 50% equity interests of the Sze Shan Street Project. As at the date of this report, the transaction has not been completed.

### Revenue

Revenue recognised in this business segment during the Financial Year amounted to approximately HK\$258.6 million (2023: approximately HK\$1,971.1 million) which was mainly attributable to the sales of remaining units of “The Met. Azure” project and “LADDER Dundas” project.

The Met. Azure project is located at the junction of Liu To Road and Hang Mei Street, Tsing Yi (Tsing Yi Town Lot No. 192). As the latest project of “The Met.” series, it was launched in August 2021. All residential units were sold out as at the date of this report and the total sales proceeds amounted to approximately HK\$1.6 billion.

In July 2022, the Group has launched the sales of “LADDER Dundas”, the own-developed Ginza-style commercial property. Situated on 575 Nathan Road within Kowloon’s Yau Tsim Mong district, LADDER Dundas is a 19-storey building in the heart of visitor flow and consuming power. As at the date of this report, all 19 floors were sold and the sales proceeds amounted to approximately HK\$616.9 million.

於二零二三年十一月，本集團透過強制售賣方式完成整合市區重建計劃的業權。該項目位於鴨脷洲大街17-23號、平瀾街7-9號及新市街37-39號。總地盤面積約為6,600平方呎，計劃被重新發展為商住項目。

### 成立新合資企業

於本財政年度，本集團與著名物業開發商其士國際集團有限公司成立合資企業夥伴關係，以收購四山街項目。交易完成後，本集團將擁有四山街項目的50%股權。於本報告日期，交易尚未完成。

### 收益

於本財政年度內該業務分部確認收益約258,600,000港元（二零二三年：約1,971,100,000港元），乃主要來自銷售「薈藍」項目及「LADDER Dundas」項目餘下之單位。

薈藍項目位於青衣寮肚路與亨美街交界（青衣市地段第192號）。作為「The Met.」系列的最新項目，其已於二零二一年八月推出市場。於本報告日期，所有住宅單位已售出，總銷售所得款項約為1,600,000,000港元。

於二零二二年七月，本集團開始發售自行開發的銀座式商業物業「LADDER Dundas」。19層高的「LADDER Dundas」位於九龍油尖旺區人流及消費力的匯聚處。於本報告日期，19層已全部售出，銷售所得款項約為616,900,000港元。



## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### 管理層討論及分析（續）

#### Land bank of the Group

As at the date of this report, the Group has a total gross floor area of land bank of approximately 953,200 square feet, including approximately 464,000 square feet of properties under development, of which approximately 42,000 square feet was sold under pre-sales during the Year by APG JV. The following table sets forth an overview of the Group's property projects as at the date of this report:

#### 本集團之土地儲備

於本報告日期，本集團擁有土地儲備的總樓面面積約953,200平方呎，包括發展中物業約464,000平方呎，其中約42,000平方呎已於本年度由APG合資企業預售。下表載列於本報告日期本集團之物業項目概覽：

Location	Approximate site area	Approximate gross floor area	Intended usage	Anticipated year of completion	Interest attributable to the Group	Total unsold saleable floor area
地點	概約地盤面積 (sq.ft) (平方呎)	概約總建築面積 (sq.ft) (平方呎)	擬定用途	預期竣工年度	本集團應佔權益	未售實用建築面積總額 (平方呎)
Nos. 86A-86G Pokfulam Road ("MOUNT POKFULAM") 薄扶林道86A-86G號(「MOUNT POKFULAM」)	28,500	28,500	Residential 住宅	Completed 竣工	70%	26,200
Nos. 50-62 Larch Street and Nos. 6-8 Lime Street, Tai Kok Tsui ("Larchwood") 大角咀洋松街50-62號及菩提街6-8號(「Larchwood」)	6,800	61,500	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2024 二零二四年	100%	25,000
Nos. 120 -130 Main Street, Ap Lei Chau # 鴨脷洲大街120-130號#	7,200	74,200	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	50%	64,000
Nos. 34 and 36 Main Street and Nos. 5, 7 & 9 Wai Fung Street, Ap Lei Chau # 鴨脷洲大街34及36號以及惠風街5、7及9號#	4,100	38,600	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	50%	30,000
Nos. 26-48 Ming Fung Street, Wong Tai Sin # ("Phoenext") 黃大仙鳴鳳街26-48號#(「蒼鳴」)	9,600	81,200	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	50%	28,000
Nos. 31-41 & 45 Fei Fung Street, Wong Tai Sin # 黃大仙飛鳳街31-41及45號#	10,400	93,700	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	50%	80,000

## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)



Location	Approximate site area	Approximate gross floor area	Intended usage	Anticipated year of completion	Interest attributable to the Group	Total unsold saleable floor area
地點	概約地盤面積 (sq.ft) (平方呎)	概約總建築面積 (sq.ft) (平方呎)	擬定用途	預期竣工年度	本集團應佔權益	未售實用建築面積總額 (sq.ft) (平方呎)
Nos. 12-16, 18-20, 22 and 24 Ting Yip Street, Ngau Tau Kok # 牛頭角定業街12-16、18-20、22及24號 #	5,200	46,300	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	50%	38,000
Nos. 101 and 111, King's Road, Fortress Hill # 炮台山英皇道101及111號 #	12,400	130,000	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2026 二零二六年	50%	116,000
Nos. 3-9 Finnie Street, Quarry Bay 鰗魚涌芬尼街3-9號	4,200	39,100	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2026 二零二六年	100%	31,000
Nos. 17-23 Ap Lei Chau Main Street, 7-9 Ping Lan Street and 37-39 Shan Shi Street, Ap Lei Chau 鴨洲洲大街17-23號、平瀾街7-9號及新市街37-39號	6,600	68,100	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2027 二零二七年	100%	58,000
Nos. 18-20 Sze Shan Street, Yau Tong 油塘四山街18-20號	41,700	292,000	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2028 二零二八年	100%	276,000
<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b>	<b>136,700</b>	<b>953,200</b>				<b>772,200</b>

# The Group has been engaged as the asset manager for the projects.

# 本集團已獲委聘為該等項目之資產管理人。

The Group is always exploring different channels to increase its land banks as and when suitable opportunities arise. Apart from its engagement in public tenders, the Group also actively worked on old building acquisitions, to provide stable land resource for future development.

本集團一直在適當機會出現時尋找不同渠道增加土地儲備。除參與公開招標外，本集團亦積極進行舊樓收購，為未來發展提供穩定的土地資源。



## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### Property Investment

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's portfolio of wholly-owned investment properties comprised of commercial units located in Hong Kong with a total carrying value of approximately HK\$71.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$147.0 million). The decrease in total carrying value was mainly attributable to the disposal of two investment properties during the Financial Year.

The Group's gross rental income during the Financial Year, inclusive of contributions from joint ventures, amounted to approximately HK\$157.5 million (2023: approximately HK\$119.6 million), representing an increase of approximately 31.7%. The increase in gross rental income was primarily attributable to the new acquisition of a leasing property and improvement in the occupancy rate of the investment properties during the Financial Year.

As at the date of this report, the Group's investment properties portfolio, including joint ventures, has a total asset value of not less than HK\$6.2 billion. Please refer to below for details of investment properties portfolio.

#### 物業投資

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團全資擁有之投資物業組合包括位於香港之商用單位，賬面總值約為71,000,000港元（二零二三年：約147,000,000港元）。賬面總值減少主要由於本財政年度出售兩項投資物業所致。

本集團於本財政年度的總租金收入（包括來自合營企業之貢獻）約為157,500,000港元（二零二三年：約119,600,000港元），增幅約為31.7%。總租金收入的增加主要由於本財政年度新收購租賃物業，以及投資物業出租率改善所致。

於本報告日期，本集團投資物業組合（包括合資企業）的資產總值不少於6,200,000,000港元。請參閱下列投資物業組合的詳情。

Property 物業	Approximate saleable area/ leasing unit 概約實用 面積／租賃單位	Acquired in 於以下 年度收購	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Occupancy rate 出租率
The Parkside <sup>#</sup>	35,300 sq.ft 35,300平方呎	2019 二零一九年	50%	97%
Lake Silver <sup>#</sup> 銀湖•天峰 <sup>#</sup>	31,400 sq.ft 31,400平方呎	2019 二零一九年	50%	100%
Shop in Cheung Sha Wan Road 長沙灣道店舖	3,900 sq.ft 3,900平方呎	2020 二零二零年	100%	100%
2 Shops in Electric Road 電氣道2間店舖	800 sq.ft 800平方呎	2021 二零二一年	100%	100%
Parkville <sup>#</sup> 天生樓 <sup>#</sup>	10,000 sq.ft 10,000平方呎	2021 二零二一年	64%	100%
Jumbo Court <sup>#</sup>	509 car parking spaces	2021	50%	100%
珍寶閣 <sup>#</sup>	509個停車位	二零二一年		
Sunny House Kai Tak <sup>@#</sup> 日新舍啟德 <sup>@#</sup>	1,424 beds <sup>@</sup> 1,424張床位 <sup>@</sup>	2023 二零二三年	35%	under renovation 翻新中

## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)



⊗ The name was rebranded from “Pentahotel Hong Kong, Kowloon” to “Sunny House Kai Tak” during the Financial Year. The property is under renovation as at the date of this report, and it is estimated that 1,424 beds will be provided to the market after completion of renovation in July 2024.

# The Group has been engaged as the asset manager in the projects.

The Group’s portfolio of investment properties comprised of 2 wholly-owned commercial properties and 5 projects partnered with global private equity funds, including Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. L.P. and Angelo, Gordon & Co., L.P. (“**AG**”), and individual investors with stakes ranging from 35% to 64%. As at the date of this report, the overall occupancy rate of the Group’s investment properties are over 97%, except for Sunny House Kai Tak, which is undergoing renovation and is expected to reopen in the third quarter of 2024.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group entered into the sale and purchase agreements with several independent investors to dispose of 5 shops on the ground floor of Parkville, for an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$87.5 million. A profit of approximately HK\$2.8 million has been recognised from these disposals through “Share of profits and losses of joint ventures”.

In September 2023, two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company entered into the sale and purchase agreements with a wholly-owned subsidiary of Wai Yuen Tong Medicine Holdings Limited (“**WYT**”), a fellow subsidiary of the Company, to sell the entire issued share capital and shareholder’s loans of two property holding companies for an aggregate initial consideration of HK\$78.8 million. Completion of the disposals took place on 25 October 2023 and 15 November 2023, respectively. Please refer to the joint announcement of the Company and WYT dated 8 September 2023 and the circular of the Company dated 29 September 2023 for further details.

⊗ 該物業於本財政年度由「香港九龍貝爾特酒店」重新命名為「日新舍啟德」。於本報告日期，該物業現正進行翻新，預計將會於二零二四年七月竣工，並為市場提供1,424張床位。

# 本集團已獲委聘為該等項目之資產管理人。

本集團之投資物業組合包括兩項全資擁有的商用物業，及持股35%至64%的與全球私募股權基金（包括Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. L.P.及Angelo, Gordon & Co., L.P.（「**AG**」）以及個人投資者合作的5個項目。於本報告日期，除「日新舍啟德」正進行翻新並預期將於二零二四年第三季度重開外，本集團投資物業之整體出租率超過97%。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團與若干獨立投資者訂立買賣協議，出售天生樓地下之5間商舖，總代價為約87,500,000港元。該等出售之溢利約2,800,000港元已於「應佔合營企業之溢利及虧損」確認。

於二零二三年九月，本公司兩間全資附屬公司與本公司同系附屬公司位元堂藥業控股有限公司（「**位元堂**」）之一間全資附屬公司訂立買賣協議，以出售兩間物業控股公司之全部已發行股本及股東貸款，初步總代價為78,800,000港元。該等出售已分別於二零二三年十月二十五日及二零二三年十一月十五日完成。進一步詳情請參閱本公司及位元堂日期為二零二三年九月八日之聯合公佈以及本公司日期為二零二三年九月二十九日之通函。



## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

### Asset Management

The Group has formed joint ventures with different strategic partners in both residential developments and commercial investments. By leveraging the resources and networks in Hong Kong market, the Group also manages the assets on behalf of the capital partners.

As the asset manager of the invested assets, the Group earns fee incomes, including asset management fees, acquisition fees, development fees and leasing fees, as well as promote fees upon reaching or exceeding certain target internal rate of return and after the Group's joint venture partners have received their targeted capital returns.

For further details of the residential and commercial properties of which the Group has been engaged as asset manager, please refer to the above sections of "Property Development" and "Property Investment".

### Hospitality

In December 2022, the Group has formed a new joint venture with AG for the acquisition and operation of the property located at No. 19 Luk Hop Street, Kowloon, Hong Kong, including the hotel building currently erected thereon formerly known as "Pentahotel Hong Kong, Kowloon". The property is rebranded as "Sunny House Kai Tak" and will be redeveloped as student accommodation upon the completion of renovation and is expected to offer 720 rooms with total number of 1,424 beds to the market. As at the date of this report, the property is undergoing renovation and is planned to reopen in the third quarter of 2024.

By utilizing the Group's expertise in asset management and further expansion of the expertise to hospitality sector, it would seek to secure its asset management income and explore strategic expansion opportunities for additional recurring income.

### 資產管理

本集團與不同的戰略夥伴在住宅發展及商業投資方面組成合資企業。通過利用香港市場的資源及網絡，本集團亦代表資本夥伴管理資產。

作為所投資資產的資產管理人，本集團賺取費用收入，包括資產管理費、收購費、發展費及租賃費，以及在達到或超過若干目標內部回報率及本集團的合資夥伴獲得目標資本回報後的推廣費。

有關本集團獲委聘為資產管理人之住宅及商業物業之進一步詳情，請參閱上述「物業發展」及「物業投資」各節。

### 酒店

於二零二二年十二月，本集團與AG成立新合營企業，以收購及經營位於香港九龍六合街19號的物業，包括目前建於其上且前稱為「香港九龍貝爾特酒店」的酒店大樓。該物業重新命名為「日新舍啟德」，翻新完成後將重新開發為學生宿舍，預計將向市場提供720間房，合共1,424張床位。於本報告日期，該物業現正進行翻新，計劃於二零二四年第三季度重開。

本集團利用資產管理的專業知識及將專業知識進一步擴展至酒店分部，藉此保障資產管理收入，並探索策略性擴大額外經常性收入的機會。



# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)



### Property Management

The Group started the property management business in 2017. As at the date of this report, the Group manages 7 projects. The pricing model of the management fee charged by the Group is based on a proportion of the total annual expenses incurred by respective buildings, providing a fair and transparent pricing structure. In the near future, due to an increase in the delivery of project of "The Met" series, the Group anticipates an expansion in the property management business. The Group will continue to invest in a professional property management team and advanced management technology to deliver high-quality services and meet customer demands.

### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's total assets less current liabilities were approximately HK\$6,014.3 million (2023: approximately HK\$7,327.3 million) and the current ratio was approximately 1.4 times (2023: approximately 1.5 times). As at 31 March 2024, the Group had cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$722.7 million (2023: approximately HK\$869.2 million).

Aggregate bank borrowings as at 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$3,988.7 million (2023: approximately HK\$3,999.1 million). The bank gearing ratio was approximately 73.4% (2023: approximately 59.4%), calculated by reference to the Group's total bank borrowings net of cash and bank balances and the equity attributable to owners of the parent. As at 31 March 2024, the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties, properties under development and properties held for sales, with carrying value of approximately HK\$74.9 million, HK\$71 million, HK\$2,168.7 million and HK\$1,659.7 million, respectively (2023: approximately HK\$78.1 million, HK\$147.0 million, HK\$4,187.6 million and HK\$123.5 million, respectively) were pledged to secure the Group's general banking facilities.

### 物業管理

本集團於二零一七年開展物業管理業務。於本報告日期，本集團管理7個項目。本集團所收取之管理費之定價模式乃基於各樓宇產生之部分總年度開支，提供公平透明的定價架構。未來，由於「The Met」系列項目交付量增加，本集團預期物業管理業務將有所擴張。本集團將繼續投資於專業物業管理團隊及先進管理技術，提供優質服務，滿足客戶需求。

### 流動資金及財務資源

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團之總資產減流動負債約為6,014,300,000港元（二零二三年：約7,327,300,000港元），而流動比率則約為1.4倍（二零二三年：約1.5倍）。於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團之現金及銀行結餘約為722,700,000港元（二零二三年：約869,200,000港元）。

於二零二四年三月三十一日之總銀行借貸約為3,988,700,000港元（二零二三年：約3,999,100,000港元）。銀行負債比率約為73.4%（二零二三年：約59.4%），此乃經參考扣除現金及銀行結餘後之本集團銀行借貸總額以及母公司擁有人應佔權益計算。於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團賬面值分別約74,900,000港元、71,000,000港元、2,168,700,000港元及1,659,700,000港元（二零二三年：分別約78,100,000港元、147,000,000港元、4,187,600,000港元及123,500,000港元）之物業、廠房及設備、投資物業、發展中物業及持作出售物業已作抵押，作為本集團一般銀行融資之擔保。





## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### 管理層討論及分析 (續)

The Group's contractual commitment as at 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$1,573.5 million (2023: approximately HK\$1,121.8 million). In addition, the Group's share of joint ventures' own contractual commitments amounted to approximately HK\$548.3 million (2023: approximately HK\$110.9 million). The Group has given guarantee to banks in connection with facilities granted to two joint ventures up to approximately HK\$370.4 million (2023: approximately HK\$450.8 million) and were utilized to the extent of approximately HK\$301.3 million as at 31 March 2024 (2023: approximately HK\$250.3 million). Save as disclosed herein, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities as at the end of the year.

The Group strengthens and improves its risk control on a continual basis and adopted a prudent approach in its financial management. Financial resources are under close monitoring to ensure the Group's smooth operation, as well as flexibility to respond to market opportunities and uncertainties. Management of the Group is of the opinion that the Group's existing financial structure and resources are healthy and sufficient for the Group's needs in the foreseeable future.

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團之合約承擔約1,573,500,000港元（二零二三年：約1,121,800,000港元）。此外，本集團分佔合營企業的自有合約承擔548,300,000港元（二零二三年：約110,900,000港元）。於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團已就有關授予兩家合營企業融資向銀行作出擔保最多約370,400,000港元（二零二三年：約450,800,000港元）及有關融資已動用約301,300,000港元（二零二三年：約250,300,000港元）。除本年報所披露外，本集團於本年度末並無重大或然負債。

本集團持續加強及改善風險控制，並實行審慎之財務管理辦法，密切監察財務資源，確保本集團營運順暢，及充分靈活地應對市場機會及不確定性。本集團管理層認為，本集團現有財務架構及資源穩健，足以應付本集團於可見未來之需求。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)



### DEBT PROFILE AND FINANCIAL PLANNING

### 債務狀況及財務規劃

As at 31 March 2024, interest-bearing debt profile of the Group was analyzed as follows:

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團之計息債務狀況分析如下：

		31 March 2024 二零二四年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans repayable:	須於以下時間償還之銀行貸款：		
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求償還	<b>3,100,477</b>	1,961,685
In the second year	第二年	<b>46,380</b>	2,037,447
In the third to fifth year, inclusive	第三年至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	<b>841,837</b>	–
		<b>3,988,694</b>	3,999,132
Other loans repayable	須於以下時間償還之其他貸款：		
Within one year	一年內	<b>49,280</b>	206,230
In the second year	第二年	<b>456,830</b>	–
In the third to fifth year, inclusive	第三年至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	<b>220,000</b>	–
		<b>726,110</b>	206,230
		<b>4,714,804</b>	4,205,362

The effective interest rate for those bank and other loans with floating interest rates was approximately 6.6% (31 March 2023: approximately 4.9%) per annum, while certain other loans bear interest at fixed interest rates ranging from 6.0% to 17.5% (31 March 2023: at 6.0%) per annum.

以浮動利率計息之該等銀行及其他貸款之實際利率每年約為6.6厘(二零二三年三月三十一日：約4.9厘)，而若干其他貸款則每年按固定利率介乎6.0厘至17.5厘(二零二三年三月三十一日：6.0厘)計息。



## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

During the Financial Year and up to the date of this report, the Group has in place bank facilities in the respective amounts of approximately HK\$2.4 billion and HK\$1.2 billion bank facilities which are sustainability-linked loan (“SLL”) and green loan (“Green Loan”). This SLL is directly tethered to the Group’s 5-Year environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) roadmap, which includes its commitment to achieve outstanding results in Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark (“GRESB”) assessment. This Green Loan is in alignment with the Green Loan principles (“GLP”) issued by the Asia Pacific Loan Market Association Limited in May 2020, as updated in February 2023. The GLP seeks to support borrowers in financing environmentally sound and sustainable projects that foster a net-zero emissions economy, protect and restore the environment, facilitate adaptation to climate change, and/or provide other environmental benefits. The Group is also committed to engaging its tenants in developing green leases.

### TREASURY POLICY

The Group’s treasury policy includes diversifying the funding sources. Internally generated cash flow and interest-bearing bank borrowings during the year were the general source of funds to finance the operation of the Group. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

The Group has entered into interest rate swap contracts for the purpose of converting part of the Group’s borrowings from floating interest rates into fixed interest rate in order to mitigate the interest rate risk.

### FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Management of the Group is of the opinion that the Group has no material foreign exchange exposure. Majority of bank borrowings and other borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The revenue of the Group, being mostly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, matches the currency requirements of the Group’s operating expenses. The Group therefore has not engaged in any hedging activities during the year.

於本財政年度及截至本報告日期，本集團已將金額分別約2,400,000,000港元及1,200,000,000港元的銀行融資設立為可持續發展表現掛鈎貸款（「可持續發展表現掛鈎貸款」）及綠色貸款（「綠色貸款」）。此可持續發展表現掛鈎貸款與本集團的五年環境、社會及管治（「環境、社會及管治」）路線圖直接相關，其中包括其在全球房地產可持續發展標準（「GRESB」）評估中取得卓越成果的承諾。綠色貸款為符合Asia Pacific Loan Market Association Limited於二零二零年五月發佈並於二零二三年二月更新之綠色貸款原則（「綠色貸款原則」）。綠色貸款原則旨在支援借款人資助無害環境及可持續發展項目，以促進淨零排放經濟、保護和恢復環境、促進適應氣候變遷及／或提供其他環境效益。本集團亦致力與租戶合作發展綠色租賃。

### 財務政策

本集團之財務政策包括分散融資來源。於年內，內部產生之現金流量及計息銀行借貸均為本集團業務營運提供資金之一般資金來源。本集團定期審閱其主要資金狀況，以確保擁有充足財務資源以履行其財務責任。

本集團已訂立利率掉期合約，以將本集團部分借貸由浮動利率轉換為固定利率，以減輕利率風險。

### 外匯

本集團管理層認為，本集團並無重大外匯風險。大部分銀行借貸及其他借貸均以港元計值。本集團絕大多數收入以港元計值，符合本集團營運開支之貨幣需要。因此本集團於本年度並無進行任何對沖活動。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)



### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed above, during the Year, the Group did not have any other significant investments held, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and future plans for material investments or capital assets.

### EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had 145 (2023: 128) employees in Hong Kong. The Group remunerates its employees mainly based on industry practices and individual performance and experience. In addition to salaries, we provide discretionary bonuses based on individual performance and our business performance, medical insurance coverage and a wide range of leave entitlements. The Group also provides a defined contribution to the Mandatory Provident Fund as required under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for our eligible employees in Hong Kong.

The Company operates a share option scheme (the “**Share Option Scheme**”) for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group. Share options may be granted to any director or proposed director (whether executive or non-executive, including independent non-executive director), employee or proposed employee (whether full-time or part-time), secondee, any holder of securities issued by any member of the Group, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technology support or advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of the Group or any substantial shareholder or company controlled by a substantial shareholder, or any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 9 August 2016 and, unless otherwise terminated earlier by shareholders in a general meeting, will remain in force for a period of 10 years from that date. No share option has been granted since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme.

所持重大投資、重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業，以及重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃

除上文所披露者外，於本年度，本集團並無任何其他所持重大投資、重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業，以及重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃。

### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團於香港共有 145 名（二零二三年：128 名）僱員。本集團主要根據業內慣例及按僱員個人表現及經驗釐定僱員薪酬。除薪金外，本集團提供根據個人表現及其業務表現而發放之酌情花紅、醫療保險保障及多種休假權利。本集團亦根據香港法例第 485 章《強制性公積金計劃條例》規定就本集團的香港合資格僱員對強制性公積金作出定額供款。

本公司設有購股權計劃（「**購股權計劃**」），目的為給予為本集團成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者獎勵及回報。購股權可授予任何董事或候任董事（不論執行或非執行，包括獨立非執行董事）、僱員或擬聘請僱員（不論全職或兼職）、調任員工、本集團任何成員公司所發行證券之任何持有人、向本集團任何成員公司或任何主要股東或受主要股東控制之公司，或任何由一名或以上屬於上述任何類別參與人士控制之公司提供研究、開發或其他技術支援或顧問、諮詢、專業或其他服務之任何人士或實體。購股權計劃於二零一六年八月九日生效，除非股東於股東大會上提早終止，否則將自該日期起計的十年期間內維持有效。自採納購股權計劃起，概無購股權獲授出。



## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

### 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### PROSPECTS

Although Hong Kong Government has finally relaxed all property market cooling measures in early 2024, given the existing high interest rate environment and a high level of unsold inventory in completed property projects, it is expected the property market in Hong Kong will continue to struggle and remain weak in 2024. Therefore, in the coming year, the Group will speed up sales so to reduce inventory level with the aim of achieving faster turnover and quick return.

In January 2024, the Group successfully launched the pre-sales of Phoenix. As of the date of this report, approximately 63% of the project has been sold with total contracted sales of approximately HK\$703.9 million. The Group also plans to launch the pre-sales of three projects in the coming financial year, all of which are located in Hong Kong Island with a total saleable areas of approximately 177,000 square feet. All these projects are located at a prime location within walking distance to MTR stations. On the other hand, the Group has obtained the completion certificates of MOUNT POKFULAM in March 2024 and as of the date of this report, the Group has obtained the occupation permit of Larchwood. The unsold area of these two projects amounted approximately to 51,200 sq.ft. Due to these abundant saleable resources, management is confident that the Group will achieve a higher contracted sales in the coming financial year.

The Chief Executive's 2023 Policy Address has stated that the Government will build Hong Kong into an international hub for post-secondary education, with measures including doubling the non-local student quota for the taught undergraduate programmes of various University Grants Committee (UGC)-funded institutions to 40% starting from the 2024/25 academic year. The Group foresees that Sunny House Kai Tak, in partnership with AG, will reap the benefits of this scheme. The Group's objective is to position Sunny House Kai Tak as one of the leading youth co-living and university student accommodation provider in Hong Kong in the near future.

#### 前景

儘管香港政府最終於二零二四年初推出所有物業市場撤辣措施，惟鑑於現有的高利率環境以及已竣工物業項目的未售出庫存水平較高，預期二零二四年香港物業市場將繼續陷入困境並維持疲弱。因此，未來一年，本集團將加快銷售，降低庫存水平，以達到更快週轉、快速取得回報之目的。

於二零二四年一月，本集團成功推出蒼鳴之預售。截至本報告日期，該項目已售出約63%，訂約銷售總額約為703,900,000港元。本集團亦計劃於下個財政年度推出三個項目的預售，全部位於港島，總實用面積約為177,000平方呎。三個項目均位於黃金地段，步行即可到達港鐵站。另一方面，於二零二四年三月，本集團已取得MOUNT POKFULAM的竣工證明書，而截至本報告日期，本集團已取得Larchwood的入伙紙。這兩個項目的未售面積約為51,200平方呎。由於可售資源豐富，管理層深信，本集團將於下一個財政年度實現更高的訂約銷售額。

行政長官二零二三年施政報告指出，政府將把香港建設成為國際專上教育樞紐，措施包括自二零二四／二五學年起，將各大學教育資助委員會（教資會）資助院校的本科課程的非本地學生配額增加一倍至40%。本集團預計與AG合作發展的日新舍啟德將從該計劃中獲益。本集團的目標乃於不久的將來將日新舍啟德定位為香港領先的青年共享居住及大學生住宿供應商之一。

# Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)



The Group will continue to explore new investment opportunities whilst cautiously monitoring market changes. The Group will also seek for collaboration with strategic partners to strengthen the asset management as well as property development and property investment business. Concomitantly, more ESG factors will be incorporated into the business operations and products.

It is expected that 2024 is still a challenging year. The Group will maintain its prudent approach towards business development and financial positions, with the primary objective of achieving a stable return for its stakeholders.

### SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

The Group believes sustainability is the key to its success, insists on “care and love”, and strives to create a great future for the public and the next generation.

#### Environment

The Group strives to minimize the negative impact of its operation on the surrounding environment and natural resources. The Group has implemented policies to formulate environmental analysis and management plans throughout the project cycle, so as to identify and mitigate indirect and long-term impacts on the ecological environment. During the Financial Year, the Group achieved a commendable 4-star rating for the Development Benchmark and ranked 3rd in our peer comparison in the 2023 GRESB assessment. This recognition highlights our dedication to integrating ESG principles into all our development portfolios, striving for excellence in sustainability benchmarks, and leading the industry in sustainable development.

本集團將繼續探索新的投資機會，同時審慎監察市場變化。本集團亦將尋求與策略夥伴合作，以加強資產管理以及物業發展及物業投資業務。與此同時，業務營運及產品將融入更多環境、社會及管治元素。

預期二零二四年仍將是充滿挑戰的一年。本集團將對業務發展及財務狀況維持審慎態度，首要目標乃為其持份者實現穩定回報。

#### 可持續發展

本集團相信可持續發展是成功關鍵，堅持「關愛」並致力為公眾及下一代創造美好將來。

#### 環境

本集團致力減少其營運對週邊環境及自然資源的負面影響。本集團於整個項目週期中實施制定環境分析及管理計劃的政策，以識別及減輕對生態環境之間接及長遠影響。於本財政年度，本集團於二零二三年全球房地產可持續發展基準(GRESB)的開發基準中取得值得表揚的四星評級，並於同業比較中排名第三。該認可突出我們將環境、社會及管治原則融入所有發展項目組合的決心，致力在可持續發展基準上追求卓越，以及於可持續發展領域引領行業。





## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued) 管理層討論及分析 (續)

### Social

The Group affirms it is important to give back to our community and places significant emphasis on contributing to the local community. Therefore, the Group actively participates in community activities and public welfare initiatives to demonstrate its social responsibility. During the Financial Year, the Group organized the “Festive Visiting Programs” through Hong Kong New Arrivals Services Foundation Limited. Our staff volunteers spread love and blessings to the underprivileged families who live in subdivided apartments by visiting them and providing much-needed support and care. In addition, the Group participated in the “Walk for Millions” program in Hong Kong to raise public awareness and support for those in need, particularly the underprivileged and disadvantaged numbers of society. The Group generously donated funds towards promoting community engagement and social responsibility, and also addressed critical social concerns such as poverty, education, healthcare, and environmental protection.

### Governance

Management believes that sustainable development is vital to the successful development of companies in the long term. To achieve this, the Group maintains a high standard of corporate governance practices. To ensure that all businesses operate with a high standard of ethics, transparency, accountability and integrity, the Group has established procedures for reporting, investigating and handling suspected corruption cases to avoid any corruption-related misconduct. Information regarding the Group’s corporate governance is addressed more in depth in the “Corporate Governance Report” section of this annual report and the Environmental, Social and Governance Report published on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) in due course.

### 社會

本集團深明回饋社區的重要性，並非常重視貢獻本地社區。因此，本集團積極參與社區活動及公益事宜，以展現社會責任。於本財政年度，本集團透過香港新來港人士服務基金有限公司舉辦「節日探訪計劃」。我們的員工志願者通過探訪及提供急需的支持和關懷，向居住在劏房的弱勢社群家庭傳播愛和祝福。此外，本集團參與香港「百萬行」活動，以提高公眾對有需要人士，特別是弱勢社群及人士的關注和支持。本集團慷慨捐助，推動社區參與和社會責任，回應貧困、教育、醫療和環境保護等重大社會議題。

### 管治

管理層認為，可持續發展對本公司長期成功發展至關重要。為實現此目標，本集團維持高水平之企業管治常規。為確保所有業務均以高標準的道德、透明度、問責制及誠信經營，本集團已制定舉報、調查及處理可疑貪污案件的程序，以避免任何與貪污相關的不當行為。有關本集團企業管治的資料，將在本年報之「企業管治報告」一節和已在本公司和香港聯合交易所有限公司（「**聯交所**」）網站發布之環境、社會及管治報告中作更深入的闡述。

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

## 董事會及高級管理層



### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Executive Directors

**Mr. Tang Ho Hong**, aged 37, has been appointed as an executive Director since 3 December 2015 and was appointed as the chief executive officer and an authorised representative of the Company on 8 February 2021. He was also appointed as the chairman of the executive committee and the ESG Committee and a member of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Tang is primarily responsible for the overall management and supervision of operations of the Group, including overseeing property sales and leasing, asset management and investment, and strategic planning on long and short term development. Mr. Tang has over 13 years of experience in property and land matters. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Tang worked with Wang On Group Limited (“WOG”) in January 2011 as assistant general manager where he focused on property acquisition in Hong Kong and acquired his experience in the property development, management and investment businesses. Mr. Tang graduated from The University of Washington with a degree of Bachelor of Arts in Business Administration. Mr. Tang is a member of the Henan Provincial Committee of The Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group and a son of Mr. Tang Ching Ho, the controlling shareholder of the Company.

**Ms. Ching Tak Won Teresa**, aged 42, has been appointed as an executive Director since 25 June 2019. She was also appointed as a member of the executive committee of the Company. Ms. Ching is currently the general manager of the Group’s property development division and is responsible for the sales and marketing of the Group. She obtained a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration in Marketing and Management of Organisations from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and a degree of Master of Science in Real Estate from The University of Hong Kong. She has more than 19 years of experience in the property industry in Hong Kong. Prior to joining the Group in 2016, Ms. Ching joined WOG in 2008 and acted as the assistant general manager (sales and marketing) of WOG. Ms. Ching is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

### 董事會

#### 執行董事

**鄧灝康先生**，37歲，自二零一五年十二月三日獲委任為執行董事，並於二零二一年二月八日獲委任為本公司行政總裁兼授權代表。彼亦獲委任為本公司常務委員會及環境、社會及管治委員會主席，及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。鄧先生主要負責本集團業務之整體管理及監管業務營運，包括監督物業銷售及租賃、資產管理及投資，以及短期至長期發展之策略規劃。鄧先生於物業及土地事務擁有逾十三年經驗。加入本公司前，鄧先生於二零一一年一月擔任宏安集團有限公司（「宏安」）助理總經理，集中收購香港物業，累積物業發展、管理及投資業務方面之經驗。鄧先生畢業於華盛頓大學，持有工商管理文學士學位。鄧先生為中國人民政治協商會議河南省委員會委員。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事，及為鄧清河先生（本公司之控股股東）之兒子。

**程德韻女士**，42歲，自二零一九年六月二十五日起獲委任為執行董事。彼亦獲委任為本公司常務委員會成員。程女士目前為本集團物業發展部總經理及負責本集團之銷售及市場推廣。彼於香港科技大學取得工商管理（企業營銷及管理）學士學位並於香港大學取得理科碩士（房地產）。彼於香港房地產業擁有逾十九年經驗。於二零一六年加入本集團前，程女士已早於二零零八年加入宏安並擔任宏安之助理總經理（銷售及市場推廣）。程女士亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。





## Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事會及高級管理層（續）

### Independent Non-executive Directors

**Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven**, aged 67, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since 17 March 2016. He was also appointed as the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the remuneration and nomination committees of the Company. Mr. Li was admitted as an associate of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in April 1986 and subsequently a fellow member in April 1991. He was also admitted as an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in May 1986 and subsequently a fellow member in December 1993. Mr. Li has over 36 years of experience in auditing, accounting, taxation, financial management and corporate secretarial. Mr. Li worked for an international accounting firm and held senior posts as group financial controller in various companies. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Allied Sustainability and Environmental Consultants Group Limited and Amasse Capital Holdings Limited, the shares of both of which are listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”).

**Mr. Sung Tze Wah**, aged 78, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since 17 March 2016. He is a member of the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Sung was appointed as the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company on 8 February 2021. He has extensive experience in the surveying sector for over 37 years. Mr. Sung was elected as a professional associate of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in November 1972, a fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors in March 1997, a member of The Singapore Institute of Surveyors and Valuers in April 1989, and was admitted as an associate of The Chartered Institute of Arbitrators in April 1984. Mr. Sung was appointed as the executive estates officer by the Housing & Development Board of the Singapore government from October 1984 to July 1990. He was then promoted to senior estates officer during the period of August 1990 and March 1992. Mr. Sung established LDS International Group Limited and Lawson David & Sung Surveyors Limited in Hong Kong in 1992 and 1996 respectively and is currently a director of Lawson David & Sung Surveyors Limited.

### 獨立非執行董事

**李永森先生**，67歲，自二零一六年三月十七日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦獲委任為本公司審核委員會主席以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。李先生於一九八六年四月獲認許為英國特許公認會計師公會之會員，其後於一九九一年四月成為資深會員。彼亦於一九八六年五月獲認許為香港會計師公會會員，其後於一九九三年十二月獲認許為資深會員。李先生在審計、會計、稅務、財務管理及公司秘書方面積逾三十六年經驗。李先生曾任職於國際會計師事務所，及於多間公司擔任集團財務總監之高級職位。彼目前為沛然環保顧問有限公司及寶積資本控股有限公司（其股份均於香港聯合交易所有限公司（「**聯交所**」）GEM上市）之獨立非執行董事。

**宋梓華先生**，78歲，自二零一六年三月十七日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。宋先生於二零二一年二月八日獲委任為本公司提名委員會主席。彼於測量業擁有逾三十七年之豐富經驗。宋先生於一九七二年十一月獲選為英國皇家特許測量師學會之專業會員、於一九九七年三月成為香港測量師學會資深會員、於一九八九年四月成為新加坡測量師及估價師學會會員、並於一九八四年四月獲認可為英國特許仲裁師學會會員。宋先生於一九八四年十月至一九九零年七月期間獲委任為新加坡政府房屋發展局之行政產業主任。彼其後於一九九零年八月至一九九二年三月期間擢升至高級產業主任。宋先生其後分別於一九九二年及一九九六年在香港成立羅迅國際集團有限公司及羅迅測計師行有限公司，目前擔任羅迅測計師行有限公司之董事。

## Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事會及高級管理層（續）



**Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence**, aged 53, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Directors since 1 December 2022. He is a member of the audit committee, nomination committee, remuneration committee and ESG Committee of the Company. Dr. Chan was appointed as the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company on 1 July 2024. He has almost 30 years of experience in the area of real estate and infrastructure investment, listed company merger and acquisition in the regional capital market. Dr. Chan is currently the chairman of Bay Area Capital Partners Limited, an asset management firm licensed with the Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") of Hong Kong that focuses on private equity investment in the area of real estate and infrastructure asset, property and construction technology, clean energy, fintech, ESG enhancement and smart cities applications. He has also been an Adjunct Associate Professor in the Department of Real Estate and Construction of the University of Hong Kong with main areas of research in cross-border real estate investment, asset securitisation, technology application and sustainable development. Dr. Chan also serves as an independent non-executive director of Cash Financial Services Group Limited (Stock Code: 510) and Shanghai Industrial Urban Development Group Limited (Stock Code: 563), both companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Dr. Chan holds a doctorate degree in Economics and a master's degree in Real Estate, and he also possesses professional fellow membership of CPA Australia and Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors as well as the professional designation of Chartered Financial Analyst. Dr. Chan devotes to industry and professional bodies through assuming the roles of the chairman of ESG & Sustainable Investment Committee of Hong Kong Independent Non-Executive Director Association, a member of the Infrastructure Development Advisory Committee of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, a member of the Mainland Opportunities Committee of Financial Services Development Council, a member of the Hong Kong Council for Accreditation of Academic and Vocational Qualifications, a member of the Greater Bay Area Committee of CPA Australia, the vice-chairman of Security and Guarding Services Industry Authority and the deputy chairman of the Hong Kong Education University Council. Dr. Chan involves in the Hong Kong-Shanghai economic, environmental, green finance & technology partnership and research collaboration through his deputy president role in the Hong Kong-Shanghai Economic Development Association, the president of Shanghai HK Association and a member of the Economic Discipline in the CPPCC Shanghai Municipal Committee since 2017. He is also a member of the Chinese Association of Hong Kong & Macao Studies of the State Council and a member of the 2021 Election Committee of the HKSAR Government.

**陳浩華博士**，53歲，自二零二二年十二月一日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司審核委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員會和環境、社會及管治委員會成員。陳博士於二零二四年七月一日獲委任為本公司的薪酬委員會主席。彼於房地產及基礎建設投資、區域資本市場上市公司併購領域擁有近30年經驗。陳博士現為灣區資本有限公司主席，該公司為香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會（「證監會」）持牌資產管理企業，專注於房地產及基礎建設資產、物業及建築科技、清潔能源、金融科技、改善環境、社會及管治及智慧城市應用領域之私募基金。彼亦為香港大學房地產及建設系兼任副教授，主要研究領域為跨境房地產投資、資產證券化、科技應用及可持續發展。陳博士亦擔任聯交所主板上市公司時富金融服務集團有限公司（股份代號：510）及上海實業城市開發集團有限公司（股份代號：563）之獨立非執行董事。

陳博士持有經濟學博士學位及房地產學碩士學位，彼亦擁有澳洲會計師公會及英國皇家特許測量師學會之專業資深會員資格以及美國特許金融分析師之專業認證。陳博士擔任香港獨立非執行董事協會可持續投資委員會主席、香港貿易發展局基建發展諮詢委員會委員、香港金融發展局內地機遇委員會委員、香港學術及職業資歷評審局成員、澳洲會計師公會大灣區委員會委員、保安及護衛業管理局副主席及香港教育大學校董會副主席，對業界及專業團體作出貢獻。陳博士自二零一七年起擔任滬港經濟發展協會副會長、上海香港聯會會長及上海市政協經濟界別委員，參與港滬兩地經濟、環境、綠色金融及科技夥伴關係及研究合作。彼亦為國務院全國港澳研究會會員及香港特區政府二零二一年選舉委員會委員。



## Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事會及高級管理層（續）

**Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung** (resigned with effect from 1 July 2024), aged 75, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since 17 March 2016. He is the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of the audit and nomination committees of the Company. He has over 45 years of experience in the property and hotel industry through his prior employments with the Lands Department of the Hong Kong government from January 1977 to June 1978, and from the 1980's onwards, with various prominent property developers as well as a leading surveyor company in Hong Kong. In 1994, Dr. Leung founded TL Property Consultants International Limited and he is currently the chairman of the TL Property Group companies. Dr. Leung was an independent non-executive director of Chi Kan Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, during the period from July 2020 to April 2024.

Dr. Leung acted as an independent non-executive director of South China Holdings Company Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and South China Assets Holdings Limited (formerly known as South China Land Limited), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, for the period from December 2012 to June 2017. Dr. Leung obtained a degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Business Administration from Empresarial University in November 2002 through distance learning, a degree of Master of Science in International Real Estate (with Distinction) from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2004, and a degree of Bachelor of Social Science (Hons) in Economics and Business Administration from Chung Chi College of The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1976. He was also admitted as a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors in February 2012 and a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators in November 1985. He is a past president of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, a member of Audit Committee of the Hong Kong Housing Society, a member of Appeal Tribunal Panel of HKSAR, a member of the Panel of Advisors on Building Management Disputes of Home Affairs Department.

**梁家棟博士測量師**（於二零二四年七月一日辭任），75歲，自二零一六年三月十七日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。彼曾於一九七七年一月至一九七八年六月任職香港政府地政署，自八十年代起，彼任職於多間知名物業發展商及一間香港頂尖測量公司，梁博士透過過往之就業資歷於房地產及酒店行業擁有逾45年經驗。於一九九四年，梁博士創辦置梁行房地產顧問國際有限公司，而彼目前為置梁行集團公司之主席。梁博士於二零二零年七月至二零二四年四月為聯交所主板上市公司智勤控股有限公司的獨立非執行董事。

於二零一二年十二月至二零一七年六月期間，梁博士亦曾任南華集團控股有限公司（於聯交所主板上市）及南華資產控股有限公司（前稱南華置地有限公司）（於聯交所GEM上市）之獨立非執行董事。梁博士透過遙距學習於二零零二年十一月取得Empresarial University（安培純澳大學\*）工商管理哲學博士學位、於二零零四年十一月取得香港理工大學國際房地產理學碩士學位（成績優異）及於一九七六年十二月取得香港中文大學崇基書院社會科學經濟及工商管理（榮譽）學士學位。彼亦於二零一二年二月獲認許為香港測量師學會資深會員及於一九八五年十一月獲認許為香港地產行政師學會資深會員。彼曾任香港測量師學會會長、香港房屋協會審核委員會委員、香港特別行政區上訴審裁團成員、民政事務總署大廈管理糾紛顧問小組成員。

# Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

## 董事會及高級管理層 (續)



### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Yiu Chi Man**, joined the Group in January 2024 as the Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Yiu is responsible for financial management, regulatory compliance and investors relationship. Before joining the Group, Mr Yiu was the Chief Financial Officer of a listed property developer for 10 years and was an audit partner of KPMG China with over 20 years' experience of providing audit and advisory services to listed companies and multinational companies.

Mr. Yiu obtained a Bachelor of Arts degree in accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 1993. Mr Yiu is a fellow member of Chartered Association of Certified Public Accountants, and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

**Mr. Ip Shu Pui**, is the legal counsel of the Group. Mr. Ip obtained a Bachelor of Laws with Honours Degree from The City University of Hong Kong. He has been qualified as a solicitor in Hong Kong since December 1996. Mr. Ip worked in WOG since 2005 prior to joining the Group in 2016.

**Dr. Leu Ching Yin, Alison**, is the general manager of quantity surveying division of the Group. Dr. Leu is responsible for managing all aspects of cost and contracts of property developments of the Group. She obtained a Bachelor of Laws with Honours Degree, a Degree of Master of Laws, a Degree of Master of Science in International Real Estate and a Engineering Doctorate Degree. Dr. Leu is a registered surveyor of Hong Kong, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors, a member of Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, a member of Chartered Institute of Building and also BEAM Professional. She has over 30 years of experience in quantity surveying practices for property development projects.

### 高級管理層

**姚智文先生**，於二零二四年一月加入本集團，出任首席財務官。姚先生負責財務管理、合規監管及投資者關係。在加入本集團前，姚先生曾於一間上市物業發展商擔任首席財務官長達十年，並曾擔任畢馬威中國審計合夥人，擁有逾20年為上市公司及跨國公司提供審計及諮詢服務的經驗。

姚先生於一九九三年獲得香港理工大學會計文學士學位。姚先生為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。

**葉樹培先生**，為本集團法律顧問。葉先生於香港城市大學取得法律學榮譽學士學位。彼自一九九六年十二月起成為香港執業律師。於二零一六年加入本集團前，葉先生自二零零五年起於宏安任職。

**廖靜賢博士**，為本集團工料測量部的總經理。廖博士負責管理本集團物業發展項目的成本管理及工程合約的所有方面。彼取得法學士(榮譽)學位、法學碩士學位、國際房地產理學碩士學位及工程學博士學位。廖博士為香港註冊測量師、香港測量師學會會員、英國皇家特許測量師學會會員、英國特許建造學會會員及綠建專才。彼於物業發展項目工料測量方面執業超過30年經驗。



## Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事會及高級管理層（續）

**Mr. Ng Ching Hong**, is the General Manager – Project Management of the Project Planning Division of the Company. Mr. Ng is responsible for managing the project management team for property development projects. Mr. Ng obtained a Bachelor Degree in Architectural Studies, graduated in The University of Hong Kong in 1993. He is a registered architect of Hong Kong and an authorized person of Building Authority. Mr. Ng has more than 30 years of experience in property developer and construction side.

**Mr. Kwok Ming Hing, Alexander**, is the General Manager – Hospitality. Mr. Kwok is responsible for overseeing and supervising the operations of student housing business unit. He obtained a Bachelor Degree of Administrative Management, graduated in University of South Australia. Mr. Kwok has over 30 years of experience in the Hospitality Industry.

**Mr. Chow Pak Hung**, is the Assistant General Manager of the construction management division of the Group. Mr. Chow is responsible for overseeing construction projects and ensuring the standards of quality management of the Group. Mr. Chow obtained a Bachelor of Construction Project Management with Honours Degree and an Executive Master's Degree in Advanced Management. Mr. Chow is a Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers, a member of the Chartered Institute of Building of the U.K. and a Professional Member of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors of the U.K. He has over 26 years of experience in the property development and construction sectors.

**Mr. Cheung Chin Wa Angus**, is the company secretary and an authorised representative of the Company. Mr. Cheung is a fellow member of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute. He holds a Master Degree of Professional Accounting, a Master Degree of Corporate Governance, a Bachelor Degree of Laws and a Bachelor Degree of Arts in Translation. Mr. Cheung is also the company secretary of WOG, a holding company of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Cheung had more than 15 years of experience in company secretarial field and held company secretary positions in several Hong Kong listed companies, including China Agri-Products Exchange Limited (Stock Code: 149) and Wai Yuen Tong Medicine Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 897), both listed subsidiaries of WOG.

**吳靖康先生**，現任本公司項目規劃部的項目管理總經理。吳先生負責管理物業發展項目的項目管理團隊。吳先生於一九九三年畢業於香港大學，並獲得建築學士學位。彼為香港註冊建築師及建築事務監督的認可人士。吳先生在物業發展商及建設擁有逾30年經驗。

**郭明興先生**，現任款待住宿部總經理。郭先生負責監督及監察學生住宿業務部門的營運。彼畢業於南澳大學，獲得行政管理學士學位。郭先生於款待住宿行業擁有逾30年經驗。

**周栢鴻先生**，現任本集團建設管理部的助理總經理。周先生負責監督建設項目並確保本集團的品質管理達標。周先生獲得建設項目管理榮譽學士學位及高階管理行政碩士學位。周先生為香港營造師學會會員、英國特許建造學會會員及英國皇家特許測量師學會專業會員。彼於物業開發及建設行業擁有逾26年經驗。

**張展華先生**，現任本公司之公司秘書及授權代表。張先生為香港公司治理公會及英國特許公司治理公會的資深會員。彼持有專業會計學碩士學位、企業管治碩士學位、法律學士學位及翻譯文學士學位。張先生亦為本公司之控股公司宏安之公司秘書。加入本集團前，張先生於公司秘書領域擁有逾15年經驗，並曾出任多家香港上市公司之公司秘書，包括宏安之上市附屬公司中國農產品交易有限公司（股份代號：149）及位元堂藥業控股有限公司（股份代號：897）。





### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company recognises the importance of corporate governance and is committed to achieving a high standard of corporate governance within a sensible framework with a strong emphasis on transparency, accountability, integrity and independence. The Board believes that good corporate governance practices are fundamental and essential to the success of the Company and the enhancement of its effectiveness and corporate image.

The Group has a set of code of ethics, diversified board policy, dynamic risk management, internal control system and corporate communication policy. With these practices in place, we are confident that our corporate governance continues to be well positioned to support our business and management team to navigate through the challenges we may face.

The Company adopted the principles and complied with the code provisions of the "Corporate Governance Code" (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") save as below:

After the resignation of the former non-executive chairman on 8 February 2021, the Company has been searching suitable candidate to fill the vacancy. However, the search process has not been successful. As at the date of this report, no chairman has been appointed and the Company will continue to search the replacement and will make announcement in accordance with the Listing Rules as and when appropriate. During the year, the substantive corporate governance functions of the chairman of the Board under the applicable provisions of the CG Code were performed by the Company's chief executive officer and executive Director, Mr. Tang Ho Hong, a deviation from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code.

### 企業管治常規

本公司了解企業管治之重要性，並致力於合理框架內維持高水平之企業管治，十分重視透明度、問責性、誠信及獨立性。董事會相信，良好之企業管治常規乃本公司之基礎，對本公司之成功及提升其效率和企業形象至為重要。

本集團訂有一套道德守則、多元化董事會政策、動態風險管理、內部監控系統及企業溝通政策。在貫徹執行該等實踐的情況下，我們相信我們的企業管治定能繼續支持業務及管理團隊應對我們可能面臨的挑戰。

本公司採納聯交所證券上市規則（「上市規則」）附錄C1所載之《企業管治守則》（「企業管治守則」）之原則並已遵守有關企業管治守則條文，惟以下方面除外：

於二零二一年二月八日前非執行主席辭任後，本公司一直物色合適人選填補空缺。然而，搜尋過程並不成功。於本報告日期，本公司尚未委任主席，而本公司將繼續物色替代人選，並將在適當時根據上市規則作出公佈。於本年度，根據企業管治守則的適用條文，董事會主席的實質企業管治職能由本公司的行政總裁兼執行董事鄧灝康先生履行，偏離了企業管治守則第C.2.1條之守則條文。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

### CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, as amended from time to time, (the “**Model Code**”) set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed, following a specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year under review.

The Company also adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions on no less exacting terms than the Model Code by the relevant employees of the Group who are considered likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company or its securities pursuant to code provision C.1.3 of the CG Code. To the best knowledge and belief of the Directors, all Directors and relevant employees have complied with the required standards of such code.

### BUSINESS MODEL AND CORPORATE STRATEGY

The Group is principally engaged in the businesses of developing residential and commercial properties for sale, investing in commercial and industrial properties for investment return and capital appreciation, and asset management, and adopts a prudent approach in developing its business. The Group’s strategy for generating and preserving the shareholders’ value in the long run is to invest prudently in projects and opportunities which maximise return to the shareholders. With respect to property development and trading, the Group prudently explores opportunities to increase its land portfolio (as and when appropriate) which forms the basis for generating gain in the property development and trading. To cope with the dynamic and uncertain property market conditions, the Group mainly focuses on projects with shorter development cycle in order to provide greater turnover cycle, flexibility and reduction of business risk. On the other hand, the Group continues to maintain a balanced portfolio of property investments, regularly review its tenant mix, with an aim to maximise rental yield and secure a stable stream of income to support the recurring operations of the Group. The Group also aims to expand the asset management segment to increase fee incomes and return.

### 董事及有關僱員進行證券交易之守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(經不時修訂)(「**標準守則**」)作為其本身有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則。經本公司作出具體查詢後，全體董事確認於整個回顧年度一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.1.3條，本公司亦採納一套證券交易操守守則，其條款之嚴謹程度不遜於標準守則，以供被視為可能擁有本公司或其證券未經發佈價格敏感資料之本集團有關僱員遵循。據董事所深知及確信，所有董事及有關僱員均已遵守該守則之規定標準。

### 業務模式及企業策略

本集團主要從事發展待售住宅及商用物業、投資工商物業以獲取投資回報及資本增值、以及資產管理之業務，並以審慎態度發展旗下業務。為長期創造及維持股東之價值，本集團採取之策略是審慎投資項目及機會，務求為股東帶來最大回報。就物業發展及買賣而言，本集團適時審慎物色機會以增加土地組合，為物業發展及買賣打好基礎，以錄得收益。為應對千變萬化及不明朗之物業市況，本集團注重發展週期較快之項目，以提供較快之週轉期、較大之靈活性及大幅減低業務風險。另一方面，本集團繼續維持均衡之物業投資組合，定期檢討租戶組合，旨在創造最大租金回報及獲得穩定收入來源，支持本集團之經常性業務。本集團亦旨在擴充資產管理分部，以增加費用收入及回報。



In short-term, the Group continuously reviews and updates its strategies to provide better clarity on direction and business models. The Group takes active and prompt measures to meet market changes through adjustment of business strategy and control over costs. Further, the Group strives to maintain a healthy financing structure and devotes effort to securing banking facilities which is regarded as an important element for supporting continuous business development of the Group.

## THE BOARD

### Roles and Responsibilities of the Board and the Senior Management

The Board is responsible for formulating of corporate strategies and internal control, reviewing and guiding the business and affairs, monitoring financial and operating performance and is individually and collectively accountable to the shareholders of the Company for the success and sustainable development of the Group. The independent non-executive Directors (the “INEDs”) only account for various industry expertise and overseeing the Group’s business, whilst the general management and day-to-day management are delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management of the Company, they will meet regularly to review the performance of the Group and to co-ordinate overall resources among the development of the Group.

Apart from these, the Board will consider and make decision for any major acquisitions and disposals, review of interim and annual financial results, appointments/removals of Directors and auditor, evaluation on the performance and compensation of senior management of the Company, any material capital transactions and other significant operational and financial affairs. With a review to maintaining an appropriate balance of authority and responsibility, such functions are either carried out directly by the Board or indirectly through various committees established by the Board, with respective functions set out in their terms of reference. Currently, there are four board committees, namely executive committee (the “**Executive Committee**”), audit committee (the “**Audit Committee**”), remuneration committee (the “**Remuneration Committee**”) and nomination committee (the “**Nomination Committee**”).

短期而言，本集團繼續檢討及更新策略，進一步釐清方針及業務模式。本集團主動及適時採取措施以應對市場變化，包括調整業務策略及控制成本。此外，本集團致力維持穩健財務架構及爭取銀行融資，對本集團持續業務發展而言不可或缺。

## 董事會

### 董事會及高級管理層之角色及責任

董事會負責制定企業策略及內部監控、檢閱及領導業務及事務、監察財務及經營表現，且個別及共同就本集團之成功及可持續發展對本公司之股東負責。獨立非執行董事（「**獨立非執行董事**」）僅負責各項行業專業知識及監督本集團業務，而整體管理及日常管理則由執行董事及本公司高級管理層負責，彼等將定期會面以檢討本集團表現及統籌本集團發展之整體資源。

除上述者外，董事會將審議並對任何重大收購及出售事項作出決定、審閱中期及全年財務業績，委任／罷免董事及核數師、評估本公司高級管理層之表現及薪酬、任何重大資本交易以及其他重大營運及財務事宜。為維持權力與責任間達致適當平衡，此等職能由董事會直接執行或透過董事會成立之各個委員會間接執行，而各委員會之職能載於各自之職權範圍內。目前，董事會共有四個董事委員會，分別為常務委員會（「**常務委員會**」）、審核委員會（「**審核委員會**」）、薪酬委員會（「**薪酬委員會**」）及提名委員會（「**提名委員會**」）。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

All Directors will ensure that they can give sufficient attention to discharge their responsibilities to the affairs of the Company and the Directors have disclosed to the Company the identity and nature of material offices held in any public organisation and other significant commitments on an annual basis.

During the year, regular Board meeting were held four times to review, consider and approve, among others, the annual and interim results, the business operations and the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Group. Apart from these regular Board meetings, Board meetings are also held, as and when necessary, to consider major issues. Notice of at least 14 days for each regular Board meeting is given to all Directors. All such minutes are kept by the company secretary of the Company and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director. Apart from the regular Board meetings, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company also met with the INEDs without the presence of other executive Directors during the year.

### Composition

As at 31 March 2024, the Board had seven Directors comprising three executive Directors and four INEDs. The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Tang Ho Hong, *Chief Executive Officer*  
Ms. Ching Tak Won Teresa  
Ms. Wong Chin Han (*resigned with effect from 1 April 2024*)

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven  
Mr. Sung Tze Wah  
Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence  
Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung  
(*resigned with effect from 1 July 2024*)

There are no financial, business, family or other material relationships among the Directors. The biographical details of all Directors are set out on pages 35 to 38 of this annual report.

全體董事保證可充分應付履行對本公司事務之職責，董事均按年向本公司披露於任何公共機構所擔任重要職位之身份及性質以及其他重大承擔。

年內，本公司已舉行四次定期董事會會議，以審核、考慮及批准（其中包括）全年及中期業績以及本集團之業務營運及內部監控系統之成效。除該等定期董事會會議外，董事會會議亦會在有需要時舉行以考慮重大事宜。各定期董事會會議須向全體董事發出最少14日之通知。所有該等會議記錄均由本公司之公司秘書備存，並可供任何董事在提出合理通知下於任何合理時間查閱。除舉行定期董事會會議外，當時本公司行政總裁亦已於年內在其他執行董事避席之情況下與獨立非執行董事舉行會議。

### 成員組成

於二零二四年三月三十一日，董事會有七名董事，包括三名執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事。於年內及截至本年報日期，在任董事如下：

#### 執行董事

鄧灝康先生，*行政總裁*  
程德韻女士  
黃靜嫻女士（自二零二四年四月一日起辭任）

#### 獨立非執行董事

李永森先生  
宋梓華先生  
陳浩華博士  
梁家棟博士測量師  
(自二零二四年七月一日起辭任)

董事相互之間概無財務、業務、家庭或其他重大關係。全體董事之履歷詳情載於本年報第35至38頁。

# Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

## 企業管治報告 (續)



The Board possesses a mix and balance of skills and experience which are benefit for the requirements of the business of the Company. The opinion raised by the INEDs in Board meetings may facilitate the maintenance of good corporate governance practices. The Board has four INEDs, representing more than one-third of the Board, and at least one of the INEDs has the appropriate professional qualification and/or accounting and audit experience and expertise as required by Rules 3.10(1) and (2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules. A balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors also generates a strong independent element on the Board, which allows for an independent and objective decision making process for the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. All Directors are aware of the required levels of fiduciary duties, care, skill and diligence under Rule 3.08 of the Listing Rules.

In compliance with code provision B.1.2 of the CG Code, an updated list of the Directors identifying their role and function are available on the websites of the Company ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)) and the Stock Exchange ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)). The Company will review the composition of the Board from time to time to ensure that the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skills and experience to meet the needs of the Group's business and to enhance the shareholders' value.

Details of the Directors' remuneration for the year ended 31 March 2024 as set out in note 8 to financial statements of this annual report was also set out below:

董事會成員具備有利經營本公司業務所需之各種技能及經驗。獨立非執行董事於董事會會議上提出之意見有助維持良好之企業管治常規。董事會有四名獨立非執行董事（佔董事會成員三分之一以上），且最少一名獨立非執行董事具備上市規則第3.10(1)及(2)條以及第3.10A條所要求之適當專業資格及／或會計及核數經驗及專長。執行董事及非執行董事之人數比例均衡分配，亦確保董事會極具獨立性，可就本公司及其股東之最佳利益作出獨立而客觀之決策。全體董事均知悉上市規則第3.08條規定之誠信責任、謹慎、技能及勤勉水平。

為遵守企業管治守則之守則條文第B.1.2條，列明董事角色及職能之最新董事名單可在本公司網頁 ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)) 及聯交所網頁 ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)) 查閱。本公司將不時檢討董事會之成員組成，確保董事會擁有適當及所需之專長、技能及經驗，以滿足本集團之業務需要，並提升股東價值。

本年報之財務報表附註8所載截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之董事薪酬詳情亦載列如下：

Remuneration to the Directors	董事薪酬	Number of individual 人數
Below HK\$500,000	500,000 港元以下	4
HK\$500,000 to HK\$1,000,000	500,000 港元至 1,000,000 港元	–
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001 港元至 1,500,000 港元	–
Over HK\$1,500,000	1,500,000 港元以上	3





## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

As at the date of this report, the Board is still identifying an appropriate person to fill the vacancy as chairman of the Board since the resignation of the former chairman on 8 February 2021. The chief executive officer of the Company is Mr. Tang Ho Hong.

The roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company should be separate to reinforce their respective independence and accountability. The respective responsibilities of these two roles are clearly segregated. The chairman of the Board, is primarily responsible for formulation of overall strategic planning and leadership of the Board and the chief executive officer, is responsible for the day-to-day business operations and implementation of the business strategies adopted by the Board.

### Appointment and Re-election of the Directors

All INEDs are appointed with no specific duration and is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the general meetings of the Company in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws") and the Listing Rules as set out under respective letters of appointment which may be terminated by giving one-month notice. The executive Directors are appointed with no specific term as set out under respective service agreements which may be terminated by giving six-month notice. One-third of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the annual general meetings in accordance with the Bye-law 84(1) of the Bye-laws. In addition, Directors who are appointed by the Board to fill casual vacancies or as an addition to the existing Board are subject to re-election at the next following general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment.

### 主席與行政總裁

於本報告日期，自前主席於二零二一年二月八日辭任以來，董事會仍在物色合適人選填補董事會主席的空缺。本公司行政總裁為鄧灝康先生。

本公司主席及行政總裁之角色應有所區分，以加強彼此之獨立性及問責性。彼等各自之職責已清楚區分。董事會主席主要負責制定整體策略規劃及領導董事會，而行政總裁則負責日常業務營運及執行董事會採納之業務策略。

### 委任及重選董事

所有獨立非執行董事之委任並無指定任期，並須根據本公司之公司細則（「公司細則」）及上市規則於本公司股東大會上輪值退任及膺選連任（如相關委任函所載），可透過發出一個月通知予以終止。執行董事的委任並無載列於各服務協議的特定年期，可透過發出六個月通知予以終止。根據公司細則第84(1)條，三分之一董事須於股東週年大會上輪值退任，惟彼等符合資格並願意膺選連任。此外，由董事會任命以填補臨時空缺或出任現行董事會新增職位之董事，均須於其獲委任後之本公司下屆股東大會上重選連任。



### Independence of INEDs

The INEDs are required to confirm their independence upon their appointment and on an annual basis. The Company has received from each INED an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 March 2024. The INEDs would not participate in the Group's daily operation and they would abstain from voting on any resolution(s) in which he had any interest and, therefore, the Company continues to consider all the INEDs to be independent for the year under review and up to the date of this annual report.

### Corporate Governance

The Board has undertaken the responsibility for performing the corporate governance duties pursuant to code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code and is committed to ensuring that an effective governance structure is in place to continuously review, monitor and improve the corporate governance practices within the Group with regard to the prevailing legal and regulatory requirements.

The corporate governance duties performed by the Board are to review the policies and measures on the Group's corporate governance, to review a code of conduct applicable to the Directors and employees of the Company, to monitor the Company's legal and regulatory compliance, training and continuing professional development of Directors and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and the disclosure in this annual report.

This corporate governance report has been reviewed by the Board in discharge of its corporate governance function.

### 獨立非執行董事之獨立性

獨立非執行董事須在彼等獲委任時及每年確認其獨立性。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立身份而發出之年度確認書。獨立非執行董事不會參與本集團日常營運且彼等將就其於其中擁有任何利益的任何決議案放棄投票，因此，本公司繼續認為全體獨立非執行董事於回顧年度及直至本年報日期止均屬獨立人士。

### 企業管治

董事會承諾根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條履行企業管治職責，並致力確保實行有效之管治架構，以因應現行法律及監管要求，持續檢討、監察及改善本集團內部企業管治常規。

董事會履行的企業管治職能為檢討本集團企業管治之各種政策及措施、審查適用於董事及本公司僱員之操守守則、監察本公司之法律和監管合規情況、董事之培訓和持續專業發展情況，以及審閱本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況及本年報之披露情況。

本企業管治報告已獲董事會審閱，以履行其企業管治職責。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

### Continuous Professional Development

Pursuant to code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The company secretary of the Company regularly circulates training materials or briefings to all Directors in respect of the updates on, among other things, the Listing Rules, the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the “SFO”) or guidelines, the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and financial or accounting standards which may be of the interest to the Directors.

In addition, the company secretary of the Company also provides and circulates to the Directors with monthly and regular updates relating to the Group’s business, financial position and business environment, in which the Group operates. During the year, all Directors have complied with the code provisions in relation to continuous professional development, including but not limited to reading materials relevant to the Company’s business, director’s duties and responsibilities.

The company secretary of the Company continuously updates Directors constantly on the latest developments regarding the Group’s business and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

During the year, all Directors have provided their training records to the Company on a regular basis, and such records have been maintained by the company secretary of the Company for accurate and comprehensive record keeping.

### Liability Insurance for the Directors

The Company has arranged for appropriate directors and officers liability insurance to indemnify its Directors against liabilities arising out of legal action on corporate activities. Such insurance coverage is reviewed and renewed with consultant advice on an annual basis.

### 持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.1.4條，全體董事應參與持續專業發展，以提升及更新彼等之知識及技能。這是為了確保彼等對董事會作出知情及相關之貢獻。本公司之公司秘書定期向全體董事傳閱可能對董事而言屬重要之培訓材料或簡報，內容有關（其中包括）上市規則、香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》（「證券及期貨條例」）或指引、香港法例第622章公司條例及財務或會計準則之最新資料。

此外，本公司之公司秘書亦向董事提供及傳閱每月及定期更新資料，內容包括本集團業務、財務狀況及本集團經營所處業務環境。年內，全體董事已遵守有關持續專業發展之守則條文，包括但不限於閱讀有關本公司業務、董事職能與責任之資料。

本公司之公司秘書持續向董事提供有關本集團業務及其他適用監管要求之最新發展資料，以確保遵守企業管治常規並提高董事對良好企業管治常規之意識。

年內，全體董事已定期向本公司提供培訓記錄，而有關記錄已由本公司之公司秘書保存，藉以備存準確及完備之記錄。

### 董事之責任保險

本公司已安排合適的董事及高級職員責任保險，以彌償其董事因企業活動之法律訴訟所承擔之責任。該等保險受保範圍根據顧問意見按年檢討及重續。



## BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established various committees, including the Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, each of which has the specific written terms of reference that will be reviewed and updated, where necessary. Minutes of all meetings and resolutions of the committees are kept by the company secretary of the Company and open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director. Each committee is required to report to the Board on its decision and recommendations, where appropriate.

### Executive Committee

The Executive Committee has been established since March 2016 with specific written terms of reference with authority delegated by the Board, which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Executive Committee is responsible for general management, supervising the day-to-day management, performance and operations in accordance with the business strategy and keeping under review strategy and business development initiatives of the Group and monitoring their implementation. As at 31 March 2024, the Executive Committee comprised three members, namely Mr. Tang Ho Hong, Ms. Wong Chin Han and Ms. Ching Tak Won Teresa. Ms. Wong Chin Han resigned as a Director and ceased to be a member of the Executive Committee with effect from 1 April 2024. Mr. Tang Ho Hong was the chairman of the Executive Committee.

### Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has been established since March 2016 with specific written terms of reference, stipulating its authorities and duties in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. As at 31 March 2024, the Audit Committee comprised four INEDs, namely, Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven, Mr. Sung Tze Wah, Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung and Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence and Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven was the chairman of the Audit Committee. Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung resigned as an INED and ceased to be a member of the Audit Committee with effect from 1 July 2024.

## 董事委員會

董事會已成立各個委員會，包括常務委員會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會，並分別訂立具體書面職權範圍，在有需要情況下進行檢討及更新。委員會所有會議記錄及決議案文本均由本公司之公司秘書備存，並可供任何董事在提出合理通知下於任何合理時間查閱。各委員會須向董事會匯報其決定及建議（倘適合）。

### 常務委員會

常務委員會自二零一六年三月起成立，並已訂立具體書面職權範圍，載列董事會之授權，可於本公司網頁及聯交所網頁閱覽。常務委員會負責整體管理、根據業務策略監督日常管理、業績表現及業務營運，以及持續審閱本集團之策略及業務發展計劃及監察其執行情況。於二零二四年三月三十一日，常務委員會由三名成員組成，分別為鄧灝康先生、黃靜嫻女士及程德韻女士。黃靜嫻女士辭任董事，並不再為常務委員會成員，自二零二四年四月一日起生效。鄧灝康先生為常務委員會主席。

### 審核委員會

審核委員會根據上市規則第3.21條自二零一六年三月起成立，並已訂立具體書面職權範圍，規定其職權及職責，可於本公司網頁及聯交所網頁閱覽。於二零二四年三月三十一日，審核委員會由四名獨立非執行董事組成，分別為李永森先生、宋梓華先生、梁家棟博士測量師及陳浩華博士，而李永森先生為審核委員會主席。梁家棟博士測量師已辭任獨立非執行董事，並不再擔任審核委員會成員，自二零二四年七月一日起生效。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

The functions of the Audit Committee is, among others, to assist the Board to review the financial reporting, including interim and final results, to supervise over the Group's internal controls, risk management and to monitor the internal and external audit functions, the appointment, the re-appointment and removal of external auditor and to make relevant recommendations to the Board to ensure effective and efficient operation and reliable reporting. The functions of the Audit Committee will be reviewed regularly by the Board and amended from time to time, as and when appropriate, in order to be in compliance with the code provision of the CG Code (as amended from time to time).

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and may access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy, if considered necessary.

During the year under review, the Audit Committee members held two regular meetings with the Group's senior management and the external auditor of the Company. During the year and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee met to discuss and review, inter alia, the following matters:

- (a) the annual results for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2024, as well as the interim results for the six-month ended 30 September 2023 to ensure for full, complete and accurate disclosure in the aforesaid financial statements pursuant to the accounting standards and other legal requirement for presenting the same to the Board for approval;
- (b) the term and remuneration for the appointment of Ernst & Young as external auditor to audit and report on the consolidated financial statement of the Group for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2024 and perform agreed-upon procedures on the interim results for the six-month ended 30 September 2023;
- (c) the independence of the external auditor especially for those non-audit services;

審核委員會之職能旨在(其中包括)協助董事會檢討財務匯報(包括中期及全年業績)、監督本集團之內部監控及風險管理、監察內部及外部審計職能、委聘、續聘及罷免外聘核數師,以及向董事會作出相關推薦建議,藉以確保切實高效之業務營運及可靠之匯報。審核委員會之職能將由董事會定期檢討並不時於適當時候作出修訂,以遵守企業管治守則之守則條文(經不時修訂)。

審核委員會獲提供充分資源以履行其職責,並可根據本公司之政策在認為有需要之情況下尋求獨立專業意見。

於回顧年度,審核委員會成員與本集團高級管理層以及本公司外聘核數師舉行兩次定期會議。於本年度及直至本報告日期,審核委員會曾舉行會議以討論及審閱(其中包括)以下事宜:

- (a) 截至二零二三年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之全年業績及截至二零二三年九月三十日止六個月之中期業績,以確保上述根據會計準則及其他法律規定編製並呈交董事會批准之財務報表作出全面、完整及準確披露;
- (b) 委任安永會計師事務所為外聘核數師之條款及薪酬,以就本集團截至二零二三年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表進行審核及呈報,及對截至二零二三年九月三十日止六個月之中期業績執行經協商程序;
- (c) 外聘核數師(尤其是其非核數服務)之獨立性;





- (d) the overall effectiveness of internal controls and risk management systems; and
- (e) the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff, the accounting and financial reporting matters and their training programmes and budget.

The Audit Committee is satisfied with, inter alia, the audit fees, effectiveness of the audit process, independence and objectivity of Ernst & Young and has recommended to the Board the re-appointment of Ernst & Young as the Company's external auditor for the ensuing year at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

### Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee has been established on 17 March 2016 with specific written terms of reference, as revised from time to time, stipulating its authorities and duties in compliance with code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code, which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. As at 31 March 2024, the Remuneration Committee comprised four INEDs, namely, Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven, Mr. Sung Tze Wah, Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung and Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Tang Ho Hong. Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. Majority of the Remuneration Committee members are INEDs. Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung resigned as an INED and ceased to be the chairman of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 1 July 2024. Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence (an INED) was appointed the chairman of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 1 July 2024.

By reference to the corporate goals and objectives of the Company, the primary roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing a remuneration policy on the basis of basic salary and allowances, discretionary bonus and share options;

- (d) 內部監控及風險管理系統之整體成效；及

- (e) 員工資源、資格及經驗是否足夠、會計及財務匯報事宜以及彼等之培訓計劃及預算。

審核委員會對（其中包括）安永會計師事務所之審核費用、審核程序成效、獨立性及客觀性感到滿意，故向董事會建議於本公司應屆股東週年大會上續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司來年之外聘核數師。

### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會根據企業管治守則之守則條文第E.1.2條於二零一六年三月十七日成立，並已訂立具體書面職權範圍（經不時修訂），規定其職權及職責，可於本公司網頁及聯交所網頁閱覽。於二零二四年三月三十一日，薪酬委員會由四名獨立非執行董事（即李永森先生、宋梓華先生、梁家棟博士測量師及陳浩華博士）及一名執行董事（即鄧灝康先生）組成。梁家棟博士測量師為薪酬委員會主席。薪酬委員會之大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。梁家棟博士測量師已辭任獨立非執行董事，並不再擔任薪酬委員會主席，自二零二四年七月一日起生效。陳浩華博士（獨立非執行董事）已獲委任為薪酬委員會主席，自二零二四年七月一日起生效。

參照本公司之公司目標及宗旨，薪酬委員會之主要角色及職能如下：

- (a) 根據基本薪金及津貼、酌情花紅及購股權，就本公司全體董事與高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構以及就制定薪酬政策設立正式及具透明度之程序，向董事會提供推薦建議；



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| (b) to review and approve the senior management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;  | (b) 參考董事會之公司目標及宗旨，審閱及批准高級管理層之薪酬建議；  |
| (c) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Company, including, but not limited to, benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments for loss or termination of their office or appointment; | (c) 就個別本公司執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇向董事會提供推薦建議，包括但不限於實物利益、退休金權利及離職或終止職務或委任賠償付款；              |
| (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the directors' fee of the INEDs with reference to the range of remuneration of other independent non-executive directors in the similar industry and allow any out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties;  | (d) 經參考類似行業其他獨立非執行董事之薪酬範圍，就獨立非執行董事之董事袍金向董事會提出推薦建議，並給予其在履行職責時所產生之任何自付費用；           |
| (e) to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;   | (e) 考慮可比較公司支付之薪金、須付出之時間及職責，以及本集團內其他職位聘用條件；  |
| (f) to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management of the Company for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;                                 | (f) 檢討及批准向本公司執行董事及高級管理層就其離職或終止職務或委任而須支付之賠償，以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致；若未能與合約條款一致，賠償亦須公平及不致過多； |
| (g) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate; and  | (g) 審閱及批准因行為失當而解僱或罷免董事所涉及之補償安排，以確保補償與合約條款一致；若未能與合約條款一致，賠償亦屬合理及適宜；及                |
| (h) to review and/or approve matters relating to share scheme under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.  | (h) 審閱及／或批准上市規則第十七章所述有關股份計劃的事宜。   |

The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and may access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy, if considered necessary.

薪酬委員會獲提供充分資源以履行其職責，並可根據本公司之政策在認為有需要之情況下尋求獨立專業意見。

# Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

## 企業管治報告 (續)



During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting, in which it reviewed the existing remuneration policy by reference with the market research, communicated with the chief executive officer of the Company; and recommended amendments to the existing remuneration policy, if appropriate, performance-based bonus and approved the remuneration package and performance-based bonus paid to other Directors and senior management of the Company. No Director took part in any discussion or determination about his own remuneration.

於回顧年度內，薪酬委員會舉行一次會議，於會上參照市場研究審閱現有薪酬政策、與本公司行政總裁交流、就現有薪酬政策（如適用）、以績效為本的花紅提出修改建議，並批准向本公司其他董事及高級管理層支付之薪酬待遇及以績效為本的花紅。概無董事參與有關其本身薪酬之任何討論或釐定。

The Remuneration Committee has discharged or will continue to discharge its major roles to, among other things, approve the terms of the service agreements of the Directors and the senior management of the Company, make recommendations with respect to the remuneration and policies of the Directors and senior management of the Company and to review the remuneration package and recommend salaries, bonuses, including the incentive awards for Directors and senior management of the Company.

薪酬委員會已履行或將繼續履行其主要職務，以（其中包括）批准本公司董事及高級管理層之服務協議條款、就本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬及政策作出推薦建議，並就本公司董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇及建議薪金、花紅（包括獎勵）進行檢討。

Pursuant to the code provision E.1.5, the annual remuneration of other members of the senior management by bands for the year ended 31 March 2024 was set out below:

根據守則條文第E.1.5條，於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，高級管理層其他成員按等級劃分之年度薪酬載列如下：

Remuneration to the senior management by bands	按等級劃分之高級管理層薪酬	Number of individual 人數
Below HK\$500,000	500,000 港元以下	0
HK\$500,000 to HK\$1,000,000	500,000 港元至 1,000,000 港元	0
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001 港元至 1,500,000 港元	0
Over HK\$1,500,000	1,500,000 港元以上	3



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

### Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 17 March 2016 with specific written terms of reference, as revised from time to time, stipulating its authorities and duties in compliance with code provision B.3.1 of the CG Code, which are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. As at 31 March 2024, the Nomination Committee comprised four INEDs, namely, Mr. Sung Tze Wah, Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven, Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung and Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Tang Ho Hong. Mr. Sung Tze Wah was the chairman of the Nomination Committee. Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung resigned as an INED and ceased to be a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from 1 July 2024.

By reference to the corporate goals and objectives of the Company, the primary roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- (a) to review and evaluate the structure, size and composition (including diversity, skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations to the Board on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of, individuals nominated for directorships;
- (c) to assess the independence of INEDs;
- (d) to monitor the continuous professional development of the Directors;
- (e) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company;

### 提名委員會

提名委員會根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.3.1條於二零一六年三月十七日成立，並已訂立具體書面職權範圍（經不時修訂），規定其職權及職責，可於本公司網頁及聯交所網頁閱覽。於二零二四年三月三十一日，提名委員會由四名獨立非執行董事（即宋梓華先生、李永森先生、梁家棟博士測量師及陳浩華博士）及一名執行董事（即鄧灝康先生）組成。宋梓華先生為提名委員會主席。梁家棟博士測量師已辭任獨立非執行董事，並不再擔任提名委員會成員，自二零二四年七月一日起生效。

參照本公司之公司目標及宗旨，提名委員會之主要角色及職能如下：

- (a) 至少每年檢討並評估董事會之架構、規模及成員組成（包括多元化、技能、知識及經驗），並就董事會為配合本公司企業策略之任何建議變更向董事會提供推薦建議；
- (b) 物色合適之合資格人選成為董事會成員，並甄選獲提名人士出任董事職務或就此向董事會提供推薦建議；
- (c) 評定獨立非執行董事之獨立性；
- (d) 監察董事之持續專業發展；
- (e) 就委任或重新委任董事以及董事（尤其是本公司主席及行政總裁）繼任安排向董事會提供推薦建議；



- (f) where the Board proposes a resolution to elect an individual as an INED at the general meeting, the Nomination Committee should set out in the circular to shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting:
- the process used for identifying the individual why the Board believes the individual should be elected and the reasons why it considers the individual to be independent;
  - if the proposed INED will be holding their seventh (or more) listed company directorship, why the Board believes the individual would still be able to devote sufficient time to the Board;
  - the perspectives, skills and experience that the individual can bring to the Board;
  - how the individual contributes to diversity of the Board; and
- (g) the chairman or another member of the Nomination Committee shall attend the Company's annual general meetings and be prepared to respond to questions raised by shareholders on the Nomination Committee's activities and responsibilities.
- (f) 倘董事會於股東大會上提呈決議案以選舉個別人士為獨立非執行董事，提名委員會應於寄發予股東之通函及／或相關股東大會通告隨附之說明函件中，闡述：
- 列明用以物色該名人士的流程；董事會認為應選任該名人士的理由以及他們認為該名人士屬獨立人士的原因；
  - 如果候任獨立非執行董事將出任第七家（或以上）上市公司的董事，董事會認為該名人士仍可投入足夠時間履行董事責任的原因；
  - 該名人士可為董事會帶來的觀點、技能及經驗；
  - 該名人士如何促進董事會成員多元化；及
- (g) 提名委員會主席或另一成員須出席本公司之股東週年大會，並作萬全準備以回應股東就提名委員會活動及職責提出之問題。

The Company has adopted a nomination policy (the "**Nomination Policy**") which sets out the selection criteria and process and the Board succession planning considerations in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors and aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company and the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level. The Nomination Policy also sets out the procedures for the selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of Directors at general meetings. The selection criteria and nomination procedures set out in the Nomination Policy as follows:

本公司已採納提名政策（「**提名政策**」），當中載有關董事提名及委任之甄選標準及程序以及董事會繼任計劃之考慮因素，旨在確保董事會擁有適合本公司均衡的技能、經驗及多元角度，並確保董事會可持續運作且董事會具備適當的領導力。提名政策載列於股東大會上遴選及委任新董事及重選董事的程序。載列於提名政策的甄選標準及提名程序如下：





# Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

## 企業管治報告 (續)

### 1. Selection Criteria

- in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate, the Nomination Committee will consider the factors (as reference), including reputation, integrity, accomplishment and relevant experience in relation to the principal businesses of the Company from time to time, commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest, diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years old or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. These factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate;
- retiring Directors are eligible for nomination by the Board to stand for re-election at a general meeting. For those who have served as INEDs for a period of nine consecutive years standing for re-election, the Nomination Committee will consider the independence of such Director for nomination by the Board to stand for election at a general meeting and state the reason in the circular to the shareholders of the Company for the re-election;
- candidate(s) will be asked to submit the necessary personal information in a prescribed form, together with their written consent to be appointed as Director(s) and to the public disclosure of their personal data on any documents or the relevant websites for the purpose of or in relation to their standing for election as Director(s); and
- the Nomination Committee may request candidate(s) to provide additional information and documents, if considered necessary.

### 1. 甄選標準

- 於評估擬議候選人是否適當時，提名委員會將考慮的因素（作為參考）包括聲譽、誠信、成就及與本公司不時之主要業務有關的經驗、可投入時間及相關利益、各方面的多樣性，包括但不限於性別、年齡（18歲或以上）、文化和教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識和服務任期。該等因素僅供參考，並非詳盡無遺及具有決定性。提名委員會於認為適當時有權酌情提名任何人士；
- 退任董事有資格獲董事會提名於股東大會上重選連任。就已連續九年擔任獨立非執行董事的重選連任董事而言，提名委員會將考慮該董事的獨立性，以供董事會提名於股東大會選舉，並於致本公司股東之通函中就重選陳述理由；
- 候選人須以特定格式提交必要的個人資料，連同同意獲委任為董事以及就或有關其選舉為董事的個人資料於任何文件或相關網站公開披露的書面同意書；及
- 倘屬必要，提名委員會可要求候選人提供額外資料及文件。



### 2. Nomination Procedures

- the secretary of the Nomination Committee shall call a meeting of the Nomination Committee, and invite nominations of candidate(s) from Board members if any, for consideration by the Nomination Committee prior to its meeting. The Nomination Committee may also put forward candidate(s) who are not nominated by Board members;
- for filling a casual vacancy, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing candidate(s) to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation;
- until the issue of the circular to be sent to the shareholders of the Company, the nominated persons shall not assume that they have been proposed by the Board to stand for election at the general meeting;
- in order to provide information of the candidate(s) nominated by the Board to stand for election at a general meeting, and to invite nominations from the shareholders of the Company, a circular will be sent to the shareholders of the Company. The circular will set out the lodgment period for the shareholders of the Company to make the nominations. The names, brief biographies (including qualifications and relevant experience), independence, proposed remuneration and any other information, as required pursuant to the applicable laws, rules and regulations, of the proposed candidate(s) will be included in the circular to the shareholders of the Company;

### 2. 提名程序

- 提名委員會秘書須召開提名委員會會議，並邀請董事會成員提名候選人（如有）以供提名委員會於其會議前審議。提名委員會亦可提呈非由董事會成員提名的候選人；
- 為填補臨時空缺，提名委員會須作出推薦建議供董事會考慮及批准。就建議候選人於股東大會上參選而言，提名委員會須向董事會提名供其考慮及作出推薦建議；
- 於提供予本公司股東的通函發出前，獲提名之人士不得假設彼等已獲董事會建議於股東大會上參選；
- 為提供獲董事會提名於股東大會上參選之候選人資料，以及邀請本公司股東提名，本公司將向本公司股東寄發通函。該通函將載列本公司股東提名的遞交期限。根據適用法律、規則及法規規定提供之建議候選人的姓名、簡歷（包括資格及相關經驗）、獨立性、建議薪酬及任何其他資料將載入提供予本公司股東的通函；



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

- the shareholder of the Company can serve a notice to the company secretary of the Company within the lodgment period of its intention to propose a resolution to elect a certain person as Director, without the Board's recommendation or the Nomination Committee's nomination, other than those candidate(s) set out in the circular to be sent to the shareholders of the Company. The particulars of the candidate(s) so proposed will be sent to all shareholders of the Company for information by a supplementary circular;
  - a candidate is allowed to withdraw his candidature at any time before the general meeting by serving a notice in writing to the company secretary of the Company;
  - the Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidate(s) to stand for election at any general meeting; and
  - as there may be more candidate(s) than the vacancies available, and the "gross-vote" method will be used to determine who shall be elected as Director, the resolutions proposed for the candidate(s) by the shareholders of the Company shall therefore take the same form as the resolutions proposed for the candidate(s) recommended by the Board.
- 本公司股東可於遞交期限內向本公司公司秘書寄送通知，表達其有意在非由董事會建議或提名委員會提名的情況下提呈決議案，以推選除提供予本公司股東的通函已載列之該等候選人外的一名特定人士為董事。以此方式獲提名之候選人的詳情將透過向本公司全體股東寄發補充通函之方式供其參考；
  - 候選人可於股東大會前任何時間透過向本公司公司秘書寄送書面通知的方式放棄其候選資格；
  - 董事會應就其推薦建議之候選人於任何股東大會上參選的所有事宜擁有最終決定權；及
  - 由於候選人數目可能超過空缺位置，則將會使用「總額投票」方法以決定獲選為董事的候選人，因此，本公司股東提呈有關候選人的決議案應採用與董事會就推薦人選所提呈決議案的相同形式。

The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and may access to independent professional advice according to the Company's policy, if considered necessary.

提名委員會獲提供充分資源以履行其職責，並可根據本公司之政策在認為有需要之情況下尋求獨立專業意見。

During the year under review, the Nomination Committee held two meetings to discuss and review, inter alia, the following matters:

於回顧年度內，提名委員會舉行兩次會議，討論及檢討（其中包括）下列事宜：

- (a) the Nomination Policy;
  - (b) existing structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group and to make recommendations on any proposal changes, if any, to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (a) 提名政策；
  - (b) 董事會之現行架構、規模及成員組成（包括技能、知識及經驗）是否符合本集團業務需要，並就配合本公司企業策略之任何建議變更（如有）提供推薦建議；



(c) the Board diversity policy (the “Diversity Policy”); and

(d) the nomination of Directors for re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company.

### Board Diversity

The Company recognises increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives, sustainable and balanced development. In March 2016, the Company adopted the Diversity Policy stipulating the composition of the Board which sets out the approach to diversify the Board.

As at 31 March 2024, the Board comprised of seven Directors, amongst which two Directors were female. The Company is of the view that the current Board composition with different genders, diversified education background and work experience are in the interest of the development of the Group. The Board will review the composition and adjust the composition if appropriate.

In designing the Board’s composition, the Board, considers a number of aspects to achieve Board diversity, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Nomination Committee will also consider factors based on the Company’s business model, specific needs and meritocracy from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

As at 31 March 2024, the Board comprised seven Directors, including three executive Directors and four INEDs, in which comprising five male Directors and two female Directors thereby promoting critical review and control of the management process. The Board is also characterised by significant diversity, whether considered in terms of professional experience, skills and knowledge. The Group concerns the diversity of staff combination. As at 31 March 2024, approximately 33% of our senior management and approximately 41% of our total workforce were female. The Group will consider diversity during recruitment in order to achieve a balance gender ratio in our workforce.

Having reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Diversity Policy and the Board’s composition, the Nomination Committee is satisfied that the requirements set out in the Diversity Policy had been met.

(c) 董事會成員多元化政策（「多元化政策」）；及

(d) 提名董事於本公司股東週年大會上重選。

### 董事會成員多元化

本公司視董事會層面日益多元化為支持其達致策略目標及可持續均衡發展之關鍵元素。於二零一六年三月，本公司採納多元化政策以組建董事會，其中載列達致董事會成員多元化之措施。

於二零二四年三月三十一日，董事會由七名董事組成，其中兩名董事為女性。本公司認為，目前不同性別、多元化教育背景及工作經驗的董事會組成符合本集團的發展利益。董事會將檢討其組成，並於適當情況下調整董事會組成。

在設定董事會之成員組成時，董事會從多個方面考慮以達成董事會成員多元化，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期。在釐定董事會之最佳成員組成時，提名委員會亦會根據本公司之業務模式、具體需求及任人唯賢為原則不時考慮各項因素。

於二零二四年三月三十一日，董事會由七名董事組成，包括三名執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事，當中有五名男性董事及兩名女性董事，因此有助嚴格審閱及監控管理程序。董事會在專業經驗、技術及知識方面亦十分多元化。本集團關注員工組合多元化。於二零二四年三月三十一日，女性佔高級管理層約33%及佔員工總人數約41%。本集團將於招聘過程中考慮多元化以達致員工性別比例平衡。

經審閱多元化政策的執行情況和有效程度以及董事會之成員組成後，提名委員會信納本公司已經符合多元化政策所載之規定。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

### ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS AT VARIOUS MEETINGS

### 董事於各會議之出席情況

Details of the attendance of individual Directors at regular Board meetings, committee meetings and shareholders' meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2024 were as follows:

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，個別董事於定期董事會會議、委員會會議及股東大會之出席詳情載於下表：

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會	Special General Meeting 股東特別大會
Tang Ho Hong	鄧灝康	4/4	N/A 不適用	1/1	2/2	1/1	0/1
Ching Tak Won Teresa	程德韻	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	0/1
Wong Chin Han (Note)	黃靜嫻 (附註)	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1
Li Wing Sum Steven	李永森	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1	1/1
Sung Tze Wah	宋梓華	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1	0/1
Leung Tony Ka Tung (Note)	梁家棟 (附註)	2/4	2/2	0/1	1/2	1/1	0/1
Chan Ho Wah Terence	陳浩華	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1	0/1

Note: Ms. Wong Chin Han resigned as a Director with effect from 1 April 2024 and Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung resigned as a Director with effect from 1 July 2024.

附註：黃靜嫻女士於二零二四年四月一日辭任董事，以及梁家棟博士測量師於二零二四年七月一日辭任董事。





## EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

## 外聘核數師之酬金

The remuneration paid/payable to the Company's external auditor, Ernst & Young, for the year ended 31 March 2024 were set out as follows:

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本公司已付／應付外聘核數師安永會計師事務所之酬金載列如下：

Services rendered for the Group	向本集團提供之服務	Fees paid/ payable to Ernst & Young 已付／應付 安永會計師 事務所之費用 HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services:	核數服務：	
– annual financial statements	– 年度財務報表	3,080
– other service	– 其他服務	—
Non-audit services:	非核數服務：	
– agreed-upon procedures	– 協商程序	475
– taxation and professional services	– 稅務及專業服務	190
<b>Total:</b>	<b>總計：</b>	<b>3,745</b>

## ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

## 問責及審核

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparation and publication of the timely financial statements which gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and ensure that they are prepared in accordance with the statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. In preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2024, the Directors have adopted suitable accounting policies which are pertinent to the Group's operations and relevant to the financial statements and have presented an understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects.

董事明白彼等負責編製並刊發真實及公平地反映本集團財務狀況之適時財務報表，且須確保財務報表乃根據法定要求及適用會計準則編製。編製截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之賬目時，董事已採納與本集團業務有關及與財務報表相關之適用會計政策，並呈列對本集團之狀況及前景作出易於理解之評估。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

The Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, the accounts are prepared on a going concern basis and they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to the events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Directors continue to explore any opportunities with potential investors to enhance its financial position and business development of the Group by way of refinancing, extension of borrowings and/or fund raising.

A statement by the independent auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out on pages 85 to 95 of this annual report.

### DIVIDEND POLICY

The dividend policy adopted by the Company in November 2018 is intended to be prudent and sustainable, and will be evaluated from time to time and there is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any particular period. Subject to compliance with applicable rules and regulations, the Board may, at its discretion, determine the declaration of payment of dividend(s) to its shareholders in any amount, frequency in any financial year depending on, among other things, the Company's operation and financial performance, liquidity condition, capital requirements, future funding needs, contractual restrictions, availability of reserves and prevailing economic climate.

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has undertaken the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives and ensuring that the Group established and maintained appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems during the year under review where, pursuant to principle D.2 of the CG Code, such risks would include, amongst others, material risks relating to ESG, whilst the Audit Committee was overseeing and monitoring the effectiveness of these systems. Management of the Group was responsible for implementing and maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control system that safeguard the Group's assets and stakeholders' interest in aspects including operation, financial and compliance.

董事確認，就彼等經作出一切合理查詢後所深知、全悉及確信，賬目乃按持續經營基準編製，且彼等概不知悉有任何重大不明朗事件或狀況可能令本公司之持續經營能力出現重大疑問。董事持續物色任何與潛在投資者進行之商機，以透過再融資、延長借貸及／或集資等方式，加強本集團之財務狀況及業務發展狀況。

獨立核數師就彼等之申報責任發出之聲明載於本年報第 85 至 95 頁。

### 股息政策

本公司於二零一八年十一月採納的股息政策擬為審慎及可持續的政策，且將不時予以評估，概不保證會就任何特定期間支付任何特定金額的股息。在遵守適用規則及法規的前提下，董事會可酌情釐定按任何金額、頻率在任何財政年度向其股東宣派股息付款，其視乎（其中包括）本公司的營運及財務表現、流動資金狀況、資本要求、未來集資需求、合約限制、可動用儲備及當下的經濟環境。

### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會全權負責評估及釐定其為達致本集團之戰略目標而願意承擔之風險性質及程度，並確保本集團在回顧年度內建立及維持適當而有效之風險管理及內部監控系統（根據企業管治守則的原則D.2，該等風險包括（其中包括）有關環境、社會及管治的重大風險），同時由審核委員會監督及監察該等系統之成效。本集團管理層負責執行及維持健全而有效之風險管理及內部監控系統，在營運、財務及合規方面保障本集團之資產及持份者之利益。

# Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

## 企業管治報告 (續)



The Group has established risk management procedures to address and handle all significant risks associate with the business of the Group. The Board would perform annual review on any significant change of the business environment and establish procedures to response the risks result from significant change of business environment.

Management of the Company would identify the risks associate with the business of the Group by considering both internal and external factors and events which include political, economic, technology, environmental, social and staff. Each of the risks has been assessed and prioritised based on their relevant impact and occurrence opportunity.

The internal control systems are designed and implemented to reduce the risks associated with the business accepted by the Group and minimise the adverse impact results from the risks. The risk management and internal control system are designed to mitigate rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the year under review, the Company appointed external advisers to undertake the internal audit function and perform the ongoing monitoring of the systems of internal control of the Group and has reported their findings and recommendations to the Audit Committee and followed up the status of implementation of the recommendations to ensure all significant control activities are properly in place within the Group. The Group has adopted a risk-based approach in developing the annual internal audit plan to cover business activities with material risks across the Group. The rotation basis would be applied to operations with similar risk associated so as to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of the internal audit. All findings and recommendations on internal control deficiencies for the year have been communicated to management, who are required to establish remedial plans to correct those internal control deficiencies within a reasonable time period. Post-audit review is performed to monitor those agreed recommendations having been implemented as intended and on a timely basis. Based on the audit and post-audit review, the adviser reported that there was no significant deficiency on the internal control system of the Group for the year had been noted.

本集團已設立風險管理程序，以應對及處理與本集團業務相關之所有重大風險。董事會對業務環境之任何重大變化進行年度審閱，並設立程序以應對因業務環境重大變化引致之風險。

本公司管理層透過考慮內部及外部因素及事件（包括政治、經濟、科技、環境、社會及員工方面）識別與本集團業務相關之風險。本公司已根據各類風險之相關影響及發生機率進行評估及進行排序。

內部監控系統之設計及實施乃為降低本集團所接受與業務有關之風險，並盡量減少該等風險導致之不利影響。風險管理及內部監控系統乃旨在降低而非完全消除未能達成業務目標之風險，並僅可對消除重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對保證。

於回顧年度內，本公司委任外部顧問承擔內部審核職能及對本集團內部監控系統進行持續監察，將其審核結果及推薦建議向審核委員會報告，並跟進執行推薦建議之狀況，確保所有重大監控活動已於本集團內妥善推行。本集團已採納以風險為基礎之方法，制定年度內部審核計劃，涵蓋本集團具有重大風險之業務活動。具有類似風險之業務將應用輪替基準，以提升內部審核之效能及效率。年內就內部監控不足之所有發現及推薦建議已通知管理層，彼等須設立補救計劃，在合理時間內糾正內部監控不足之處。本集團亦進行審核事後檢討，以監察已同意之推薦建議按計劃及適時執行。根據審核及審核事後檢討，顧問匯報，於年內概無發現本集團內部監控系統有任何重大缺陷。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

### Review on Risk Management and Internal Control System

The Company has conducted annual review on the effectiveness and efficiency of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 March 2024 and senior management confirmed that there is no significant deficiency and weakness on the internal control system has been identified by the external advisory firm for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Board has reviewed with the Audit Committee and satisfied and confirmed that the Group's risk management and internal control systems in respect of financial, operational, compliance, risk management and adequacy of resources were effective and adequate.

The Company has conducted annual review on the effectiveness and efficiency of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 March 2024 and management of the Company confirmed that there is no significant deficiency and weakness on the internal control system which has been identified by the external advisory firm for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Board has reviewed with the Audit Committee and satisfied and confirmed that the Group's risk management and internal control systems in respect of financial, operational, compliance, risk management and adequacy of resources were effective and adequate.

### INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company aims at promoting and maintaining effective communications with its shareholders and investors (both individuals and institutions) to ensure that the Group's information is disseminated to the stakeholders and investors in a timely manner and enable them to have a clear assessment of the enterprise performance. A shareholders' communication policy (the "**Shareholders' Communication Policy**") has been adopted by the Company and the same is available on the website of the Company ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)). Other major means of communications includes:

### 檢討風險管理及內部監控系統

本公司已對本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之風險管理及內部監控系統之效能及效率作出年度審核，而高級管理層確認，截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度外聘顧問公司並無發現內部監控系統存在重大缺陷及弱點。董事會已與審核委員會檢討，並信納及確認本集團關於財務、營運、合規、風險管理及資源充足程度方面之風險管理及內部監控系統均屬有效及充分。

本公司已對本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之風險管理及內部監控系統之效能及效率作出年度檢討，而本公司管理層確認，截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度外聘顧問公司並無發現內部監控系統存在重大缺陷及弱點。董事會已與審核委員會檢討，並信納及確認本集團關於財務、營運、合規、風險管理及資源充足程度方面之風險管理及內部監控系統均屬有效及充分。

### 投資者關係及與股東溝通

本公司致力促進及維繫與其股東及個人和機構投資者之有效溝通，確保本集團可及時向持份者及投資者發佈資訊，令彼等明確評估公司表現。本公司已採納一套股東通訊政策（「**股東通訊政策**」），並載於本公司網頁 ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com))。其他主要通訊方式包括：



### Disclosures on Corporate Website

Extensive information on the Group's activities, ESG performance and financial position will be disclosed in its annual reports, interim reports, ESG Reports, announcements, circulars and other corporate communications which will be sent to the shareholders of the Company and/or published on the websites of the Stock Exchange ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)) and the Company ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)). Other inside information will be released by way of formal public announcements as required by the Listing Rules and Inside Information Provisions under Part XIVA of the SFO.

### General Meeting with Shareholders

The Company also acknowledges that annual general meetings and various general meetings are valuable forums for the Board to communicate directly with the shareholders of the Company and members of the Board and the members of various committees are encouraged to attend and answer questions at such general meetings.

In order to let shareholders of the Company to make an informed decision at the general meetings, sufficient notices with not less than 10 clear business days for every general meeting and 20 clear business days for every annual general meeting were given to the shareholders of the Company pursuant to the Bye-laws and any other applicable laws. The chairperson of general meetings will explain the detailed procedures for conducting a poll vote during the proceedings of meetings and answer all questions raised by the shareholders of the Company. All resolutions put to vote at general meetings are taken by poll and the poll results are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange as soon as practicable following the holding of the general meetings.

### 於公司網頁披露資料

有關本集團業務、環境、社會及管治表現以及財務狀況之詳盡資訊，將於其年報、中期報告、環境、社會及管治報告、公佈、通函及其他企業通訊資料內披露，而上述資料將寄發予本公司股東及／或刊載於聯交所網頁 ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)) 及本公司網頁 ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com))。其他內幕消息亦將會按照上市規則以及證券及期貨條例第XIVA部內幕消息條文之規定，以正式公佈方式發表。

### 舉行股東大會

本公司亦了解股東週年大會及各種股東大會乃董事會直接與本公司股東溝通之寶貴討論場所，故鼓勵董事會成員及各委員會成員出席該等股東大會及於會上回應提問。

為使本公司股東於股東大會上能夠作出知情決定，本公司已根據公司細則及任何其他適用法例，向本公司股東寄發具備不少於10個完整營業日（就股東大會而言）及20個完整營業日（就股東週年大會而言）之足夠通知期之通知。股東大會主席將闡述於大會程序時進行投票表決之詳細程序，並解答本公司股東提出之所有提問。所有於股東大會上投票表決之決議案均以書面點票方式進行，而書面點票結果於緊隨舉行股東大會後刊載於本公司網頁及聯交所網頁。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

Separate resolutions were proposed at the 2023 Annual General Meeting on each substantive issue and the percentage of votes cast in favour of such resolutions as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 22 August 2023 were set out below:

二零二三年股東週年大會就各項實質性議題分別提出決議案，贊成該等決議案之投票百分比（誠如本公司日期為二零二三年八月二十二日之公佈所披露）載列如下：

Resolutions proposed at the 2023 Annual General Meeting	於二零二三年股東週年大會上提出之決議案	Approximate percentage of votes 概約投票百分比
1 To receive, consider and adopt the audited consolidated financial statements and the reports of the directors and auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023.	省覽、考慮及採納截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度本公司之經審核綜合財務報表以及董事會報告及核數師報告。	99.9%
2 To consider, approve and declare a final dividend of HK0.69 cent per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.	考慮、批准及宣派截至二零二三年三月三十一日止財政年度之末期股息每股普通股0.69港仙。	99.9%
3(i) To re-elect Ms. Wong Chin Han as a Director.	重選黃靜嫻女士為董事。	99.9%
3(ii) To re-elect Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven as a Director.	重選李永森先生為董事。	99.8%
3(iii) To re-elect Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence as a Director.	重選陳浩華博士為董事。	99.9%
3(iv) To authorise the Board to fix the Directors' remuneration.	授權董事會釐定董事酬金。	99.9%
4 To re-appoint Ernst & Young as auditor of the Company and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.	續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司核數師，並授權董事會釐定其酬金。	99.8%
5(a) To approve the grant of the new repurchase mandate.	批准授出新購回授權。	99.9%
5(b) To approve the grant of the new issue mandate.	批准授出新發行授權。	99.8%
5(c) To approve the extension of the aggregate number of shares repurchased under the new repurchase mandate to the new issue mandate.	批准根據新購回授權而購回股份數目總額擴大至新發行授權。	99.8%



### Investor Relations

The Group also has a proactive investor relations programme that keeps investors and shareholders of the Company abreast the Group's latest development and discloses relevant information to the public in a timely manner. During the year, we held various meeting(s) with investors and participated in investor and press conferences. The Company reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy and considered it to be effective during the year under review.

### Shareholders' Rights of Convening a Special General Meeting

Pursuant to Bye-law 58 of the Bye-laws, shareholders of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting (the "SGM") to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and the SGM shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene the SGM, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may convene a meeting at only one location which will be the principal meeting place in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

The requisition (i) must state the purpose of the SGM; and (ii) must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the principal place of business of the Company at Suite 3201, 32/F., Skyline Tower, 39 Wang Kwong Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong (the "Principal Place of Business") for the attention of the company secretary of the Company. The requisition will then be verified and upon its confirmation that the requisition is proper and in order, the company secretary of the Company will forward the requisition to the Board and inform the Board to convene a SGM by serving sufficient notice to all shareholders of the Company.

### 投資者關係

本集團亦積極推行投資者關係計劃，讓本公司投資者及股東得悉本集團之最新發展並及時向公眾披露相關資料。於年內，本集團與投資者進行多次會議，並參加投資者會議及新聞發佈會。本公司已檢討股東通訊政策的實施及成效，並認為其於回顧年度內有效。

### 股東召開股東特別大會之權利

根據公司細則第58條，於呈遞要求當日持有不少於本公司繳足股本（附有可於本公司股東大會上投票之權利）十分之一之本公司股東，於任何時候均有權透過向董事會或本公司之公司秘書發出書面要求，要求董事會召開股東特別大會（「股東特別大會」），以處理有關要求中列明之任何事項；董事會須於該要求送達後兩個月內舉行股東特別大會。倘董事會於送達要求後21日內未能召開股東特別大會，要求者可根據百慕達一九八一年公司法（經修訂）之條文僅在一個屬於主要會議地點的地方召開會議，惟所召開之任何會議不得於上述日期起計三個月屆滿後舉行。

有關要求(i)必須說明股東特別大會之目的；及(ii)必須由要求者簽署，並送往本公司之主要營業地點，地址為香港九龍九龍灣宏光道39號宏天廣場32樓3201室（「主要營業地點」），註明本公司之公司秘書收。本公司隨後將會核實該項要求，於獲其確認該項要求為恰當及適當後，本公司之公司秘書會將該要求轉交董事會，告知董事會召開股東特別大會並向本公司全體股東發出具備足夠通知期之通知。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

### Putting Forward Proposals at Shareholders' Meetings

To put forward proposals at an annual general meeting of the Company or a SGM, the shareholders of the Company shall submit a written notice of those proposals with the detail contact information to the company secretary of the Company at the Principal Place of Business. The request will be verified and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary of the Company will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting of the Company. Moreover, the notice period to be given to all the shareholders of the Company for consideration of the proposals submitted by the shareholders of the Company concerned varies as follows pursuant to Bye-law 59(1) of the Bye-laws:

- (a) for an annual general meeting of the Company and any SGM at which the passing of a special resolution is to be considered, it shall be called by not less than 21 clear days' notice; and
- (b) for all other general meetings of the Company (including a SGM), they may be called by not less than 14 clear days' notice.

During the year under review, review of the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy was conducted by the Company to concerning inquiries from shareholders of the Company.

### Proposing a Person for Election as a Director

The procedures for proposing candidate(s) for election as director(s) at a general meeting of the Company are set out in the "Corporate Governance" section under the "About Wang On Properties" section on the website of the Group at [www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com).

### 於股東大會上提案

本公司之股東如欲於本公司之股東週年大會或股東特別大會上提案，須將該等提案之書面通知連同詳細聯絡資料送往主要營業地點，交予本公司之公司秘書。本公司將會核實該項要求，於獲其確認該項要求為恰當及適當後，本公司之公司秘書將會要求董事會在本公司股東大會之議程內加入有關決議案。此外，根據公司細則第59(1)條，就考慮本公司有關股東提案而向本公司全體股東發出通告之通知期按下文所列而有所不同：

- (a) 倘為本公司之股東週年大會及考慮通過特別決議案之任何股東特別大會，須予以不少於21個完整日之通告召開；及
- (b) 倘為本公司之所有其他股東大會（包括股東特別大會），須予以不少於14個完整日之通告召開。

於回顧年度，本公司已檢討股東通訊政策在處理本公司股東查詢方面的執行情況及有效程度。

### 提名人士參選董事

於本公司股東大會上提名人士參選董事之程序，載於本集團網頁 [www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com) 中「關於本集團」一節內之「企業管治」一節內。



### Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders and stakeholders of the Company may send their enquiries and concerns, in written form, to the Board or the company secretary of the Company by email to [pr@woproperties.com](mailto:pr@woproperties.com) or by addressing their enquiries to the Board or the company secretary of the Company in the following manners:

#### In respect of the corporate affairs:

Corporate Affairs & Investor Relations  
Wang On Properties Limited  
Suite 3201, 32/F., Skyline Tower  
39 Wang Kwong Road  
Kowloon Bay  
Kowloon  
Hong Kong

#### In respect of the other shareholding/entitlement affairs:

Tricor Investor Services Limited  
17/F, Far East Finance Centre  
16 Harcourt Road  
Hong Kong

### WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Company has adopted a whistleblowing policy to facilitate the achieving of high possible standards of openness, probity and accountability. Procedures are formulated to enable individual employees to disclose internally and at a high level, information which the individual believes that it shows malpractice or impropriety within the Group. During the year under review, no incident of fraud or misconduct was reported from employees that have material effect on the Group's financial statements and overall operations.

### COMPANY SECRETARY

During the year, Ms. Wong Chin Han was the company secretary of the Company, reported directly to the Board and was responsible for, inter alia, providing updated and timely information to all Directors from time to time. Ms. Wong resigned as company secretary with effect from 1 April 2024.

### 向董事會提出查詢

本公司股東及持份者可以將查詢及關注事宜，以書面形式經電郵發送至 [pr@woproperties.com](mailto:pr@woproperties.com)，或按以下方式，向董事會或本公司之公司秘書提交查詢：

#### 關於企業事務：

企業事務及投資者關係  
宏安地產有限公司  
香港  
九龍  
九龍灣  
宏光道39號  
宏天廣場32樓3201室

#### 關於其他股權／權益事務：

卓佳證券登記有限公司  
香港  
夏慤道16號  
遠東金融中心17樓

### 舉報政策

本公司已採納一項舉報政策，協助在可行情況下達成高水平之開放、誠信及問責性。本公司已制定程序，令個別僱員可在內部及在最高層級披露其認為反映本集團內出現不良或不當行為之資料。於回顧年度內，概無僱員報告對本集團財務報表及整體業務營運造成重大影響之任何欺詐或失當行為。

### 公司秘書

年內，黃靜嫻女士為本公司之公司秘書，直接向董事會報告，負責（其中包括）不時提供最新及適時資訊予全體董事。黃女士於二零二四年四月一日辭任公司秘書。



## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告 (續)

Mr. Cheung Chin Wa Angus was appointed as company secretary with effect from 1 April 2024, reports directly to the Board and is responsible for, inter alia, providing updated and timely information to all Directors from time to time.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, Ms. Wong has complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group acknowledges its corporate social responsibility to share some burden in building the society where its business has been established and thrived. During the year, the Group has participated different charity activities, e.g. donation to low income family, provision of scholarship and etc. The Group will keep the passion on the contribution of resources and caring to the society.

The Group is conscious of its role as a socially responsible group of companies. It has made donations for community wellbeing from time to time, supports the communities and encourages its employees to participate in any charitable events and caring services. For more details, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the “**ESG Report**”) of the Company published on the websites of the Stock Exchange ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)) and the Company ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)).

### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENT

There was no change in the Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.

The latest version of the Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws of the Company are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company at ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)) and ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)), respectively.

### CONCLUSION

Going forward, the Group will continue to review its corporate governance practices regularly to maintain high level of transparency, to enhance the Company’s competitiveness and operating efficiency and to ensure its sustainable development and to generate greater returns for its stakeholders.

張展華先生已獲委任為公司秘書，自二零二四年四月一日起生效，直接向董事會報告，負責（其中包括）不時提供最新及適時資訊予全體董事。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，黃女士已遵守上市規則第3.29條。

### 企業社會責任

本集團之創業發跡繫於社會，故深明「取之社會用於社會」之企業社會責任。年內，本集團參與各項慈善活動，包括捐助低收入家庭及提供獎學金等。本集團將不斷熱心公益，投放資源，惠澤社群。

本集團重視身為對社會負責之集團公司所肩負之責任。本集團不時向社區捐款、扶持社區及鼓勵其僱員參與任何慈善活動及關愛服務。更多詳情，請參閱刊載於聯交所網站 ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)) 及本公司網站 ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)) 之本公司的環境、社會及管治報告（「**環境、社會及管治報告**」）。

### 憲章文件

於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本公司之組織章程大綱及公司細則概無變動。

本公司組織章程大綱及公司細則已分別刊登於聯交所網站 ([www.hkexnews.hk](http://www.hkexnews.hk)) 及本公司網站 ([www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com))。

### 總結

展望將來，本集團將繼續定期檢討其企業管治常規，以維持高透明度水平，加強本公司之競爭力及營運效率，並確保持續發展，為其持份者帶來更大回報。





The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries of the Company comprise property development and trading, asset management and property investment in Hong Kong, details of which are set out in note 1 to the financial statements of this annual report. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

### RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 96 to 253 of this annual report.

The Group's revenue and loss attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$297.9 million (2023: approximately HK\$1,991.8 million) and approximately HK\$733.3 million (2023: profit attributable to owners of the parent of approximately HK\$211.1 million), respectively.

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2023: a final dividend of HK0.69 cent) for the year ended 31 March 2024 to shareholders. The Board did not recommend the payment of interim dividend for the six months ended 30 September 2023 (six months ended 30 September 2022: Nil).

### FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out on page 256 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

董事謹此提呈董事會報告及截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之本集團經審核財務報表。

### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司主要附屬公司之主要業務包括於香港之物業發展及買賣、資產管理及物業投資，詳情載於本年報之財務報表附註1。年內本集團之主要業務性質並無重大改變。

### 業績及股息

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之業績及本集團於該日之財務狀況載於本年報第96至253頁之綜合財務報表。

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之收入及母公司擁有人應佔虧損分別約297,900,000港元（二零二三年：約1,991,800,000港元）及約733,300,000港元（二零二三年：母公司擁有人應佔溢利約211,100,000港元）。

董事會不建議向股東宣派截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息（二零二三年：末期股息0.69港仙）。董事會不建議派付截至二零二三年九月三十日止六個月之中期股息（截至二零二二年九月三十日止六個月：無）。

### 五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之已刊發業績與資產、負債及非控股權益之概要載於本年報第256頁。此概要摘錄自經審核財務報表，但不屬於經審核財務報表之一部分。



## Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

### BUSINESS REVIEW AND ANALYSIS OF KEY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The business review and the key financial performance indicators to the businesses of the Group, including, among other things, the information set out below, are disclosed in “Management Discussion and Analysis” on pages 14 to 34 of this annual report.

- (a) a fair review of the Group’s business;
- (b) principal risk factors;
- (c) an analysis using key financial performance indicators;
- (d) key relationships with its employees, suppliers, contractors and customers; and
- (e) future development in the Group’s business.

The corporate social responsibility, environmental policies and performance of the Group were disclosed in the “Management Discussion and Analysis” section and the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report, and the Group’s standalone ESG Report published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

As far as the Board is concerned, the Group has complied in material aspects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024.

### SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the Company’s share capital and share options during the year, together with the reasons therefore, are set out in notes 32 and 33 to financial statements of this annual report, respectively.

### 業務回顧及主要財務表現指標分析

本集團之業務回顧及業務之主要財務表現指標包括(但不限於)以下所載資料, 於本年報第 14 至 34 頁之「管理層討論及分析」中披露:

- (a) 本集團業務之公平回顧;
- (b) 主要風險因素;
- (c) 採用主要財務表現指標進行之分析;
- (d) 與其僱員、供應商、承建商及客戶之主要關係; 及
- (e) 本集團業務之未來發展。

本集團的企業社會責任、環境政策及表現已於本年報之「管理層討論及分析」部分和企業管治報告披露及本集團獨立刊載之環境、社會及管治報告(於聯交所網站及本公司網站發佈)內披露。

就董事會而言, 於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團已於重大方面遵守對本集團之業務及營運造成重大影響之相關法律及法規。

### 股本及購股權

本公司之股本及購股權於年內之變動詳情及相關原因分別載於本年報財務報表附註 32 及 33。



## PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2024.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, every Director and other officers shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, losses or liabilities which they may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done about the execution of the duties of their respective office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and other officers of the Group for the year.

## DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 March 2024, the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity holders of the parent, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to approximately HK\$2,440.8 million (2023: approximately HK\$2,617.6 million), of which no final dividend was proposed for the year ended 31 March 2024.

## 優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達（即本公司註冊成立之司法權區）法例均無有關優先購買權之條文，規定本公司須按比例向本公司現有股東提呈發售新股份。

## 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

## 獲准彌償條文

根據公司細則，各董事及其他高級人員有權就或因彼等在各自職位上執行職務或與此有關之其他事宜所作任何行為而可能招致或引致之所有行動、損失或法律責任，從本公司資產及溢利中獲得彌償，並確保就此免受任何損害。於年內，本公司已為本集團董事及其他高級人員安排適當之董事及高級職員責任保險保障。

## 可供分派之儲備

於二零二四年三月三十一日，根據百慕達一九八一年公司法（經修訂）之規定計算，本公司可向母公司權益持有人分派之儲備約達2,440,800,000港元（二零二三年：約2,617,600,000港元），其中概無建議宣派截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息。



## Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2024, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 65.5% (2023: approximately 11.8%) of the total revenue and the sales to the single largest customer accounted to approximately 30.8% (2023: approximately 5.3%). Acquisition cost of land/properties and cost of services certified by authorised person of the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 74.7% (2023: approximately 43.3%) of the total acquisition cost of land/properties and cost of services certified by authorised person of and the single largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 42.1% (2023: approximately 16.1%) of the total purchases for the year.

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's total number of issued shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year were:

#### Executive Directors

Mr. Tang Ho Hong, *Chief Executive Officer*

Ms. Ching Tak Won Teresa

Ms. Wong Chin Han (*resigned with effect from 1 April 2024*)

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven

Mr. Sung Tze Wah

Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence

Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung (*resigned with effect from 1 July 2024*)

In accordance with Bye-law 84(1) of the Bye-laws, Mr. Tang Ho Hong and Mr. Sung Tze Wah will retire and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election as an executive Director and an INED, respectively, at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團五大客戶之銷售額佔總收入約65.5%（二零二三年：約11.8%），其中單一最大客戶之銷售額約佔30.8%（二零二三年：約5.3%）。本集團五大供應商應佔土地／物業收購成本及經認可人士認證之服務成本，分別佔土地／物業收購成本及經認可人士認證之服務成本總額約74.7%（二零二三年：約43.3%），其中單一最大供應商佔年內採購總額約42.1%（二零二三年：約16.1%）。

各董事、彼等之任何聯繫人或就董事所深知擁有已發行股份總數5%以上之本公司任何股東，概無於本集團五大客戶或五大供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

### 董事

於年內，本公司董事為：

#### 執行董事

鄧灝康先生，*行政總裁*

程德韻女士

黃靜嫻女士（於二零二四年四月一日辭任）

#### 獨立非執行董事

李永森先生

宋梓華先生

陳浩華博士

梁家棟博士測量師（於二零二四年七月一日辭任）

根據公司細則第84(1)條，鄧灝康先生及宋梓華先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪席退任，並符合資格及願意分別重選連任執行董事及獨立非執行董事。



The Company has received written annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven, Mr. Sung Tze Wah, Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung and Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence, being all INEDs, pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

## DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 35 to 40 of this annual report.

## UPDATE ON DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Change in Directors' remuneration was disclosed in note 8 to financial statements of this annual report.

Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Shanghai Industrial Urban Development Group Limited (Stock Code: 563) on 15 July 2024.

Save as disclosed above, during the financial year ended 31 March 2024, there is no other change in the information of the Directors since the publication of the 2023 interim report which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

## DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in notes 8 and 39 to financial statements in this annual report, no Directors nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, the holding company of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

本公司已接獲全體獨立非執行董事（即李永森先生、宋梓華先生、梁家棟博士測量師及陳浩華博士）根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性發出之年度書面確認。

## 董事及高級管理層履歷簡介

董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷詳情載於本年報第35至40頁。

## 董事資料更新

董事薪酬變動於本年報財務報表附註8披露。

陳浩華博士於二零二四年七月十五日獲委任為上海實業城市開發集團有限公司（股份代號：563）之獨立非執行董事。

除上文所披露者外，於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止財政年度，自二零二三年中期報告刊發以來，董事資料概無其他變動，而須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

## 董事之服務合約

擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本公司不可於一年內免付賠償（法例規定之賠償除外）而終止之服務合約。

## 董事於交易、安排或合約中之權益

除本年報之財務報表附註8及39所披露者外，年內，概無董事或董事之關連實體直接或間接於對本集團業務屬重大且本公司、本公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司之控股公司為訂約方之任何交易、安排或合約中擁有重大權益。





## Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors nor their respective associates had an interest in a business, apart from the businesses of the Group, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules during the year.

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 March 2024, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company and/or any of their respective associates had any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Part XV of the SFO or the Model Code under the Listing Rules.

### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them, or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

### 董事於競爭業務之權益

根據上市規則第8.10條，於年內，除本集團業務外，概無董事或彼等各自之聯繫人於已經或可能直接或間接與本集團業務競爭之業務中擁有權益。

### 董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債券之權益及淡倉

於二零二四年三月三十一日，董事及本公司主要行政人員及／或彼等各自之任何聯繫人概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部）之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊之任何權益及淡倉，或根據證券及期貨條例第XV部或上市規則項下標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益及淡倉。

### 董事購買股份或債券之權利

於年內任何時間，概無向任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女授出權利，可藉購買本公司股份、相關股份或債券而獲益，彼等亦無行使任何該等權利，本公司或其任何附屬公司亦概無參與任何安排可使董事於任何其他法人團體中取得該等權利。



## SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the “**Share Option Scheme**”) with the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 9 August 2016 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards for the eligible persons for their contribution or potential contribution to the development and the growth of the Group. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 9 August 2016 and, unless otherwise terminated earlier by the shareholders in a general meeting, will remain in full force for a period of 10 years from that date.

Under the Share Option Scheme, share options may be granted to any Director or proposed Director (whether executive or non-executive, including INEDs), employee or proposed employee (whether full-time or part-time), secondee, any holder of securities issued by any member of the Group or holding company or any substantial shareholder or any company controlled by a substantial shareholder, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of the Group or any substantial shareholder or company controlled by a substantial shareholder, or any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants.

The Board may grant share options to eligible participants to subscribe for shares of the Company for a consideration of HK\$1.00 for each lot of share options granted which must be accepted within 30 days from the offer date. Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders’ meetings of the Company.

The maximum number of share options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is the number, upon their exercise, not in aggregate exceeding 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time, excluding any shares issued on the exercise of share options. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the number of shares in issue, as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme.

## 購股權計劃

本公司採納本公司股東在二零一六年八月九日舉行之股東週年大會上批准之購股權計劃（「購股權計劃」），主要旨在獎勵或回報合資格人士對本集團發展及增長作出之貢獻或潛在貢獻。購股權計劃於二零一六年八月九日生效，除非股東於股東大會上提早終止，否則將自該日期起計十年期間內維持十足效力。

根據購股權計劃，購股權可授予任何董事或擬委任董事（不論執行或非執行，包括獨立非執行董事）、僱員或擬聘請僱員（不論全職或兼職）、借調員工、本集團任何成員公司或控股公司或任何主要股東或由主要股東控制之任何公司所發行證券之任何持有人、向本集團任何成員公司或任何主要股東或由主要股東控制之公司提供研究、開發或其他技術支援或任何顧問、諮詢顧問、專業或其他服務之任何人士或實體，或任何由一名或以上屬於上述任何類別參與人士控制之公司。

董事會可向合資格參與者授出購股權，以就每次獲授予之購股權按代價1.00港元認購本公司之股份，須於要約日期起30日內接納該購股權。購股權並無賦予持有人權利獲派股息或於本公司股東大會上投票。

購股權計劃項下可能授出之最高購股權數目，於獲行使時所涉及股份數目合共不得超過本公司不時已發行股本30%，惟不包括購股權獲行使時發行之任何股份。購股權計劃及任何其他計劃項下將予授出之所有購股權於獲行使時可予發行之股份總數，合共不得超過購股權計劃獲批准日期已發行股份數目之10%。



## Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant (except for a substantial shareholder or an INED or any of their respective associates) under the Share Option Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the number of shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of such limit must be separately approved by shareholders with such eligible participant and his/her associates abstaining from voting. Share options granted to a Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company (or any of their respective associates) must be approved by the INEDs (excluding any INED who is the grantee of the options). Where any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an INED (or any of their respective associates) will result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the Share Options already granted and to be granted to such person under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares in issue, and having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the Company's shares at each date of grant, in excess of HK\$5 million, such further grant of share options is required to be approved by shareholders in a general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules. Any change in the terms of a share option granted to a substantial shareholder or an INED (or any of their respective associates) is also required to be approved by the shareholders of the Company.

The exercise price must be at least the higher of (i) the official closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange on the offer date which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

As at the date of this annual report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 1,520,000,000 shares, representing 10.0% of the share capital of the Company in issue at the date of this annual report.

During the year, no share options were granted, exercised, lapsed, cancelled or outstanding under the Share Option Scheme.

購股權計劃之每名合資格參與者（主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人除外）於任何十二個月期間內行使購股權時可予發行之最高股份數目，僅限於本公司於任何時間已發行股份數目之1%。倘進一步授出超過該限額之購股權，則須取得股東另行批准，而該名合資格參與者及其聯繫人須放棄投票。向董事、本公司主要行政人員或主要股東（或彼等各自之任何聯繫人）授出之購股權，須取得獨立非執行董事（本身為購股權承授人之任何獨立非執行董事除外）批准。倘若向主要股東或獨立非執行董事（或彼等各自之任何聯繫人）授出購股權，導致截至授出日期（包括該日）之任何十二個月期間，因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授予或將授予該人士之購股權（包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使之購股權）而已發行及將予發行之股份總數合共超逾本公司已發行股份之0.1%及總值超逾5,000,000港元（基於各授出日期本公司股份收市價計算），則該等進一步授出購股權必須根據上市規則於本公司股東大會上獲得股東批准。授予主要股東或獨立非執行董事（或彼等各自之任何聯繫人）之購股權之條款如有任何變動，亦須經本公司股東批准。

行使價須至少為以下之較高者：(i)本公司股份於要約當日（須為營業日）在聯交所日報表所列之正式收市價；(ii)股份於緊接授出當日前五個營業日在聯交所日報表所列之平均收市價；及(iii)本公司股份面值。

於本年報日期，根據購股權計劃可供發行之股份總數為1,520,000,000股股份，佔本公司於本年報日期已發行股本之10.0%。

於年內，概無任何購股權根據購股權計劃授出、行使、失效、註銷或尚未行使。



Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 33 to financial statements of this annual report.

購股權計劃之進一步詳情載於本年報之財務報表附註33。

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

As at 31 March 2024, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO showed that the following shareholders, had notified the Company and the Stock Exchange of relevant interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company:

於二零二四年三月三十一日，就董事所深知，本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條規定存置之主要股東登記冊顯示，下列股東已知會本公司及聯交所其於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有之相關權益及淡倉：

#### Long positions in the ordinary shares of the Company:

於本公司普通股之好倉：

Name of shareholders	Notes	Capacity	Number of shares	Percentage of the Company's total issued share capital 佔本公司全部已發行股本之百分比 (Note 3) (附註3)
股東名稱／姓名	附註	身份	股份數目	
WOG 宏安	(1)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制公司權益	11,400,000,000	75.0
Mr. Tang Ching Ho 鄧清河先生	(2)	Other interest 其他權益	11,400,000,000	75.0
Ms. Yau Yuk Yin 游育燕女士	(2)	Other interest 其他權益	11,400,000,000	75.0



## Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

### Notes:

- (1) WOG held the entire issued share capital of Wang On Enterprises (BVI) Limited (“WOE”) which in turn held the entire issued share capital of Earnest Spot Limited (“Earnest Spot”). Earnest Spot directly held 11,400,000,000 shares of the Company. Under the SFO, each of WOE and WOG was deemed to be interested in all the aforesaid shares held by Earnest Spot for the sole purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- (2) Under the SFO, Mr. Tang Ching Ho was deemed to be interested in approximately 47.23% of the total issued share capital of WOG through (i) his personal interest; (ii) his spouse’s interest in WOG; (iii) his corporate interest via Caister Limited, Billion Trader Investments Limited, Rich Time Strategy Limited and Hearty Limited, being corporations controlled by him; and (iv) his interest being a founder of a discretionary trust, namely Tang’s Family Trust. Ms. Yau Yuk Yin, the spouse of Mr. Tang Ching Ho, was also deemed to be interested in approximately 47.23% of the total issued share capital of WOG through (i) her personal interest; (ii) her spouse’s interest in WOG; and (iii) being a beneficiary of the Tang’s Family Trust. Therefore, each of Mr. Tang Ching Ho and Ms. Yau Yuk Yin was deemed to be interested in all 11,400,000,000 shares of the Company held by WOG for the sole purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- (3) The relevant percentages were disclosed pursuant to the percentages as disclosed in the relevant disclosure forms filed under the SFO as at 31 March 2024.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, there were no persons, other than Directors or chief executive of the Company who had an interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

### 附註：

- (1) 宏安持有Wang On Enterprises (BVI) Limited (「WOE」) 全部已發行股本，而WOE則持有Earnest Spot Limited (「Earnest Spot」) 全部已發行股本。Earnest Spot直接持有11,400,000,000股本公司股份。根據證券及期貨條例，WOE及宏安各自被視為於Earnest Spot持有之上述所有股份中擁有權益(僅就證券及期貨條例第XV部而言)。
- (2) 根據證券及期貨條例，鄧清河先生被視為透過(i)其個人權益；(ii)其配偶於宏安之權益；(iii)其透過Caister Limited、Billion Trader Investments Limited、Rich Time Strategy Limited及Hearty Limited(由其控制之公司) 擁有之公司權益；及(iv)作為一項全權信託(即鄧氏家族信託)之創立人所持之權益而於宏安全部已發行股本約47.23%中擁有權益。游育燕女士(鄧清河先生之配偶)亦被視為透過(i)其個人權益；(ii)其配偶於宏安之權益；及(iii)作為鄧氏家族信託之受益人而於宏安全部已發行股本約47.23%中擁有權益。因此，鄧清河先生及游育燕女士各自被視為於宏安所持全部11,400,000,000股本公司股份中擁有權益(僅就證券及期貨條例第XV部而言)。
- (3) 相關百分比乃根據於二零二四年三月三十一日按照證券及期貨條例於提交的相關披露表格所披露的百分比予以披露。

除上文所披露者外，於二零二四年三月三十一日，除董事或本公司主要行政人員外，概無人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司披露之權益或淡倉，或記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。





## CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION

During the year under review, there was no continuing connected transactions of the Company which was required to be disclosed in this annual report pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### Connected Transactions

On 8 September 2023, (i) Viva Action Limited (“**Viva**”, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as vendor and Guidepost Investments Limited (“**Guidepost**”, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Wai Yuen Tong Medicine Holdings Limited, “**WYT**”) as purchaser and (ii) Shining Sun Developments Limited (“**Shining Sun**”, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) as vendor and Guidepost as purchaser respectively, entered into the sale and purchase agreements in relation to the sale and purchase of Success Vision Limited (“**Success Vision**”) and Nice Treasure Limited (“**Nice Treasure**”), pursuant to which, (i) Viva conditionally agreed to sell, and Guidepost conditionally agreed to purchase the entire issued share capital of Success Vision and the shareholder’s Loan at a consideration of HK\$43.8 million (subject to adjustment); and (ii) Shining Sun conditionally agreed to sell, and Guidepost conditionally agreed to purchase the entire issued share capital of Nice Treasure and the shareholder’s loan at a consideration of HK\$35.0 million (subject to adjustment), on the terms and subject to the conditions of the respective sale and purchase agreements. As WOG is a substantial shareholder (i.e. a connected person of the Company) of the Company and WYT is a subsidiary of WOG, the transaction constituted connected transactions of the Company Under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, details of which were set out in the joint announcement of WOG, WYT and the Company dated 8 September 2023 and the circulars of WOG, WYT and the Company dated 29 September 2023.

## 持續關連交易及關連交易

於回顧年度內，本公司概無根據上市規則第14A章須於本年報披露之持續關連交易。

### 關連交易

於二零二三年九月八日，(i)Viva Action Limited (「**Viva**」，本公司的間接全資附屬公司) (作為賣方) 與 Guidepost Investments Limited (「**Guidepost**」，位元堂藥業控股有限公司 (「**位元堂**」) 的間接全資附屬公司) (作為買方) 及 (ii) Shining Sun Developments Limited (「**Shining Sun**」，本公司的間接全資附屬公司) (作為賣方) 與 Guidepost (作為買方) 分別就買賣誠衛有限公司 (「**誠衛**」) 及利晴有限公司 (「**利晴**」) 訂立買賣協議，據此，(i)Viva 有條件同意出售而 Guidepost 有條件同意購買誠衛全部已發行股本及股東貸款，代價為 43,800,000 港元 (可予調整)；及 (ii) Shining Sun 有條件同意出售而 Guidepost 有條件同意購買利晴全部已發行股本及股東貸款，代價為 35,000,000 港元 (可予調整)，按相應買賣協議的條款及條件進行。由於宏安為本公司的主要股東 (即本公司關連人士)，而位元堂為宏安之附屬公司，因此，根據上市規則第 14A 章，交易構成本公司的關連交易，詳情載於宏安、位元堂及本公司日期為二零二三年九月八日的聯合公佈，及宏安、位元堂及本公司日期為二零二三年九月二十九日的通函。



## Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

Save as disclosed above, details of related party transactions undertaken by the Group during the year fell under Rule 14A.73 of the Listing Rules, are set out in note 39 to financial statements of this annual report.

The Company has complied with the requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and save as disclosed above, there were no other transactions which need to be disclosed as continuing connected transactions or connected transactions in this annual report in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

### DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations totaling approximately HK\$2.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$7.9 million).

### EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Group's emolument policy for its employees is set up and approved by the Remuneration Committee and the Board on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee and the Board, as authorised by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company, having regarded to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a Share Option Scheme as an incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report of the Directors and in note 33 to financial statements of this annual report.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 41 to 70 of this annual report.

除上述披露者外，本集團於年內進行之關聯人士交易（屬上市規則第14A.73條範圍內）之詳情載於本年報之財務報表附註39。

本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章之規定，且除上文所披露者外，概無其他須根據上市規則規定於本年報披露為持續關連交易或關連交易之交易。

### 捐款

年內，本集團作出慈善及其他捐款合共約2,000,000港元（二零二三年：約7,900,000港元）。

### 薪酬政策

本集團之僱員薪酬政策由薪酬委員會及董事會基於其功績、資格及能力制定及批准。

董事薪酬由薪酬委員會及董事會經計及本集團經營業績、個人表現及可資比較市場統計數據後決定，並由股東於本公司股東週年大會上授權。

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃作為對董事及合資格僱員之獎勵，購股權計劃詳情載於本年報之董事會報告之「購股權計劃」一節及財務報表附註33。

### 企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。有關本公司所採納企業管治常規之詳情載於本年報第41至70頁之企業管治報告。



## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient prescribed amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules up to the date of this annual report.

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee with specific written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules on 17 March 2016. During the year, the Audit Committee met twice with senior management and the external auditor of the Company to review and consider, among other things, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, the financial report matters (including the review of the audited consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2023 and the consolidated interim results for the period of six-month ended 30 September 2023), the statutory compliance, internal controls, continuing connected transaction(s) and the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function as well as their training programmes and budget.

As at 31 March 2024, the Audit Committee comprised four INEDs, namely Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven, Mr. Sung Tze Wah, Sr. Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung and Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence, and Mr. Li Wing Sum Steven was the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has reviewed the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 with management and the external auditor of the Company.

## EVENTS AFTER THE YEAR

Except for disclosed in this annual report, there is no significant event of the Group after the year.

## 充足之公眾持股量

按照本公司公開可得之資料及就董事所知，直至本年報日期，本公司已充份維持上市規則所規定之公眾持股量。

## 審核委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.21條之規定於二零一六年三月十七日成立審核委員會，已訂立具體書面職權範圍。年內，審核委員會與本公司高級管理層及外聘核數師舉行兩次會議，以審閱及考慮（其中包括）以下事宜：本集團採納之會計原則及慣例；財務匯報事宜（包括審閱截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表及截至二零二三年九月三十日止六個月期間之綜合中期業績）；法規合規；內部監控；持續關連交易；及本公司會計及財務匯報職能之資源、員工資歷及經驗是否充足，以及彼等之培訓計劃及預算。

於二零二四年三月三十一日，審核委員會由四名獨立非執行董事組成，分別為李永森先生、宋梓華先生、梁家棟博士測量師及陳浩華博士，李永森先生為審核委員會之主席。審核委員會與管理層及外聘核數師已審閱截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表。

## 本年度後事項

除本年報所披露者外，本集團於本年度後並無發生重大事項。



## Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告 (續)

### AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 have been audited by Ernst & Young, Certified Public Accountants, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. A resolution for the re-appointment of Ernst & Young as external auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

There has been no change of the auditor of the Company in the preceding three years.

On behalf of the Board

**Tang Ho Hong**

*Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer*

Hong Kong, 26 June 2024

### 核數師

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表經安永會計師事務所審核，安永會計師事務所將於本公司之應屆股東週年大會上任滿退任，並符合資格及願意接受續聘。有關續聘安永會計師事務所擔任本公司核數師之決議案將於本公司之應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

本公司於過往三年內並無更換核數師。

代表董事會

*執行董事兼行政總裁*

**鄧灝康**

香港，二零二四年六月二十六日



To the shareholders of Wang On Properties Limited  
(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

## OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Wang On Properties Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (the “**Group**”) set out on pages 96 to 253, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致宏安地產有限公司股東  
(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

## 意見

我們已審計列載於第96至253頁之宏安地產有限公司(「**貴公司**」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「**貴集團**」)之綜合財務報表。此綜合財務報表包括於二零二四年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，包括重大會計政策資訊。

我們認為，該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二四年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為擬備。





## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告（續）

### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“**HKSA**s”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the “**Code**”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

### 意見之基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》（「《香港審計準則》」）進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之專業會計師道德守則（以下簡稱「守則」），我們獨立於貴集團，並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信，我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷，認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。該等事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行審計並就形成意見的背景處理，我們不對該等事項提供單獨的意見。我們對下述各事項在審計中是如何應對之描述也以此為背景。

我們已經履行了本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任」部分闡述的責任，包括與該等事項相關的責任。相應地，我們的審計工作包括執行為應對評估綜合財務報表重大錯誤陳述風險而設計的審計程序。我們執行審計程序的結果，包括應對下述事項所執行的程序，為綜合財務報表整體發表審計意見提供了基礎。

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

## 獨立核數師報告 (續)



### KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

### 關鍵審計事項 (續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項
<p><i>Net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale</i> 發展中物業及持作出售物業之可變現淨值</p> <p>The Group's properties under development and properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. As at 31 March 2024, the carrying amounts of these properties under development and properties held for sale were HK\$3,018,785,000 and HK\$1,710,302,000, respectively, which in aggregate represented approximately 47.8% of the total assets of the Group.</p> <p>貴集團發展中物業及持作出售物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者中較低者列賬。於二零二四年三月三十一日，此等物業之賬面值分別為3,018,785,000港元及1,710,302,000港元，合共佔 貴集團總資產約47.8%。</p> <p>During the year, write-down of HK\$692,355,000 was recognised in profit or loss against properties under development.</p> <p>年內，就發展中物業在損益確認撇減692,355,000港元。</p>	<p>Our audit procedures to assess the net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale included the following:</p> <p>我們評估發展中物業及持作出售物業之可變現淨值的審計程序包括以下程序：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>obtaining and reviewing management's assessments and/or the valuation reports prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Group on which the management's assessment of the net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale was based, on a sampling basis;</li><li>取得及抽樣審閱管理層的評估及／或管理層對發展中物業及持作出售物業之可變現淨值評估所依據的由 貴集團委任之外部評估師所編製的估值報告；</li><li>assessing the external valuer's qualification, experience and expertise and considering its competence, objectivity and independence; and</li><li>評估外部估值師之資歷、經驗及專業知識，並考慮外部估值師的能力、客觀性與獨立性；及</li><li>involving our internal valuation specialists to assist us in the assessment of the valuation methodologies applied and the key parameters adopted in the valuations, including estimated selling prices and costs necessary to complete the development by comparing with market available data and management's development budgets, on a sampling basis.</li><li>由內部估值專員協助我們抽樣評估估值中所應用之估值方法及採用之關鍵參數，包括就預估售價及預估完成開發所需之成本，將市場可用數據和管理層之開發預算進行比較。</li></ul>



## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告（續）

### KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

### 關鍵審計事項（續）

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項
----------------------------	---

*Net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale (Continued)*  
發展中物業及持作出售物業之可變現淨值（續）

Management's assessment of the net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale is based on the estimated selling prices and costs necessary to complete the development, if any, and to sell these properties. The assessment of certain of these properties has also made reference to the valuations carried out by the external valuer engaged by the Group. This is identified as a key audit matter due to the materiality of the carrying values of the properties under development and properties held for sales and the significant estimation required to determine the net realisable value of the properties under development and properties held for sale, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

管理層對發展中物業及持作出售物業可變現淨值進行之評估乃基於預估售價及完成發展項目（如有）及銷售該等物業所需之成本。若干該等物業之評估亦已參考貴集團委聘的外部估值師進行之估值。此獲識別為關鍵審計事項，乃由於發展中物業及持作出售物業賬面值之重要性及釐定發展中物業及持作出售物業之可變現淨值時須進行重大估計，以反映於報告期末之市場狀況。

The accounting policies and disclosures in relation to the properties under development and properties held for sale are included in notes 2.5, 3, 16 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關發展中物業及持作出售物業的會計政策及披露載於綜合財務報表附註2.5、3、16及17。



### KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

### 關鍵審計事項 (續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項
<p><i>Impairment assessment of interests in joint ventures</i> 於合營企業的權益的減值評估</p> <p>The Group has various interests in joint ventures which are principally engaged in property investment and property development in Hong Kong. The Group's interests in joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. As at 31 March 2024, the aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in joint ventures was HK\$3,855,629,000, which represented approximately 39.0% of the total assets of the Group.</p> <p>貴集團在主要於香港從事物業投資及物業發展的合營企業擁有各種權益。貴集團於合營企業的權益乃按貴集團根據權益會計法應佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。於二零二四年三月三十一日，貴集團於合營企業的權益的賬面總值為3,855,629,000港元，佔貴集團資產總值約39.0%。</p> <p>For those joint ventures engaged in property investment, the Group determines the recoverable amount with reference to the fair value less costs of disposal of the investment properties held by respective joint ventures.</p> <p>就該等從事物業投資之合營企業而言，貴集團參考各合營企業持有之投資物業之公平值減出售成本後釐定其可收回金額。</p>	<p>Our audit procedures to assess the impairment assessment of interests in joint ventures included the following:</p> <p>我們評估於合營企業的權益的減值評估的審計程序包括以下程序：</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>obtaining and reviewing the valuation reports prepared by the external valuers engaged by the Group on which the Group's assessment of the impairment of interests in joint ventures was based;</li> <li>取得及審閱貴集團於合營企業的權益的減值評估所依據的由貴集團委聘的外部估值師所編製的估值報告；</li> <li>assessing the external valuers' qualification, experience and expertise and considering the external valuers' competence, objectivity and independence; and</li> <li>評估外部估值師的資歷、經驗及專業知識，並考慮外部估值師的能力、客觀性與獨立性；及</li> <li>involving our internal valuation specialists to assist us to assess the valuation methodologies applied and the key parameters adopted in the valuations, including estimated selling prices and costs necessary to complete the development by comparing with market available data and management's development budget, on a sampling basis.</li> <li>由內部估值專員協助我們抽樣評估估值所應用的估值方法以及所採用的主要參數，包括就預估售價及預估完成開發所需之成本，將市場可用數據和管理層之開發預算進行比較。</li> </ul>



## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告 (續)

### KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

### 關鍵審計事項 (續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項
----------------------------	---

*Impairment assessment of interests in joint ventures (Continued)*  
於合營企業的權益的減值評估 (續)

For those joint ventures engaged in property development, the Group determines the recoverable amount with reference to the gross development value of the properties under development or the fair value less costs of disposal of properties held for sale held by the respective joint ventures. The value is dependent on the expected market prices of the properties under development and properties held for sale held by respective joint ventures.

就該等從事物業發展之合營企業而言，貴集團參考各合營企業持有之發展中物業之開發總值或持作出售物業之公平值減出售成本後釐定其可收回金額。該價值視乎各合營企業持有之發展中物業及持作出售物業之預期市價而定。





KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

關鍵審計事項 (續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們之審計如何處理關鍵審計事項
<p><i>Impairment assessment of interests in joint ventures (Continued)</i> 於合營企業的權益的減值評估 (續)</p> <p>The Group engaged external valuers to perform the valuations of the properties under development, properties held for sale and investment properties held by the joint ventures as at 31 March 2024. 貴集團委聘外部估值師對合營企業於二零二四年三月三十一日持有之發展中物業、持作出售物業及投資物業進行估值。</p> <p>Based on the results of impairment tests, no impairment loss on interests in joint ventures was considered necessary for the year ended 31 March 2024. 根據減值測試結果，截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度毋須就於合營企業的權益作出減值虧損。</p> <p>The impairment assessment of interests in joint ventures has been identified as a key audit matter due to the materiality of the carrying values of the interests in joint ventures and the significant estimations involved in the impairment assessment. 於合營企業的權益的減值評估被識別為關鍵審計事項是因為於合營企業的權益的賬面值重大以及減值評估涉及重大估計。</p> <p>The accounting policies and disclosures in relation to the interests in joint ventures are included in notes 2.5, 3 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements. 有關於合營企業之權益之會計政策及披露載於綜合財務報表附註2.5、3及18。</p>	



## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告（續）

### OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 刊載於年報內其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年度報告內的信息，但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息，我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表之審計，我們的責任是閱讀其他信息，在此過程中，考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作，如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述，我們需要報告該事實。在這方面，我們沒有任何報告。

### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表，並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時，貴公司董事負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項，以及使用持續經營會計基礎，除非貴公司董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無其他實際替代方案。

審核委員會協助貴公司董事履行職責，監督貴集團的財務報告過程。



### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

我們的目標，是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並出具載有我們意見的核數師報告。我們遵照百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅對全體股東作出報告，除此以外，本報告並無其他用途。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔責任。

合理保證是高水平之保證，但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行之審計，在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起，如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響該等綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定，則有關錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

作為根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中，我們運用了專業判斷，保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦：

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險，以及獲取充足和適當之審計憑證，作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述，或凌駕於內部監控之上，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部監控，以設計適當的審計程序，但目的並非對貴集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。



## Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### 獨立核數師報告（續）

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also: (Continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

作為根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中，我們運用了專業判斷，保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦：(續)

- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論，根據所獲取之審計憑證，確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性，從而可能導致對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露，假若有關的披露不足，則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審計憑證。然而，未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容，包括披露，以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證，以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外，我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等，包括我們在審計中識別出內部監控之任何重大缺陷。

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

## 獨立核數師報告 (續)



### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Wong Cheuk Keung.

**Ernst & Young**  
Certified Public Accountants  
27/F, One Taikoo Place  
979 King's Road  
Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

26 June 2024

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明，說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求，並與他們溝通可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係和其他事項，以及為消除對獨立性有所威脅的行動或防範措施（如適用）。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中，我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要，因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項，除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項，或在極端罕見的情況下，如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益，我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審計項目合夥人是黃卓強先生。

**安永會計師事務所**  
執業會計師  
香港鰂魚涌  
英皇道979號  
太古坊一座27樓

二零二四年六月二十六日



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Year ended 31 March 2024

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>REVENUE</b>	收入	5	<b>297,894</b>	1,991,840
Cost of sales	銷售成本		<b>(224,310)</b>	(1,662,233)
Gross profit	毛利		<b>73,584</b>	329,607
Other income and gains, net	其他收入及收益淨額	5	<b>59,367</b>	93,498
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		<b>(83,700)</b>	(179,493)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		<b>(104,686)</b>	(108,169)
Other expenses	其他開支	6	<b>(60,387)</b>	(20,974)
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	金融資產減值虧損淨額	6	<b>(281)</b>	(17,217)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	<b>(181,010)</b>	(126,760)
Fair value gains on investment properties, net	投資物業公平值收益淨額	14	<b>2,714</b>	11,880
Fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net	按公平值計入損益之金融資產及負債之公平值(虧損)/收益淨額		<b>(11,584)</b>	3,010
Write-down of properties under development	發展中物業之撇減	16	<b>(692,355)</b>	(25,583)
Write-down of properties held for sale	持作出售物業之撇減	17	<b>-</b>	(58,688)
Share of profits and losses of joint ventures	應佔合營企業之溢利及虧損		<b>262,533</b>	316,775
<b>(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>	除稅前(虧損)/溢利	6	<b>(735,805)</b>	217,886
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	10	<b>(6,268)</b>	(7,032)
<b>(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR</b>	本年度(虧損)/溢利		<b>(742,073)</b>	210,854
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME</b>	其他全面(虧損)/收益			
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	於其後期間可能重新分類至損益之其他全面收益/(虧損):			
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資:			
Changes in fair value	公平值變動		<b>(44,252)</b>	(35,881)
Reclassification adjustments for losses included in profit or loss	計入損益之虧損之重新分類調整			
— loss on disposal/redemption, net	— 出售/贖回之虧損淨額		<b>60,044</b>	20,974
— impairment losses, net	— 減值虧損淨額	19	<b>1,220</b>	16,865
Net other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	於其後期間可能重新分類至損益之其他全面收益淨額		<b>17,012</b>	1,958
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR</b>	本年度其他全面收益		<b>17,012</b>	1,958
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR</b>	本年度全面(虧損)/收益總額		<b>(725,061)</b>	212,812

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

## 綜合損益及其他全面收益表（續）

Year ended 31 March 2024  
截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

	Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit attributable to:	應佔（虧損）／溢利：		
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	<b>(733,276)</b>	211,066
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	<b>(8,797)</b>	(212)
		<b>(742,073)</b>	210,854
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:	應佔全面（虧損）／收益總額：		
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	<b>(716,264)</b>	213,024
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	<b>(8,797)</b>	(212)
		<b>(725,061)</b>	212,812
<b>(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT</b>	母公司普通權益持有人應佔每股（虧損）／盈利		
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	<b>(HK4.82 cents)</b> 港仙	HK1.39 cents 港仙
	12		

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
<b>非流動資產</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	86,687	98,492
Investment properties	投資物業	14	71,000	147,000
Club membership	俱樂部會籍		17,780	16,800
Properties under development	發展中物業	16	243,600	1,992,527
Interests in joint ventures	於合營企業的權益	18	3,855,629	3,538,229
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	22	17,808	887
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	23	28,449	156,308
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資	19	–	101,714
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	20	775	49,510
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	31	3,965	7,729
Total non-current assets			4,325,693	6,109,196
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
<b>流動資產</b>				
Properties under development	發展中物業	16	1,925,060	2,243,399
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業	17	1,710,302	245,808
Trade receivables	應收賬款	21	2,336	8,203
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	22	–	11,696
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產	23	281,401	221,618
Cost of obtaining contracts	獲得合約之成本	24	18,443	13,360
Tax recoverable	可收回稅項		3,100	2,798
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資	19	2,486	6,450
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	20	41,086	14,346
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	25	722,742	869,150
Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale			4,706,956	3,636,828
分類為持作出售的一個出售集團的資產		26	857,292	–
Total current assets			5,564,248	3,636,828

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

## 綜合財務狀況表（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>流動負債</b>			
Trade payables	應付賬款	27	112,355	73,740
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	28	214,464	128,614
Contract liabilities	合約負債	29	71,821	43,355
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借貸	30	3,149,757	2,167,915
Tax payable	應付稅項		4,284	5,122
			<b>3,552,681</b>	2,418,746
Liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售的一個出售集團的負債	26	322,936	-
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		<b>3,875,617</b>	2,418,746
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>流動資產淨值</b>		<b>1,688,631</b>	1,218,082
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>總資產減流動負債</b>		<b>6,014,324</b>	7,327,278
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>非流動負債</b>			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的金融負債	20	606	-
Other payables	其他應付款項	28	962	6,661
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借貸	30	1,565,047	2,037,447
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	31	562	482
Total non-current liabilities	總非流動負債		<b>1,567,177</b>	2,044,590
Net assets	資產淨值		<b>4,447,147</b>	5,282,688
<b>EQUITY</b>	<b>權益</b>			
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the parent</b>	<b>母公司擁有人應佔權益</b>			
Issued capital	已發行股本	32	15,200	15,200
Reserves	儲備	34	4,435,444	5,256,588
			<b>4,450,644</b>	5,271,788
<b>Non-controlling interests</b>	<b>非控股權益</b>		<b>(3,497)</b>	10,900
Total equity	權益總額		<b>4,447,147</b>	5,282,688

Tang Ho Hong  
鄧灝康  
Director  
董事

Ching Tak Won Teresa  
程德韻  
Director  
董事



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

## 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2024

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔							Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	Total equity 權益總額	
		Issued capital 已發行股本	Share premium 股份溢價	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘	Capital reserve 資本儲備	Merger reserve 合併儲備	Fair value reserve (recycling) (可劃轉) 公平值儲備	Retained profits 保留溢利			Total 合計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
			(note 34(i)) (附註34(i))	(note 34(ii)) (附註34(ii))	(note 34(iii)) (附註34(iii))	(note 34(iv)) (附註34(iv))					
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	15,200	316,889	1,553,914	(310)	(71)	(25,787)	3,312,929	5,172,764	11,112	5,183,876
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	-	-	-	-	-	-	211,066	211,066	(212)	210,854
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year:	本年度其他全面收益/(虧損):										
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資:										
Changes in fair value	公平值變動	-	-	-	-	-	(35,881)	-	(35,881)	-	(35,881)
Reclassification adjustments for losses included in profit or loss	計入損益之虧損之重新分類調整										
- loss on disposal/redemption, net	- 出售/贖回虧損淨額	-	-	-	-	-	20,974	-	20,974	-	20,974
- impairment losses, net	- 減值虧損淨額	-	-	-	-	-	16,865	-	16,865	-	16,865
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度全面收益/(虧損) 總額	-	-	-	-	-	1,958	211,066	213,024	(212)	212,812
2022 final dividend declared and paid	已宣派及派付二零二二年末期股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	(114,000)	(114,000)	-	(114,000)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及二零二三年四月一日	15,200	316,889*	1,553,914*	(310)*	(71)*	(23,829)*	3,409,995*	5,271,788	10,900	5,282,688
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(733,276)	(733,276)	(8,797)	(742,073)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year:	本年度其他全面(虧損)/收益:										
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資:										
Changes in fair value	公平值變動	-	-	-	-	-	(44,252)	-	(44,252)	-	(44,252)
Reclassification adjustments for losses included in profit or loss	計入損益之虧損之重新分類調整										
- loss on disposal/redemption, net	- 出售/贖回虧損淨額	-	-	-	-	-	60,044	-	60,044	-	60,044
- impairment losses, net	- 減值虧損淨額	-	-	-	-	-	1,220	-	1,220	-	1,220
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	本年度全面(虧損)/收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	17,012	(733,276)	(716,264)	(8,797)	(725,061)
Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder	派付予非控股股東之股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,600)	(5,600)
2023 final dividend declared and paid (note 11)	已宣派及派付二零二三年末期股息(附註11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(104,880)	(104,880)	-	(104,880)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	15,200	316,889*	1,553,914*	(310)*	(71)*	(6,817)*	2,571,839*	4,450,644	(3,497)	4,447,147

\* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$4,435,444,000 (2023: HK\$5,256,588,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

\* 該等儲備賬組成綜合財務狀況表內之綜合儲備4,435,444,000港元(二零二三年: 5,256,588,000港元)。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2024  
截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

	Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>來自經營業務之現金流量</b>		
(Loss)/profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)/溢利	<b>(735,805)</b>	217,886
Adjustments for:	已調整以下各項:		
Finance costs	融資成本	<b>181,010</b>	126,760
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款之利息收入	<b>(9,593)</b>	(13,826)
Interest income from loan receivables	應收貸款之利息收入	-	(170)
Interest income from debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資之利息收入	<b>(10,934)</b>	(18,230)
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產之利息收入	<b>(5,184)</b>	(5,180)
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產之股息收入	<b>(5,700)</b>	-
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries, net	出售附屬公司之虧損淨額	<b>343</b>	-
Gain on disposal of a joint venture	出售合營企業之收益	-	(14,551)
Loss on disposal/redemption of debts investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	出售/贖回按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之虧損	<b>60,044</b>	20,974
Share of profits and losses of joint ventures	應佔合營企業之溢利及虧損	<b>(262,533)</b>	(316,775)
Fair value gains on investment properties, net	投資物業之公平值收益淨額	<b>(2,714)</b>	(11,880)
Fair value losses/(gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net	按公平值計入損益之金融資產及負債公平值虧損/(收益)淨額	<b>11,584</b>	(3,010)
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	金融資產之減值虧損淨額	<b>281</b>	17,217
Depreciation of owned assets	自有資產折舊	<b>905</b>	1,564
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	<b>13,810</b>	13,353
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收益	-	(2)
Write-down of properties under development	發展中物業之撇減	<b>692,355</b>	25,583
Write-down of properties held for sale	持作出售物業之撇減	-	58,688
		<b>(72,131)</b>	98,401
Decrease in properties held for sale	持作出售物業減少	<b>195,173</b>	1,640,965
Increase in properties under development	發展中物業增加	<b>(987,623)</b>	(1,060,200)
Decrease in trade receivables	應收賬款減少	<b>5,867</b>	1,883
(Increase)/decrease in loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息(增加)/減少	<b>(9,679)</b>	14,159
Decrease in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產減少	<b>61,717</b>	55,339
Increase in cost of obtaining contracts	取得合約之成本增加	<b>(5,083)</b>	(3,287)
Increase in trade payables	應付賬款增加	<b>38,615</b>	53,559
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用增加	<b>24,435</b>	13,344
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities	合約負債增加/(減少)	<b>28,466</b>	(464,388)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	經營業務(所用)/所得現金	<b>(720,243)</b>	349,775
Profits tax paid	已付利得稅	<b>(3,564)</b>	(1,563)
Interest paid related to lease liabilities	與租賃負債相關之已付利息	<b>(332)</b>	(403)
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	經營業務(所用)/所得現金流量淨額	<b>(724,139)</b>	347,809



# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

## 綜合現金流量表 (續)

Year ended 31 March 2024

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Notes 附註			
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>來自投資活動之現金流量</b>		
Interest received		已收利息	<b>32,804</b>	31,403
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		按公平值計入損益之金融資產之股息收入	<b>5,700</b>	–
Additions to investment properties	5	添置投資物業	<b>(86)</b>	(20)
Subscription of club membership	14	俱樂部會籍費用	<b>(980)</b>	(16,800)
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment		購入物業、廠房及設備項目	<b>(352)</b>	(1,381)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	13	出售物業、廠房及設備項目之所得款項	–	9
Purchase of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income		購入按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資	–	(14,849)
Proceeds from disposals of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income		出售按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資之所得款項	<b>61,703</b>	19,836
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		購入按公平值計入損益之金融資產	<b>(54,146)</b>	(18,483)
Proceeds from disposals/redemption of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		出售/贖回按公平值計入損益之金融資產所得款項	<b>64,599</b>	57,210
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	35	出售附屬公司之所得款項	<b>77,781</b>	279,013
Proceeds from disposal of a joint venture		出售一間合營企業之所得款項	–	20,743
Investments in joint ventures		投資合營企業	<b>(400)</b>	–
Return of capital from joint ventures		合營企業返還股本	–	8,847
Repayments of loans by joint ventures		合營企業償還貸款	<b>49,213</b>	526,310
Cash advanced to joint ventures		預付予合營企業之現金	<b>(114,180)</b>	(433,277)
Dividend received from joint ventures		已收合營企業之股息	<b>10,500</b>	126,550
Decrease/(increase) in non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of over three months		原到期日超過三個月之無抵押定期存款減少/(增加)	<b>258,060</b>	(258,060)
Deposits received for proposed disposal of subsidiaries		建議出售附屬公司收取之訂金	<b>19,927</b>	–
<b>Net cash flows from investing activities</b>		<b>投資活動所得現金流量淨額</b>	<b>410,143</b>	327,051

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

## 綜合現金流量表（續）

Year ended 31 March 2024  
截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

	Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>來自融資活動之現金流量</b>			
Interest paid	已付利息	(256,525)	(168,308)	
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款之本金部分	(10,904)	(10,342)	
New bank borrowings	新增銀行貸款	1,873,693	862,693	
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行貸款	(1,587,381)	(1,467,342)	
New other borrowings	新增其他貸款	820,755	–	
Repayment of other borrowings	償還其他貸款	(300,655)	–	
Dividend paid	已付股息	(104,880)	(114,000)	
Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder	已付非控股股東之股息	(5,600)	–	
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得／（所用）現金流量淨額	428,503	(897,299)	
<b>NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>現金及現金等同項目之增加／（減少）淨額</b>	<b>114,507</b>	<b>(222,439)</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等同項目	611,090	833,529	
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>年終現金及現金等同項目</b>	<b>725,597</b>	<b>611,090</b>	
<b>ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>現金及現金等同項目之結餘分析</b>			
Cash and bank balances as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position	列入綜合財務狀況表之現金及銀行結餘	25	722,742	869,150
Add: Cash and bank balances of a disposal group	加：一個出售集團之現金及銀行結餘	26	2,855	–
Less: Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of over three months	減：原到期日超過三個月之無抵押定期存款	25	–	(258,060)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of cash flows	列入綜合現金流量表之現金及現金等同項目		725,597	611,090



# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Wang On Properties Limited (the “**Company**”) is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Suite 3201, 32/F., Skyline Tower, 39 Wang Kwong Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) were principally engaged in the property development and trading, property investment and asset management businesses.

In the opinion of the Company’s directors, Earnest Spot Limited (“**Earnest Spot**”), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (“**BVI**”), is the immediate holding company of the Company, and Wang On Group Limited (“**WOG**”), a company incorporated in Bermuda and listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”), is the ultimate holding company of the Company.

### 1. 公司及集團資料

宏安地產有限公司（「**本公司**」）為在百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港九龍九龍灣宏光道39號宏天廣場32樓3201室。

年內，本公司及其附屬公司（統稱「**本集團**」）主要從事物業發展及買賣、物業投資及資產管理業務。

本公司董事認為，Earnest Spot Limited（「**Earnest Spot**」）一間於英屬維爾京群島（「**英屬維爾京群島**」）註冊成立之公司）為本公司之直接控股公司，而Wang On Group Limited（宏安集團有限公司）（「**宏安**」）（一間於百慕達註冊成立並於香港聯合交易所（「**聯交所**」）主板上市之公司）為本公司之最終控股公司。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

(Continued)

#### Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

### 1. 公司及集團資料（續）

#### 有關附屬公司之資料

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued ordinary share capital 已發行普通股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔權益百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
City Concord Limited* 世港有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Property investment 物業投資
East Run Investments Limited	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	—	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Ever World Limited 永聖有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
Grandwall Investment Limited 高和投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$100 普通股100港元	—	60	Property development 物業發展
Hony Limited 凱昕有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Provision of asset management services 提供資產管理服務
Million Famous Limited* 美鋒有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
Miracle Cheer Limited	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100	—	Investment holding 投資控股
More Action Investments Limited*	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	—	100	Investment holding 投資控股
New Grand Limited* 樂傲有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

(Continued)

#### Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued ordinary share capital 已發行普通股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔權益百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
New Merit Limited* 隆滿有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
New Rich Investments Limited 龍勝投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$100 普通股 100 港元	—	60	Property development 物業發展
Newex Limited 力惠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
Rich United Limited* 榮特有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	70	Property development 物業發展
Sky Earth Limited 超雅有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	100	Provision of financial services 提供金融服務
Sparkle Hope Limited 英屬維爾京群島	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股 1 美元	—	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Star Bonus Limited* 星崙有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
Star Union Ltd 新德聯有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	100	Property investment 物業投資
Swift Prosper Limited 迅盛有限公司	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股 1 美元	—	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Top Harmony Limited* 泰鏗有限公司*	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
Top Strong Investment Limited 世強投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1 港元	—	100	Securities investment 證券投資

### 1. 公司及集團資料 (續)

#### 有關附屬公司之資料 (續)

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下：(續)

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

(Continued)

#### Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及營業地點	Issued ordinary share capital 已發行普通股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔權益百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Top Supreme Limited 泰新有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
Twist Pioneer Limited	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	—	100	Securities investment 證券投資
Vincent Investments Limited 永宜投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	—	100	Property development 物業發展
Wang On Asset Management Limited 宏安資產管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Provision of asset management services 提供資產管理服務
Wang On Properties Services Limited 宏安地產服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Provision of management services 提供管理服務
Wang On Services Limited 宏安服務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	—	100	Provision of management services 提供管理服務
Wise Ocean International Limited 智洋國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	—	100	Property holding 持有物業

\* Certain bank and other loans of the Group are secured by share charges in respect of the equity interests in these subsidiaries (note 30).

### 1. 公司及集團資料（續）

#### 有關附屬公司之資料（續）

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下：（續）

\* 本集團若干銀行及其他貸款由該等附屬公司股權之股份押記作抵押（附註30）。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

(Continued)

#### Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Details of the subsidiaries disposed of during the year are summarised in note 35 to the financial statements.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of presentation

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings amounted to HK\$3,472,229,000, of which HK\$322,472,000 was included in liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale (note 26), while its cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$722,742,000. In addition, the Group recorded a loss for the year of HK\$742,073,000 and a net cash used in operating activities of HK\$724,139,000 for the year ended 31 March 2024.

In view of such circumstances, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity and performance of the Group and its available sources of finance in assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial resources to fulfill its financial obligations and continue as a going concern for at least 12 months from 31 March 2024. The Group has formulated the following plans and measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve its cash flows:

### 1. 公司及集團資料 (續)

#### 有關附屬公司之資料 (續)

年內已出售之附屬公司詳情於財務報表附註35概述。

本公司董事認為上表所列之本公司附屬公司為本年度業績帶來重大影響或為本集團資產淨值之主要部分。本公司董事認為詳列其他附屬公司之資料將令篇幅過於冗長。

### 2. 會計政策

#### 2.1 呈列基準

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團計息銀行及其他借貸之即期部分為3,472,229,000港元，其中322,472,000港元計入分類為持作出售的一個出售集團之負債，而其現金及現金等同項目為722,742,000港元。此外，截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度本集團錄得年度虧損742,073,000港元及經營業務所用現金淨額724,139,000港元。

鑒於該等情況，本公司董事已審慎考慮本集團未來流動資金及表現以及其可用融資來源，以評估本集團是否有足夠財務資源履行其財務責任並自二零二四年三月三十一日起繼續持續經營至少12個月。本集團已制定以下計劃及措施緩解流動資金壓力及改善現金流量：

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日



## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

- (a) The Group is actively negotiating with its existing lenders on the refinancing of existing bank borrowings with scheduled repayment dates due within one year at a reasonable cost. The management of the Company believes that the Group will be able to refinance its bank borrowings when they become due and obtain new bank facilities as needed based on the Group's relationship with the banks and its historical record of successfully refinancing loans. In addition, based on the ongoing discussions with banks, the management of the Company believe that the relevant lenders will not exercise their rights to request the Group for immediate repayment of any significant borrowings prior to their repayment dates in accordance with the relevant loan agreements. Subsequent to the reporting period and up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the Group has refinanced bank borrowings with an aggregate amount of HK\$717,788,000 with its existing lenders and secured new borrowings with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$261,000,000 from a bank.
- (b) As at 31 March 2024, there was no non-compliance occurred in respect of the financial covenants of the Group's borrowings and the management of the Company believes that the Group will be able to comply with all its financial covenants for the periods up to 31 March 2025. In the meantime, the Group will continue to monitor its compliance with the covenant requirements of all its borrowings and facilities.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.1 呈列基準 (續)

- (a) 本集團正積極與其現有貸款人磋商，以合理成本為具有指定還款日期之一年內到期現有銀行借貸進行再融資。本公司管理層相信，根據本集團與銀行的關係及其成功進行再融資貸款的過往記錄，本集團將能夠於銀行借貸到期時為其進行再融資，並於需要時獲得新的銀行融資。此外，根據與銀行的持續討論，本公司管理層認為相關貸款人不會根據相關貸款協議行使其權利要求本集團於還款日期之前立即償還任何重大借貸。於報告期後及截至該等財務報表批准日期，本集團已向現有貸款人就總額為717,788,000港元之銀行借貸進行再融資，並從一間銀行獲得總額為261,000,000港元之新借貸。
- (b) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團借貸的財務契諾並無發生任何違規情況，且本公司管理層相信，本集團將能夠遵守截至二零二五年三月三十一日止期間之所有財務契諾。與此同時，本集團將繼續監察其所有借貸及融資有否遵守契諾規定。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

- (c) As at 31 March 2024, the Group has unutilised banking facilities of HK\$143,545,000 for the payment of construction costs of its properties development projects and the management of the Company believes that the Group will be able to fulfill all its payment obligations to the Group's contractors/vendors and meet all of the necessary conditions to launch the pre-sale and complete the remaining construction work for property delivery of the relevant projects.
- (d) The Group has formulated an assets disposal plan and has been in active negotiations with potential buyers for the realisation of certain assets to improve the Group's liquidity. In March 2024, the Group has entered into an agreement to dispose of a property project to a joint venture at an initial cash consideration of HK\$797,000,000 (subject to adjustment) and details of which are disclosed in note 26 to the financial statements and the Company's circular dated 21 June 2024. The Group will continue to seek opportunities to dispose of its projects and assets at reasonable prices to generate cash inflows and mitigate its liquidity pressure.
- (e) The Group will continue to implement measures to accelerate the pre-sales and sales of its properties under development and completed properties, and to speed up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.1 呈列基準 (續)

- (c) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團尚未動用銀行融資143,545,000港元以用於支付其物業發展項目之建築成本，且本公司管理層相信，本集團將能夠履行其對本集團承包商／供應商所有付款義務，並滿足啟動預售及完成相關物業項目之餘下施工工作以完成交付的全部必要條件。
- (d) 本集團已制定資產出售計劃，並與潛在買家就變現若干資產積極進行磋商，以改善本集團之流動資金。於二零二四年三月，本集團已訂立協議，以初步現金代價797,000,000港元（可予調整）向一家合營企業出售一個物業項目，有關詳情於本公司日期為二零二四年六月二十一日之通函中披露。本集團將繼續尋求機會以合理價格出售其項目及資產，以產生現金流入並緩解流動資金壓力。
- (e) 本集團將繼續採取措施，加快預售及銷售發展中物業及竣工物業，及催促收回未收銷售所得款項。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

- (f) WOG, the ultimate holding company of the Company, has agreed in writing to provide continual financial support to the Group and not to demand repayment of the amounts due to it until such time when the Group is in a position to repay without impairing its liquidity and financial position. In addition, in March 2024, WOG has provided to the Group a revolving loan facility with a principal amount of HK\$250,000,000 and it was further increased to HK\$500,000,000 in June 2024 pursuant to a supplemental loan facility agreement.
- (g) The Group will continue to take active measures to control administrative costs and capital expenditure.

The directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow forecast prepared by management. The cashflow forecast covers a period of at least 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that, taking into account the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next 12 months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the directors of the Company are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 on a going concern basis.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.1 呈列基準 (續)

- (f) 本公司之最終控股公司宏安已書面同意向本集團提供持續財務支援，在本集團有能力償還且不損害其流動資金及財務狀況之前不會要求償還到期款項。此外，於二零二四年三月，宏安已向本集團提供本金額為250,000,000港元之循環貸款融通，並根據補充貸款融資協議於二零二四年六月進一步增加至500,000,000港元。
- (g) 本集團將繼續採取積極措施控制行政成本及資本支出。

本公司董事已審閱管理層編製之本集團現金流量預測。現金流量預測涵蓋自報告期末起至少12個月之期間。本公司董事認為，考慮到上述計劃及措施，本集團將有足夠營運資金為其營運提供資金，並履行自報告期末起未來12個月內到期之財務義務。因此，本公司董事信納，按持續經營基準編製本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表乃屬適當。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of presentation (Continued)

Should the Group be unable to achieve the above-mentioned plans and measures and operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, which have been measured at fair value. Disposal group held for sale are stated at the lower of their carrying amounts and fair values less costs to sell as further explained in note 2.5. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.1 呈列基準 (續)

倘本集團無法實現上述計劃及措施並持續經營，則必須進行調整，以將本集團資產之賬面值撇減至其可收回金額，就可能產生之任何進一步負債作出撥備以及將非流動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調整之影響並無反映於該等綜合財務報表中。

#### 2.2 編製基準

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會（「香港會計師公會」）頒佈之香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）（亦包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則（「香港會計準則」）及詮釋）及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。除按公平值計量之投資物業、按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資及按公平值計入損益之金融資產／負債外，該等財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製。持作出售之出售集團按其賬面值與公平值減出售成本兩者之較低者列賬，進一步詳情載於附註2.5。除另有註明者外，該等財務報表以港元（「港元」）呈列，而所有數值均湊整至最接近千位數。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.2 Basis of preparation (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2024. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.2 編製基準 (續)

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制之實體（包括結構性實體）。當本集團享有或有權收取參與投資對象業務所得之可變回報，且能透過對投資對象之權力（即賦予本集團現有為主導投資對象相關活動之既存權利）影響該等回報時，即取得控制權。

一般而言，大部分投票權會導致控制權的推定。倘本公司擁有投資對象之投票或類似權利少於大多數，則本集團於評估其是否對投資對象擁有權力時，會考慮一切相關事實及情況，包括：

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票持有人之合約安排；
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生之權利；及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司按與本公司相同之報告期間使用貫徹一致之會計政策編製財務報表。附屬公司之業績自本集團取得控制權之日開始綜合入賬，並繼續綜合入賬直至有關控制權終止之日為止。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.2 Basis of preparation (Continued)

##### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.2 編製基準 (續)

##### 綜合基準 (續)

損益及其他全面收益各組成部分乃歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控股權益，即使此舉引致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘。有關本集團成員公司間交易之所有集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量均於綜合賬目時全數抵銷。

倘有事實及情況顯示上文所述三個控制權元素中有一個或多個元素出現變動，則本集團將重新評估是否仍控制投資對象。附屬公司之擁有權權益變動（並無喪失控制權）被視為股本交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權，則終止確認相關資產（包括商譽）、負債、任何非控股權益及匯兌波動儲備；並確認所保留任何投資之公平值及損益表中任何因此產生之盈餘或虧絀。先前於其他全面收益內確認之本集團應佔部分重新分類至損益或保留溢利（如適當），所依據之基準與本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所需依據者相同。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.3 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 17	<i>Insurance Contracts</i>
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	<i>Disclosure of Accounting Policies</i>
Amendments to HKAS 1	<i>Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (the "2020 Amendments")</i> (early adopted)
Amendments to HKAS 1	<i>Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (the "2022 Amendments")</i> (early adopted)
Amendments to HKAS 8	<i>Definition of Accounting Estimates</i>
Amendments to HKAS 12	<i>Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction</i>
Amendments to HKAS 12	<i>International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules</i>

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.3 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於本年度之財務報表首次採納下列新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約
香港會計準則第1號（修訂本）及香港財務報告準則實務聲明第2號	會計政策之披露
香港會計準則第1號（修訂本）	負債分類為流動或非流動（「二零二零年修訂本」）（提早採納）
香港會計準則第1號（修訂本）	附帶契諾的非流動負債（「二零二二年修訂本」）（提早採納）
香港會計準則第8號（修訂本）	會計估計之定義
香港會計準則第12號（修訂本）	單一交易所產生與資產及負債相關之遞延稅項
香港會計準則第12號（修訂本）	國際稅務改革 — 支柱二模型規則



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.3 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)

The nature and the impact of the new and revised HKFRSs that are applicable to the Group are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKAS 1 *Disclosure of Accounting Policies* require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 *Making Materiality Judgements* provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The Group has disclosed the material accounting policy information in note 2 to the financial statements. The amendments did not have any impact on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Group's financial statements.

### 2. 會計政策（續）

#### 2.3 會計政策及披露之變動（續）

適用於本集團的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則的性質及影響如下：

- (a) 香港會計準則第1號（修訂本）會計政策之披露要求實體披露其重大會計政策資料，而非其主要會計政策。倘連同實體財務報表所載其他資料一併考慮，會計政策資料可以合理預期會影響通用財務報表的主要使用者根據該等財務報表所作出的決定，則該會計政策資料屬重大。香港財務報告準則實務聲明第2號之修訂本作出重大性判斷就重要性概念應用於會計政策披露之方式提供非強制性指引。本集團已於財務報表附註2披露重大會計政策資料。該等修訂本並無對本集團財務報表內任何項目的計量、確認及呈列造成任何影響。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.3 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)

### 2.3 會計政策及披露之變動 (續)

- (b) The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

- (b) 二零二零年修訂本澄清將負債分類為流動或非流動的規定，包括延遲償還的權利以及於報告期末必須存在償還的權利定義。負債的分類不受該實體行使權利延遲償還的可能性所影響。二零二二年修訂本進一步澄清，在貸款安排產生的負債契諾中，僅實體須於報告日期或之前遵守的契諾會影響該負債分類為流動或非流動。倘實體於報告期後12個月內遵守未來契諾，則須額外披露非流動負債。

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively with earlier application permitted. The Group has early adopted the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments from 1 April 2023 and in accordance with the transition provisions of the amendments, the Group has applied the amendments retrospectively.

該等修訂本於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效，並應追溯應用及允許提早應用。本集團已從二零二三年四月一日起提前採用二零二零年修訂本及二零二二年修訂本，根據該等修訂本的過渡條款，本集團已追溯應用該等修訂本。

The Group has reassessed the terms and conditions of its loan arrangements as at 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023 upon initial application of the amendments and there was no significant impact to the Group's classification of liabilities as at 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023.

本集團於首次應用該等修訂本後重新評估其貸款安排於二零二二年四月一日及二零二三年三月三十一日的條款及條件，其對本集團於二零二二年四月一日及二零二三年三月三十一日的負債分類概無重大影響。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.3 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

As at 31 March 2024, a bank loan of HK\$350,000,000 drawn by the Group under a 42-month revolving loan facility has been classified as a non-current liability as the Group has the right to roll over the loan on every interest period (one month or three months) until the final maturity date in March 2027 given that the Group has complied with the covenants of the bank loan on or before 31 March 2024. These covenants include the fulfilment of certain financial covenants for every six months and the satisfaction of its financial obligations on every interest period. Under the amendments, the covenants to be fulfilled after the reporting period would not affect the classification of a liability arising from a loan arrangement as current or non-current, thus the Group has the right to roll-over the loan and to defer settlement of the loan for at least twelve months after the reporting date under the revolving loan facility. In addition, the Group has provided disclosures for non-current liabilities that are subject to the Group complying with future covenants within 12 months after 31 March 2024 in note 30(f) to the financial statements.

- (c) Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. Since the Group's approach and policy align with the amendments, the amendments had no impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.3 會計政策及披露之變動 (續)

(b) (續)

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團根據42個月循環貸款融資提取的350,000,000港元銀行貸款被歸類為非流動負債，因為本集團已於二零二四年三月三十一日或之前遵守銀行貸款之契約，本集團有權在每個利息期（一個月或三個月）續期貸款，直至二零二七年三月之最後到期日。該等契約包括每六個月履行若干財務契約，並在每個利息期履行其財務義務。根據該等修訂本，在報告期後履行的契約不會影響貸款安排引致之負債的流動或非流動分類，故本集團有權根據循環貸款融資續期貸款，並將貸款清償期延後至報告日期後至少十二個月。此外，本集團已於財務報表附註30(f)內就本集團須遵守二零二四年三月三十一日後十二個月內之未來契約之非流動負債作出披露。

- (c) 香港會計準則第8號（修訂本）澄清會計估算變動與會計政策變動之間的分別。會計估算界定為受到計量不確定性規限的財務報表所載貨幣金額。該等修訂本亦澄清實體如何運用計量技巧及輸入數據來制定會計估算。由於本集團的方針及政策與該等修訂本一致，故該等修訂本並無對本集團的財務報表造成影響。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.3 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)

- (d) Amendments to HKAS 12 *Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction* narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception in HKAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments did not have any material impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (e) Amendments to HKAS 12 *International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules* introduce a mandatory temporary exception from the recognition and disclosure of deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. The amendments also introduce disclosure requirements for the affected entities to help users of the financial statements better understand the entities' exposure to Pillar Two income taxes, including the disclosure of current tax related to Pillar Two income taxes separately in the periods when Pillar Two legislation is effective and the disclosure of known or reasonably estimable information of their exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in periods in which the legislation is enacted or substantively enacted but not yet in effect. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively. Since the Group did not fall within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules, the amendments did not have any impact to the Group.

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.3 會計政策及披露之變動（續）

- (d) 香港會計準則第12號（修訂本）*單一交易所產生與資產及負債相關之遞延稅項*縮減香港會計準則第12號內初始確認例外情況的範圍，故其不再適用於會引致相等應課稅及可予扣減暫時性差額的交易（如租賃及退役責任）。因此，實體須就有關交易引致的暫時性差額確認一項遞延稅項資產（惟須有足夠應課稅溢利）及一項遞延稅項負債。該等修訂本並無對本集團的財務狀況或表現造成任何重大影響。
- (e) 香港會計準則第12號（修訂本）*國際稅務改革 — 支柱二模型規則*提出一項強制性臨時例外情況，以確認及披露因實施經濟合作與發展組織頒佈的支柱二模型規則而產生之遞延稅項。該等修訂本亦向受影響實體提出披露要求，以協助財務報表使用者更清楚了解實體因支柱二所得稅所承受的風險，當中包括在支柱二立法生效期間單獨披露與支柱二所得稅相關的當前稅項，並在立法頒佈或實質頒佈但尚未生效期間披露其支柱二所得稅風險的已知或可合理估計之資訊。本集團已追溯應用該等修訂本。由於本集團並不屬於支柱二模型規則的範圍，因此該等修訂本並無對本集團產生任何影響。





## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs

Except for the early adoption of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments, the Group has not applied the following revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these revised HKFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>3</sup></i>
Amendments to HKFRS 16	<i>Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback<sup>1</sup></i>
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	<i>Supplier Finance Arrangements<sup>1</sup></i>
Amendments to HKAS 21	<i>Lack of Exchangeability<sup>2</sup></i>

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- <sup>3</sup> No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

### 2. 會計政策（續）

#### 2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則

除提早採納二零二零年修訂本及二零二二年修訂本之外，本集團並未於該等財務報表內應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效之經修訂香港財務報告準則。本集團擬於該等經修訂香港財務報告準則生效時予以應用（如適用）。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號（修訂本）	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間之資產出售或注資 <sup>3</sup>
香港財務報告準則第16號（修訂本）	售後回租之租賃負債 <sup>1</sup>
香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告準則第7號（修訂本）	供應商融資安排 <sup>1</sup>
香港會計準則第21號（修訂本）	缺乏可兌換性 <sup>2</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> 二零二四年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- <sup>2</sup> 二零二五年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- <sup>3</sup> 尚未釐定強制生效日期，惟可供採納

預期適用於本集團之該等香港財務報告準則之進一步資料載述如下。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 was removed by the HKICPA. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 (i.e., 1 April 2019). Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修訂本解決香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之間對於處理投資者及其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資的規定的不一致性。該等修訂本規定於投資者及其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資構成一項業務時，悉數確認下游交易產生之收益或虧損。就不構成業務的資產交易而言，交易所產生的收益或虧損僅以無關連的投資者於該聯營公司或合營企業的權益為限，於投資者的損益中確認。該等修訂本將獲前瞻性應用。香港會計師公會剔除香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修訂本的先前強制生效日期。然而，該等修訂本現時可供採納。

香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)訂明賣方 — 承租人於計量售後租回交易產生的租賃負債時使用的規定，以確保賣方 — 承租人不會確認與其所保留使用權有關的任何收益或虧損金額。該等修訂本於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效，並應追溯應用於首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號當日(即二零一九年四月一日)後訂立的售後租回交易。允許提早應用。該等修訂本預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.4 Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. Earlier application of the amendments is permitted. The amendments provide certain transition reliefs regarding comparative information, quantitative information as at the beginning of the annual reporting period and interim disclosures. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies

##### Investments in joint ventures

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則 (續)

香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)澄清供應商融資安排之特徵，並要求對該等安排作出額外披露。修訂本之披露要求旨在協助財務報表使用者瞭解供應商融資安排對於實體的負債、現金流量及流動資金風險敞口之影響，允許提早應用該等修訂。該等修訂本就比較資料、於年度報告期初之量化資料以及中期披露提供若干過渡寬免。該等修訂本預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。

#### 2.5 重大會計政策

##### 於合營企業之投資

合營企業指一種合營安排，對安排擁有共同控制權之訂約方據此對合營企業之資產淨值擁有權利。共同控制指按照合約協定對一項安排所共有之控制，共同控制僅在有關活動要求享有共同控制權之訂約方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

本集團於合營企業之投資乃按本集團根據權益會計法應佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。倘出現任何不相符之會計政策，即會作出調整加以修正。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Investments in joint ventures (Continued)

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of joint ventures are included in profit or loss and other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in joint ventures.

Upon loss of joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of joint venture upon loss of joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 於合營企業之投資 (續)

本集團應佔合營企業收購後業績及其他全面收益分別計入損益及其他全面收益。此外，倘於合營企業之權益直接確認出現變動，則本集團會於綜合權益變動表確認其應佔任何變動（倘適用）。本集團與其合營企業間交易之未變現收益及虧損將以本集團於合營企業之投資為限對銷，惟倘未變現虧損為所轉讓資產減值之憑證則除外。收購合營企業所產生之商譽計入作本集團於合營企業投資之一部分。

失去對合營企業之共同控制權後，本集團按公平值計量及確認任何保留投資。失去共同控制權後合營企業之賬面值與保留投資及出售所得款項之公平值之間任何差額於損益確認。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties, debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

### 2. 會計政策（續）

#### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

##### 公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末計量其投資物業、按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資及按公平值計入損益之金融資產／負債。公平值為市場參與者於計量日期在有序交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓負債所支付之價格。公平值計量乃假設出售資產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債主要市場或（在無主要市場情況下）資產或負債最具優勢市場進行。主要或最具優勢市場須為本集團可進入之市場。資產或負債之公平值乃基於市場參與者為資產或負債定價時所用之假設計量（假設市場參與者依照彼等之最佳經濟利益行事）。

非金融資產之公平值計量計及市場參與者通過使用該資產之最高及最佳用途或將該資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途之另一市場參與者而產生經濟效益之能力。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分數據以供計量公平值之估值方法，以盡量使用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

#### 公平值計量（續）

公平值於財務報表計量或披露之所有資產及負債乃基於對公平值計量整體而言屬重大之最低層輸入數據按下述公平值等級分類：

第一層 – 基於相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價（未經調整）

第二層 – 基於對公平值計量而言屬重大之可觀察（直接或間接）最低層輸入數據之估值方法

第三層 – 基於對公平值計量而言屬重大之不可觀察最低層輸入數據之估值方法

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產及負債而言，本集團透過於各報告期末重新評估分類（基於對公平值計量整體而言屬重大之最低層輸入數據），釐定不同等級之間是否發生轉移。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for a non-financial asset is required (other than deferred tax assets, properties under development, properties held for sale, investment properties and a disposal group classified as held for sale), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 非金融資產之減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值，或當需要對非金融資產（遞延稅項資產、發展中物業、持作出售物業、投資物業及分類為持作出售的一個出售集團除外）作年度減值測試，則估計資產之可收回金額。資產之可收回金額為資產或現金產生單位之使用價值與其公平值減銷售成本之較高者，並就個別資產釐定，除非資產並無產生大致獨立於其他資產或資產組別所得現金流入之現金流入，則在此情況下，將釐定資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。對現金產生單位進行減值測試時，倘可按合理及一致的基準分配，則部分企業資產的賬面值會分配至個人現金產生單位，否則分配至最小的現金產生單位組別。

減值虧損僅於資產之賬面值超過其可收回金額時確認。在評估使用價值時，估計未來現金流量以稅前貼現率貼現至其現值，有關利率反映目前資金時間值之市場評估及資產之特定風險。減值虧損乃在其產生期間自損益中與減值資產功能相符之該等開支類別扣除。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 非金融資產之減值 (續)

於各報告期末，將評估是否有任何跡象顯示先前確認之減值虧損可能已不再存在或已減少。倘出現有關跡象，則估計可收回金額。先前確認之資產（除商譽外）減值虧損，僅會於用以釐定資產可收回金額之估計有變動時撥回，惟撥回之金額不可超過假使該項資產在過往年度未獲確認減值虧損時原應釐定之賬面值（扣除任何折舊／攤銷）。撥回減值虧損於撥回期間計入損益。

#### 關聯人士

倘一方為以下人士，則會被視為與本集團有關聯：

- (a) 該方為個人或該人士之直屬家庭成員，而該人士
  - (i) 控制本集團或共同控制本集團；
  - (ii) 對本集團發揮重大影響力；或
  - (iii) 為本集團或其母公司之主要管理人員其中一名成員；



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Related parties (Continued)

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:  
(Continued)

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 關聯人士 (續)

倘一方為以下人士，則會被視為與本集團有關聯：(續)

或

- (b) 該方為任何以下條件適用之實體：
- (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員公司；
  - (ii) 一實體為另一實體（或另一實體之母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司）之聯營公司或合營企業；
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方之合營企業；
  - (iv) 一實體為一第三方之合營企業，而另一實體為該名第三方之聯營公司；
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關連之實體就僱員福利設立之離職後福利計劃；
  - (vi) 該實體由(a)所識別人士控制或共同控制；
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對該實體有重大影響或屬該實體（或該實體母公司）主要管理人員其中一名成員；及
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團內任何成員公司為本集團或其母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment included owned assets and right-of-use assets which meet the definition of property, plant and equipment and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of owned property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

#### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備包括符合物業、廠房及設備定義的自有資產及使用權資產，乃按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。自有物業、廠房及設備項目之成本包括其購買價格及任何令資產達至其運作狀況及工作地點作其擬定用途之直接應佔成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投入使用後所產生之開支（例如維修及保養費用）一般於產生期間自損益扣除。如屬達成確認條件之情況，主要檢查之開支於資產賬面值中撥充資本為一項重置。如物業、廠房及設備之重要部分須每隔一段時間重置，則本集團會按特定可使用年期確認該等部分為個別資產，並相應進行折舊。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets (other than those meet the definition of an investment property) are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Where applicable, the cost of a right-of-use asset also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located. If ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊 (續)

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供使用日期)確認。使用權資產(符合投資物業之定義者除外)按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量,並可就任何租賃負債重新計量予以調整。使用權資產的成本包括已確認租賃負債金額、已產生初始直接成本以及於開始日期或之前所作出租賃付款減任何已收取租賃優惠。倘適用,使用權資產的成本亦包括清拆及移除相關資產或復原相關資產或其所處位置的估計成本。倘租賃資產的擁有權於租期完結前轉讓予本集團,或成本反映購買權獲行使,則使用資產的估計可使用年期計算折舊。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of owned property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. Right-of-use assets (ownership of which will not be transferred to the Group) are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The principal annual rates used for depreciation are as follows:

#### Owned assets:

Buildings	Over the lease terms of 30 years
Leasehold improvement	33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> % or over the lease terms, whichever is shorter
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	15% to 50%
Motor vehicles	20%
Computer equipment	15% to 33%

#### Right-of-use assets:

Leasehold land	Over the lease terms of 30 years
Buildings	Over the lease terms of 24 to 36 months
Signages	Over the lease terms of 14 to 24 months

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

#### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊（續）

折舊乃按各自有物業、廠房及設備項目於其估計可使用年期以直線法計算，以撇銷其成本值至餘值。使用權資產（其擁有權將不會轉讓予本集團）於資產的租期及估計可使用年期（以較短者為準）內按直線法折舊。就折舊所採用之主要年率如下：

#### 自有資產：

樓宇	於30年的租期內
租賃物業裝修	33 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> %或於租期內（以較短者為準）
傢俬、裝置及辦公設備	15%至50%
汽車	20%
電腦設備	15%至33%

#### 使用權資產：

租賃土地	於30年的租期內
樓宇	於24至36個月的租期內
告示牌	於14至24個月的租期內





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Where parts of an item of owned property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

##### Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including right-of-use assets) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊 (續)

倘自有物業、廠房及設備項目之各部分有不同可使用年期，該項目成本將按合理基礎於各部分間分配，而每部分將作個別折舊。餘值、可使用年期及折舊法至少於各財政年結日予以檢討並作調整（如適當）。

包括初始確認重大部分之物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或當預期不會從其使用或出售獲取未來經濟利益時終止確認。於終止確認資產年度之損益確認之出售或報廢所得任何盈虧為銷售所得款項淨額與相關資產賬面值之差額。

##### 投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金收入及／或資本升值的所持土地及樓宇（包括使用權資產）的權益。該等物業最初按成本（包括交易成本）計量。於首次確認後，投資物業乃按公平值列賬，並反映於報告期末的市況。

投資物業之公平值變動所產生之收益或虧損計入產生年度之損益。

報廢或出售投資物業之任何收益或虧損在報廢或出售年度在損益確認。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale

#### 持作出售非流動資產及出售組別

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sales transaction rather than through continuing use. For this to be the case, the asset or disposal group must be available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for the sale of such assets or disposal groups and its sale must be highly probable. All assets and liabilities of a subsidiary classified as a disposal group are reclassified as held for sale regardless of whether the Group retains a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

倘非流動資產及出售組別的賬面值將主要通過出售交易而非通過持續使用來收回，則分類為持作出售。於此種情況下，資產或出售組別須能夠在現況下可供立即出售（僅須遵守出售此類資產或出售組別的一般和習慣條款）且其出售的可能性極大。分類為出售組別的附屬公司的所有資產及負債均重新分類為持作出售，無論本集團是否於出售後保留其前附屬公司的非控制性權益。

Non-current assets and disposal groups (other than investment properties and financial assets) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amounts and fair values less costs to sell. Property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortised.

分類為持作出售的非流動資產及出售組別（投資物業及金融資產除外），按其賬面值與公平值減出售成本中的較低者計量。分類為持作出售的物業、廠房及設備（包括使用權資產）及無形資產及無需進行折舊或攤銷。

#### Properties under development

#### 發展中物業

Properties under development are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value and comprise construction costs, borrowing costs, professional fees, payments for land use rights and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period. Net realisable value is estimated based on the prevailing market prices and estimated construction cost and costs necessary to make the sale on an individual property basis.

發展中物業以成本值及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬，包括建築工程成本、借貸成本、專業費用、土地使用權付款及在發展期內產生由該等物業直接應佔之其他成本。可變現淨值根據個別物業的現行市場價格及估計建築工程成本及進行銷售所需成本估計。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Properties under development (Continued)

Properties under development are classified as current assets unless the construction of the relevant property development project is expected to complete beyond the normal operating cycle. On completion, the properties are transferred to completed properties held for sale.

Sales deposits/instalments received and receivable from purchasers in respect of the pre-sale of properties under development prior to completion of the development are included in contract liabilities.

When the right-of-use assets relate to interests in leasehold land held as properties under development, they are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with the Group's policy for properties under development.

##### Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by an apportionment of the total land and building costs attributable to unsold properties. Net realisable value is estimated by the Company's directors based on the prevailing market prices and estimated costs necessary to make the sale on an individual property basis.

When the right-of-use assets relate to interests in leasehold land and held as completed properties held for sale, they are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with the Group's policy for completed properties held for sale.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 發展中物業 (續)

發展中物業分類為流動資產，除非有關物業發展項目之建築工程預期需要超過正常營運週期方可完成，則作別論。竣工後，物業轉撥至持作出售之竣工物業。

發展中項目竣工前，就預售發展中物業已收及應收買家之銷售按金／分期付款均計入合約負債。

倘使用權資產與持作發展中物業之租賃土地權益相關，隨後根據本集團發展中物業政策按成本與可變現淨值中的較低者計算。

##### 持作出售物業

持作出售物業乃按成本值及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。成本值按未出售物業應佔總土地及樓宇成本比例釐定。可變現淨值由本公司董事根據當時市場價格及進行銷售所需成本按個別物業進行估計。

當使用權資產與持作出售之竣工物業之租賃土地權益相關時，本集團根據持作出售之竣工物業政策其後按成本與可變現淨值中較低者計量。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Club membership

Club membership acquired is measured on initial recognition at cost and its useful life is assessed to be indefinite.

Club membership is tested for impairment annually and not amortised. It is considered as having an indefinite useful life as there is no time limit for which the Group can use the membership, and therefore it will not be amortised until its useful life is determined to be finite upon reassessment annually. Accordingly, its useful life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 俱樂部會籍

已獲得俱樂部會籍於初始確認時按成本計量，其使用年期被評估為無限。

俱樂部會籍每年進行減值測試，毋須進行攤銷。由於本集團可無限期使用會籍，因此其被認為具有無限可使用年期，因此於每年重新評估釐定其可使用年期為有限後，方可進行攤銷。因此，每年均會對其可使用年期進行審閱，以釐定無限可使用年期評估是否仍持續適合。倘不適合，可使用年期評估則會由無限更改為有限，並按預期基準入賬。

#### 租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否屬於或包含租賃。倘合約授予權利在一段時期內控制已識別資產的使用以換取代價，則該合約屬租賃或包含租賃。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Leases (Continued)

###### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. When the right-of-use assets relate to interests in leasehold land held as properties under development and properties held for sale, they are subsequently measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with the Group's policy for "properties under development" and "properties held for sale". The right-of-use assets which meet the definition of investment property are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at fair value in accordance with the Group's policy for "Investment properties". Other right-of-use assets are included in property, plant and equipment, the accounting policy of which are included in the policy for "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" above.

### 2. 會計政策（續）

#### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

##### 租賃（續）

###### 本集團作為承租人

本集團就所有租賃應用單一確認及計量方法，惟短期租賃除外。本集團確認作出租賃付款的租賃負債及使用權資產，即使用相關資產的權利。當使用權資產與發展中物業及持作出售物業的租賃土地權益相關時，其後根據本集團的「發展中物業」及「持作出售物業」政策按成本與可變現淨值的較低者計量。符合投資物業定義的使用權資產初始按成本計量，其後根據本集團的「投資物業」政策按公平值計量。其他使用權資產計入物業、廠房及設備，其會計政策載於上文「物業、廠房及設備以及折舊」政策。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### Leases (Continued)

#### 租賃 (續)

##### Group as a lessee (Continued)

##### 本集團作為承租人 (續)

##### (a) Lease liabilities

##### (a) 租賃負債

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

租賃負債在租賃開始日期以租賃年期內將予作出的租賃付款的現值確認。租賃付款包括固定付款（包括實質固定付款）減任何應收租賃優惠、基於指數或利率的可變租賃付款及根據剩餘價值擔保預期支付款項。租賃付款亦包括合理確定將由本集團行使的購買選擇權的行使價及為終止租賃而支付的罰款（倘租賃期反映本集團正行使終止權）。並非基於指數或利率的可變租賃付款將在導致付款的事件或條件所發生期間確認為開支。

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

在計算租賃付款的現值時，本集團使用租賃開始日期的增量借貸利率，乃由於租賃中隱含的利率不易釐定。在開始日期後，租賃負債的金額予以增加以反映利息的累增，並就已作出的租賃付款予以減少。此外，如有修改、租賃年期發生變化、租賃付款出現變化（例如：租賃付款日後因指數或利率變動出現變動）或相關資產的購買選擇權評估出現變化，則重新計量租賃負債的賬面值。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Leases (Continued)

###### Group as a lessee (Continued)

###### (a) Lease liabilities (Continued)

The Group's lease liabilities are included in other payables and accruals in the consolidated statement of financial position.

###### (b) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 租賃 (續)

###### 本集團作為承租人 (續)

###### (a) 租賃負債 (續)

本集團之租賃負債計入綜合財務狀況表之其他應付款項及應計費用。

###### (b) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於短期租賃 (即租賃年期為自開始日期起計12個月或以下，並且不包含購買選擇權的該等租賃)。當本集團訂立低價值資產租賃時，本集團會決定是否按租賃基準資本化該租賃。短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的租賃款項在租賃年期內按直線法確認為開支。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Leases (Continued)

##### Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 租賃 (續)

##### 本集團作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人時，在租賃開始時（或當有租賃修訂時）將其各租賃分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所附帶的絕大部分風險及回報的租賃分類為經營租賃。當合約包含租賃及非租賃組成部分時，本集團以相對獨立售價為基準將合約中的代價分配予各組成部分。租金收入於租賃年內按直線法列賬並因其經營性質計入損益。於磋商及安排經營租賃時產生的初始直接成本乃計入租賃資產的賬面值，並於租賃年內按相同基準確認為租金收入。或然租金乃於所賺取的期間內確認為收入。

凡將相關資產擁有權附帶之絕大部分回報及風險轉移至承租人之租賃均列為融資租賃。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Investments and other financial assets

###### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 投資及其他金融資產

###### 初始確認及計量

金融資產在初始確認時乃分類為其後按攤銷成本、按公平值計入其他全面收益及按公平值計入損益計量。

於初始確認時，金融資產分類取決於金融資產的合約現金流量特點及本集團管理該等金融資產的業務模式。除並無重大融資成分或本集團已應用不調整重大融資成分影響的可行權宜方法的應收賬款外，本集團初始按公平值加上（倘金融資產並非按公平值計入損益）交易成本計量金融資產。並無重大融資成分或本集團已應用可行權宜方法的應收賬款按下文所載有關「收入確認」之政策根據香港財務報告準則第15號釐定的交易價格計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或按公平值計入其他全面收益分類及計量，其需產生純粹為支付本金及未償還本金利息（「SPPI」）的現金流量。現金流量並非SPPI之金融資產，無論業務模式如何皆分類為按公平值計入損益並按此計量。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

##### Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 投資及其他金融資產 (續)

##### 初始確認及計量 (續)

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指其如何管理其金融資產以產生現金流量。業務模式確定現金流量是否來自收集合約現金流量、出售金融資產，或兩者兼有。按攤銷成本分類及計量之金融資產乃於旨在持有金融資產以收取合約現金流量之業務模式中持有，而分類及計量為按公平值計入其他全面收益之金融資產乃於旨在持有金融資產以收取合約現金流量以及變賣之業務模式中持有。並非於上述業務模式中持有之金融資產乃分類及計量為按公平值計入損益。

須按照市場規定或慣例通常規定的期間內交付資產的金融資產購買或出售乃於交易日（即本集團承諾購買或出售該資產的日期）予以確認。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

###### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

###### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

###### Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt investments)

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income is recycled to profit or loss.

###### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. This category includes derivative instruments.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 投資及其他金融資產 (續)

###### 其後計量

金融資產按其分類的其後計量如下：

###### 按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產 (債務工具)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產其後使用實際利息法計量，視乎減值而定。收益及虧損在資產被終止確認、修改或減值時在損益確認。

###### 按公平值計入其他全面收益之金融資產 (債務投資)

就按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資而言，利息收入、外匯重估及減值虧損或撥回於損益中確認，並與按攤銷成本計量的金融資產相同的方式計算。其餘公平值變動於其他全面收益中確認。終止確認後，於其他全面收益確認的累計公平值變動將重新劃轉至損益。

###### 按公平值計入損益之金融資產

按公平值計入損益之金融資產按公平值於綜合財務狀況表列賬，而公平值變動淨額於損益中確認。該類別包括衍生工具。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或倘適用,作為金融資產或類似金融資產組別一部分)主要在下列情況會終止確認(即從本集團綜合財務狀況表中刪除):

- 從資產收取現金流量之權利已屆滿;或
- 本集團轉讓從資產收取現金流量之權利,或已承擔根據「過手」安排而在並無重大延誤下悉數將已獲取現金流量支付有關第三者之責任;及(a)本集團已將資產之絕大部分風險及回報轉讓,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產之絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓資產之控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓從資產收取現金流量之權利或已訂立過手安排,本集團會評估是否及在多大程度上保留擁有資產的風險及回報。倘本集團並無轉讓或保留資產之絕大部分風險及回報,亦無轉讓資產之控制權,本集團於該資產之持續參與繼續確認已轉讓資產。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債按反映本集團保留權利及責任之基準下計量。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

##### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

##### General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 終止確認金融資產 (續)

持續參與指就已轉讓資產作出的一項擔保，按該項資產的原賬面值與本集團或須償還的最高代價的較低者計量。

##### 金融資產減值

本集團確認對並非持作按公平值計入損益的所有債務工具預期信貸虧損（「預期信貸虧損」）的撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據合約到期的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額而釐定，並以原實際利率的近似值貼現。預期現金流量將包括出售所持抵押的現金流量或組成合約條款的其他信貸提升措施。

##### 一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。就初始確認以來信貸風險並無大幅增加的信貸敞口而言，會為未來12個月（12個月預期信貸虧損）可能發生的違約事件所產生的信貸虧損計提預期信貸虧損撥備。就初始確認以來信貸風險大幅增加的信貸敞口而言，須就預期於敞口的餘下年期產生的信貸虧損計提減值撥備，不論違約的時間（全期預期信貸虧損）。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

##### General approach (Continued)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. At each reporting date, the Group evaluates whether the debt investments are considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Group reassesses the external credit ratings of the debt investments.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 金融資產減值 (續)

##### 一般方法 (續)

於各報告日期，本集團評估自初始確認起金融工具的信貸風險是否顯著增加。於進行評估時，本集團將金融工具於報告日期發生的違約風險與金融工具於初始確認日期發生的違約風險進行比較，並考慮無需過多成本或努力即可得之合理且可證明的資料，包括歷史及前瞻性資料。本集團認為，當合約付款逾期超過30日時，信貸風險已大幅增加。

倘合約付款逾期90日，則本集團認為金融資產違約。然而，在若干情況下，倘內部或外部資料反映，在計及本集團持有的任何信貸提升措施前，本集團不大可能悉數收取未償還合約款項，則本集團亦可認為金融資產違約。

就按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資而言，本集團採用低信貸風險簡化法。於各報告日期，本集團使用所有合理及有理據而毋須付出不必要成本或努力獲得之資料評估債務投資是否被認為具有較低的信貸風險。於作出該項評估時，本集團重新評估債務投資的外部信貸評級。

倘無法合理預期收回合約現金流量，則撇銷金融資產。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

###### General approach (Continued)

Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 — Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 — Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 — Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 金融資產減值 (續)

###### 一般方法 (續)

按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資及以攤銷成本計量的金融資產根據一般方式須予減值，並按以下為計量預期信貸虧損的階段分類，惟應用簡化法的應收賬款及合約資產除外。

- 第1階段 — 金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認後並未顯著增加，且虧損撥備按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損金額計量
- 第2階段 — 金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認後顯著增加，惟其並非已發生信貸減值的金融資產，且虧損撥備按相等於全期預期信貸虧損金額計量
- 第3階段 — 金融資產於報告日期為信貸減值（惟其並非購買或原已發生信貸減值的），且虧損撥備按相等於全期預期信貸虧損金額計量

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### 金融資產減值 (續)

##### *Simplified approach*

##### *簡化方式*

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

就不包含重大融資成分或本集團已應用實際權宜法不調整重大融資成分之影響的應收賬款而言，本集團於計算預期信貸虧損時應用簡化方式。根據該簡化方法，本集團並無追蹤信貸風險的變化，反而於各報告日期根據全期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團構建了一個基於過往信貸虧損經驗（已就債務人和經濟環境的特定前瞻性因素作出調整）的撥備矩陣模型。

For trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and lease receivables, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to adopt the simplified approach in calculating ECLs with policies as described above.

就包含重大融資成分及應收租賃的應收賬款而言，本集團選擇採用簡化方式計算預期信貸虧損作為其會計政策，政策詳情於上文闡述。

#### Financial liabilities

#### 金融負債

##### *Initial recognition and measurement*

##### *初始確認及計量*

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and financial liabilities at amortised cost, as appropriate.

金融負債初始確認時劃分為按公平值計入損益的金融負債及按攤銷成本計量之金融負債（倘適合）。

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認，而倘屬貸款及借貸以及應付款項，則扣除直接應佔之交易成本。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities (Continued)

##### Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, lease liabilities and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings.

##### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

##### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKFRS 9. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 金融負債 (續)

##### 初始確認及計量 (續)

本集團之金融負債包括應付賬款、計入其他應付款項及應計費用之金融負債、租賃負債及計息銀行及其他借款。

##### 其後計量

金融負債之其後計量視乎其分類如下：

##### 按公平值計入損益之金融負債

按公平值計入損益之金融負債包括持作交易之金融負債及於初始確認時指定為按公平值計入損益之金融負債。

金融負債如為於短期內購回而產生，則會分類為持作交易。該分類亦包括本集團所訂立並非指定為對沖關係（定義見香港財務報告準則第9號）中之對沖工具之衍生金融工具。獨立內嵌式衍生工具亦分類為持作交易，惟倘指定為有效對沖工具則作別論。持作交易負債之收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認之公平值收益或虧損淨額不包括就此等金融負債收取之任何利息。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities (Continued)

##### Subsequent measurement (Continued)

##### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in HKFRS 9 are satisfied. Gains or losses on liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss, except for the gains or losses arising from the Group's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

##### Financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade payables, other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 金融負債 (續)

##### 其後計量 (續)

##### 按公平值計入損益之金融負債 (續)

於初始確認時指定為按公平值計入損益的金融負債，乃於初始確認當日及於符合香港財務報告準則第9號之標準時方會指定。指定為按公平值計入損益的負債的收益或虧損於損益確認，惟本集團自身的信貸風險產生的收益或虧損除外，該收益或虧損在其他全面收益中列報，且其後不會重新分類至損益。於損益確認之公平值收益或虧損淨額不包括就此等金融負債收取之任何利息。

##### 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債 (應付賬款及其他應付款項及借款)

於初始確認後，應付賬款、其他應付款項及計息借款隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，除非貼現影響為微不足道，在該情況下則按成本列賬。當負債終止確認或按實際利率法進行攤銷程序時，其盈虧在損益內確認。

攤銷成本之計算應考慮收購時之任何折讓或溢價，並計入屬實際利率組成部分之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷於損益內作為融資成本列賬。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Financial liabilities (Continued)

##### Subsequent measurement (Continued)

##### Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contracts at the higher of: (i) the ECLs allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in "Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

##### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 金融負債 (續)

##### 其後計量 (續)

##### 財務擔保合約

本集團發行的財務擔保合約乃為由於特定債務人未能根據債務工具條款於債務到期時償付，而須本集團作出付款以就產生的損失賠償持有人的合約。財務擔保合同初始按其公平值確認為負債，並就發行擔保直接產生的交易成本作出調整。初始確認後，本集團以下列兩者較高者計量財務擔保合約：(i) 根據「金融資產減值」所載政策釐定的預期信貸虧損撥備；及(ii) 初始確認金額減（如適用）已確認收入的累計金額。

##### 終止確認金融負債

倘負債下之責任獲履行或註銷或屆滿，金融負債會終止確認。

當現有金融負債被同一貸款人以明顯不同之條款提供之另一金融負債取代，或現有負債之條款大幅修訂，此類交換或修訂，則被視為終止確認原負債而確認新負債，而相關賬面值之間之差額則在損益表中確認。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 金融工具之抵銷

金融資產及金融負債互相抵銷，淨額在綜合財務狀況表內列示，前提是目前有可執行法定權利抵銷已確認金額並有意按淨額基準結算，或同時變賣資產及償還負債。

#### Derivative financial instruments

##### Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group's derivative financial instruments include interest rate swaps. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

#### 衍生金融工具

##### 初始確認及其後計量

本集團的衍生金融工具包括利率掉期。該等衍生金融工具初次按衍生工具合約訂立當日之公平值確認，其後則按公平值重新計量。衍生工具於公平值為正數時列賬為資產，於公平值為負數時則列賬為負債。

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss.

因衍生工具公平值變動所產生之任何收益或虧損直接計入損益。

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

#### 現金及現金等同項目

財務狀況表之現金及現金等同項目指手頭及銀行現金，以及短期流動性強，一般於三個月內到期，可隨時兌換成已知數額現金，價值變動風險不大且持作履行短期現金承擔之存款。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Cash and cash equivalents (Continued)

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

##### Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 現金及現金等同項目 (續)

就綜合現金流量表而言，現金及現金等同項目指手頭及銀行現金，以及上文界定之短期存款，減去須在要求時償還之銀行透支，為本集團現金管理不可分割之部分。

##### 所得稅

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅項。於損益外確認之所得稅相關項目於損益外（不論在其他全面收益或直接於權益）確認。

即期稅務資產及負債按預期從稅務機關收回或向稅務機關支付之款項計算，所依據稅率（及稅法）於報告期末已制定或實質上已頒佈，且已考慮本集團經營所在國家之現行詮釋及慣例。

遞延稅項乃採用負債法，對於報告期末資產及負債之稅基與其用作財務申報之賬面值兩者之一切暫時性差異作出撥備。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

#### 所得稅（續）

遞延稅項負債就一切應課稅暫時性差異予以確認，惟：

- 遞延稅項負債因初始確認商譽或一項非業務合併交易中的資產或負債而產生，並在交易時不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損且不會產生相等之應課稅及可扣減暫時性差異；及
- 就與於附屬公司及合營企業之投資有關之應課稅暫時性差異而言，撥回暫時性差異之時間可以控制及暫時性差異可能不會在可預見將來撥回。

所有可予扣減暫時性差異、未動用稅項抵免及任何未動用稅項虧損結轉，在可能獲得應課稅溢利用作抵銷該等可予扣減暫時性差異、未動用稅項抵免及未動用稅項虧損結轉之情況下，均確認為遞延稅項資產，惟：

- 有關可予扣減暫時性差異之遞延稅項資產因在一項非業務合併交易中初始確認資產或負債而產生，並在交易時不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損且不會產生相等之應課稅及可扣減暫時性差異；及



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Income tax (Continued)

- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 所得稅 (續)

- 就與於附屬公司及合營企業之投資有關之可予扣減暫時性差異而言，僅在暫時性差異可能會在可預見將來撥回及將有應課稅溢利用作抵銷暫時性差異之情況下，才確認遞延稅項資產。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值會於各報告期末進行審閱，並當不可能有足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部分遞延稅項資產時予以相應扣減。未確認之遞延稅項資產於各報告期末重新評估，乃於可能獲得足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部分遞延稅項資產之情況下予以確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃根據在報告期末制定或實質上已頒佈之預期適用於變現資產或清償負債之期間之稅率（及稅務法例）計算。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### Income tax (Continued)

#### 所得稅 (續)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

當且僅當本集團有合法強制執行權利抵銷即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債，且遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項負債與同一稅務機關對同一應課稅實體或不同應課稅實體（擬於預期有大額遞延稅項負債或資產將償付或收回之各日後期間按淨額基準償付即期稅項負債及資產或同時變現資產及償付負債）徵收之所得稅相關，則遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債可予抵銷。

#### Government grants

#### 政府補助

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

倘有合理保證可獲取政府補助，而所有附帶條件均可予以遵從，則按公平值確認政府補助。倘補助與支出項目有關，則以有系統基準於該項補助擬補貼成本列支之期間確認為收入。

#### Revenue recognition

#### 收入確認

##### Revenue from contracts with customers

##### 來自客戶合約之收入

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

當貨品或服務控制權按反映本集團預期有權獲得以交換該等貨品或服務的代價金額轉移至客戶時確認來自客戶合約之收入。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

##### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 收入確認 (續)

##### 來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

倘合約代價包括可變金額時，則代價金額估計為本集團就交換向客戶轉讓貨品或服務而有權收取的代價金額。可變代價於合約開始時估計並加以限制，直至已確認累計收入金額的重大收入撥回不太可能發生（倘可變代價的相關不確定因素其後得以解決）為止。

倘合約包括向客戶提供一年以上有關向客戶轉讓貨品或服務之重大融資利益的融資成分，則收入按應收金額的現行價值計量，並於合約開始時運用將於本集團與客戶之間的獨立融資交易中反映的貼現率折讓。倘合約包括提供本集團一年以上重大財務利益的融資成分，則根據該合約確認的收入包括根據實際利率法合約責任附有的利息開支。對於客戶付款與承諾貨品或服務轉移期間為一年或以下的合約，乃不就重大融資成分的影響運用香港財務報告準則第15號的實際權宜方法對交易價格進行調整。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

##### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(a) Sales of properties

Revenue from the sale of properties is recognised at the point in time when the purchaser obtained the legal title of the property and the Group has a present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

(b) Provision of asset management services

Management fee income comprises base management fees, asset management fees, project management fees and development management fees which are recognised over time; and lease fees, acquisition fees and promote fees which are recognised at point in time.

Base management fees and asset management fees derived from management of property leasing business are determined based on net equity invested in these investment vehicles and the operating income of related investment vehicles, respectively.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 收入確認 (續)

##### 來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

(a) 銷售物業

銷售物業的收入於購買者獲得物業的法定所有權且本集團已獲得現時的付款請求權並可能收回代價時確認。

(b) 提供資產管理服務

管理費收入包括基本管理費、資產管理費、項目管理費及發展管理費，隨著時間確認；以及租賃費、收購費及宣傳費，於某一時間點確認。

來自物業租賃管理業務之基本管理費及資產管理費分別根據對該等投資工具投入的淨權益及相關投資工具的經營收入釐定。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Revenue recognition (Continued)

###### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(b) Provision of asset management services (Continued)

Project management fees are recognised over the scheduled period on a straight-line basis because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

Development management fees are earned on a straight-line basis in accordance with the relevant project construction cost across the entire construction period.

Lease fees relates to fees earned in consideration of the leasing services for the property leasing business of customers.

Acquisition fees relates to fees earned in relation to the acquisition of properties by customers. The acquisition fees are determined based on the acquisition cost of the properties and are recognised when the services have been rendered.

Promote fees relates to fees earned where the returns of the property development projects and property leasing business of customers exceed certain specified hurdles. Promote fee is recognised on the date that the Group's right to receive payment is established.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 收入確認 (續)

###### 來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

(b) 提供資產管理服務 (續)

項目管理費在預定期間內以直線法確認，乃由於客戶同時收到及消耗本集團提供的利益。

發展管理費根據整個建築期內的相關項目建設成本以直線法賺取。

租賃費指為客戶的物業租賃業務提供租賃服務而獲得的費用。

收購費指就客戶收購物業而獲得的費用。收購費根據物業的收購成本釐定，並在提供服務時確認。

宣傳費指客戶的物業發展項目及物業租賃業務的回報超出若干指定門檻時所獲得的費用。宣傳費在本集團收取款項的權利確立當日確認。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2. 會計政策（續）

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

#### Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### 收入確認（續）

##### Revenue from other sources

##### 來自其他來源之收入

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

租金收入乃於租期內按時間比例確認。不按指數或比率而定的可變租賃付款在產生的會計期間確認為收入。

##### Other income

##### 其他收入

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

利息收入乃透過採用精確貼現於金融工具預期年期的估計收取的未來現金至金融資產賬面淨值的利率，以實際利率法按累計基準確認。

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

股息收入在股東收取款項的權利確立，與股息有關的經濟利益可能流入本集團且股息金額能可靠地計量時確認。

#### Contract liabilities

#### 合約負債

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

合約負債乃於本集團轉移貨品或服務之前收取相關款項或應收客戶之相關款項到期（以較早發生者為準）時確認。合約負債於本集團履約（即相關貨品或服務之控制權轉移至客戶）時確認為收入。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Contract costs

###### Cost to fulfil a contract

Other than the costs which are capitalised as properties under development and property, plant and equipment, costs incurred to fulfil a contract with a customer are capitalised as an asset if all of the following criteria are met:

- (a) The costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the entity can specifically identify.
- (b) The costs generate or enhance resources of the entity that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future.
- (c) The costs are expected to be recovered.

The capitalised contract costs are amortised and charged to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. Other contract costs are expensed as incurred.

###### Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract were those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained, e.g., sales commission to sales agents. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

### 2. 會計政策（續）

#### 2.5 重大會計政策（續）

##### 合約成本

###### 履行合約之成本

除作為發展中物業、物業、廠房及設備資本化的成本外，履行與客戶的合約所產生的成本，倘符合以下所有條件，則資本化為資產：

- (a) 該成本直接與合約或實體可以明確識別的預期合約相關。
- (b) 該成本產生或增強將用於滿足（或繼續滿足）未來履約義務的實體資源。
- (c) 預計將可收回該成本。

資本化合約成本按與向客戶轉讓貨品或服務相關資產模式一致的系統基礎攤銷及計入損益。其他合同成本於產生時列為開支。

###### 取得合約的增量成本

取得合約的增量成本為本集團就取得客戶合約而產生，倘未能取得合約則不會產生成本（例如銷售代理銷售佣金）。倘有關收益的成本將在未來報告期內確認，而成本預期可收回，取得合約的增量成本於產生時會撥充資本。取得合約的其他成本在產生時列為開支。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

#### Other employee benefits

##### Pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the “MPF Scheme”) under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees’ basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group’s employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

## 2. 會計政策 (續)

### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 其他僱員福利

##### 退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為符合資格參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃（「強積金計劃」）之僱員設立既定供款強積金計劃。供款乃根據僱員之基本薪金按某個百分比計算，並按強積金計劃規則於應付供款時自損益扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有，由獨立行政基金管理。本集團之僱主供款在向強積金計劃供款後全數歸僱員所有。

#### 借貸成本

因收購、建設或生產合資格資產（即須在一段長時間方能達致其預定用途或出售之資產）而直接產生之借貸成本撥充該等資產之部分成本。倘絕大部分資產已可作預定用途或出售，則該等借貸成本將會停止撥充資本。所有其他借貸成本於產生期間列作開支。借貸成本包括實體就借入資金產生之利息及其他成本。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.5 Material accounting policies (Continued)

##### Dividends

Final and special dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the note 11 to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors of the Company the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

### 2. 會計政策 (續)

#### 2.5 重大會計政策 (續)

##### 股息

末期及特別股息於獲得股東於股東大會上批准後確認為負債。建議末期股息於財務報表附註11披露。

中期股息於建議時同時宣派，原因為本公司之組織章程大綱及細則授權本公司董事宣派中期股息。因此，中期股息於建議及宣派時隨即確認為負債。

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計

在編製本集團之財務報表時，管理層須作出會影響所呈報收入、開支、資產及負債金額及其隨附披露資料以及或然負債披露資料之判斷、估計及假設。有關假設及估計之不確定因素可導致須就未來受影響之資產或負債賬面值作出重大調整。

#### 估計不明朗因素

有關於報告期末估計不明朗因素之未來及其他主要來源之主要假設（對下一財政年度之資產及負債賬面值造成重大調整之重大風險）闡述如下。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Estimation of net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale

Properties under development and properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of each unit is determined using the weighted average method. In determining the net realisable value of properties under development and completed properties for sale, management takes into consideration of (i) independent valuations by professional valuers; (ii) current market conditions; (iii) estimated selling prices of properties of a similar nature, conditions and locations; and (iv) estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, if any. Write-down on properties under development and/or completed properties for sale to net realisable value is made if the estimated or actual net realisable value of properties under development and completed properties for sale is less than actual or budgeted costs as a result of change in market conditions.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets (including the right-of-use assets) at the end of each reporting period. These non-financial assets are also tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計 (續)

#### 估計不明朗因素 (續)

#### 估計發展中物業及持作出售物業的可變現淨值

發展中物業及持作出售物業以成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。各單位的成本使用加權平均法釐定。釐定發展中物業及已落成待售物業之可變現淨值時，管理層會考慮 (i) 專業估值師之獨立估值；(ii) 現行市況；(iii) 類近性質、狀況及地點之物業之估計售價；及 (iv) 完工之估計成本及進行銷售所需之估計成本（如有）。倘發展中物業及已落成待售物業之估計或實際可變現淨值因市況變動導致少於實際或預算成本，則會將發展中物業及／或已落成待售物業撇減至可變現淨值。

#### 非金融資產減值

於各報告期末，本集團評估所有非金融資產（包括使用權資產）是否有任何減值跡象。該等非金融資產於有跡象表明未必能收回賬面值時亦進行減值測試。當資產或現金產生單位的賬面值超過其可收回金額（即其公平值減出售成本及使用價值兩者中的較高者）時，則存在減值。公平值減出售成本根據按公平原則進行具有約束力的類似資產出售交易所獲得的數據或可觀察市場價格減去出售資產的成本而計算。當計算使用價值時，管理層須估計預期未來來自資產或現金產生單位的現金流量，同時選擇適當的貼現率計算該等現金流量的現值。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

As at 31 March 2024, the carrying value of the Group's interests in joint ventures was HK\$3,855,629,000 (2023: HK\$3,538,229,000), which are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group has assessed at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that the carrying amounts of interests in joint ventures is impaired. Given that there are external sources of information and evidence from internal reporting that indicate impairment may exist, the directors of the Company has performed an impairment assessment of its interests in joint ventures using fair value less cost of disposal which is dependent on the fair value of the investment properties and the expected market prices of the properties under development and properties held for sale held by respective joint ventures, and with reference to valuation of the related properties performed by independent professionally qualified valuers. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the estimation, information from current prices in an active market for similar properties is considered and assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period are used.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計 (續)

#### 估計不明朗因素 (續)

#### 非金融資產減值 (續)

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團於合營企業的權益的賬面值為3,855,629,000港元（二零二三年：3,538,229,000港元），於綜合財務狀況表內按本集團根據會計權益法應佔資產淨值，減任何減值虧損列賬。本集團已於各報告期末評估是否有任何跡象顯示於合營企業的權益的賬面值出現減值。鑑於有外部資料來源及內部報告證據顯示可能存在減值，本公司董事已使用公平值減出售成本對於合營企業的權益進行減值評估，視乎相關合營企業所持投資物業的公平值以及發展中物業及持作出售物業的預期市價，並參閱獨立專業合資格估值師就相關物業進行之估值。該等估值乃基於若干假設，存在不確定性，可能與實際結果有重大差異。作出估計時，會考慮類似物業在活躍市場的當前價格資料，並使用主要以報告期末之市況為基準的假設。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the property development segment engages in the development and trading of properties;
- (b) the property investment segment engages in investment in commercial premises for rental or for sale; and
- (c) asset management segment earns fee income for managing assets on behalf of the Group's capital partners via investment vehicles.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/loss before tax. The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/loss before tax except that interest income, dividend income, loss on disposal of financial assets, fair value gains/losses on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, impairment losses on financial assets, finance costs, head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

The Group's revenue from external customers was derived solely from its operations in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, and the non-current assets of the Group were located in Hong Kong as at 31 March 2024 and 2023.

### 4. 經營分類資料

就管理而言，本集團按產品及服務劃分多個業務單位，三個可報告經營分類如下：

- (a) 物業發展分類指物業之發展及買賣；
- (b) 物業投資分類指投資商業物業以供出租或出售；及
- (c) 資產管理分類指通過投資工具代表本集團的資本夥伴管理資產，賺取費用收入。

管理層分別監察本集團之經營分類業績，以決定資源分配及評估表現。分類表現根據可報告分類溢利／虧損評價，而可報告分類溢利／虧損之計算方式為經調整之除稅前溢利／虧損。經調整除稅前溢利／虧損之計算方法與本集團之除稅前溢利／虧損一致，惟利息收入、股息收入、出售金融資產的虧損、按公平值計入損益的金融資產及負債的公平值收益／虧損、金融資產之減值虧損、融資成本、總辦事處及企業開支則不撥入該項計算中。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日止年度，本集團來自外部客戶之收入全部源於其於香港之營運，而於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日，本集團之非流動資產位於香港。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

### 4. 經營分類資料 (續)

Year ended 31 March

截至三月三十一日止年度

		Property development and trading		Property investment		Asset management		Total	
		物業發展及買賣		物業投資		資產管理		總計	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
<b>Segment revenue:</b>	<b>分類收入</b>								
Sales to external customers	銷售予外部客戶	258,613	1,971,145	3,065	3,684	36,216	17,011	297,894	1,991,840
Other income	其他收入	27,907	40,728	49	15,364	—	—	27,956	56,092
<b>Total segment revenue</b>	<b>分類收入總額</b>	<b>286,520</b>	<b>2,011,873</b>	<b>3,114</b>	<b>19,048</b>	<b>36,216</b>	<b>17,011</b>	<b>325,850</b>	<b>2,047,932</b>
<b>Segment results</b>	<b>分類業績</b>	<b>(839,048)</b>	<b>143,846</b>	<b>350,542</b>	<b>251,394</b>	<b>(1,737)</b>	<b>(12,153)</b>	<b>(490,243)</b>	<b>383,087</b>
Reconciliation	對賬								
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款之利息收入							9,593	13,826
Interest income from loan receivables	應收貸款之利息收入							—	170
Interest income from debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資之利息收入							10,934	18,230
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產的利息收入							5,184	5,180
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產的股息收入							5,700	—
Loss on disposal/redemption of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	出售/贖回按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之虧損							(60,044)	(20,974)
Fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net	按公平值計入損益之金融資產及負債公平值(虧損)/收益淨額							(11,584)	3,010
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	金融資產的減值虧損淨額							(281)	(17,217)
Finance costs	融資成本							(181,010)	(126,760)
Corporate and unallocated expenses	企業及未分配開支							(24,054)	(40,666)
(Loss)/profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)/溢利							(735,805)	217,886
Income tax expense	所得稅							(6,268)	(7,032)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利							(742,073)	210,854

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

### 4. 經營分類資料 (續)

Year ended 31 March (Continued)

截至三月三十一日止年度 (續)

	Property development and trading		Property investment		Asset management		Unallocated		Total	
	物業發展及買賣		物業投資		資產管理		未分配		總計	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other segment information:	其他分類資料：									
Depreciation of owned assets	—	5	—	—	4	—	901	1,559	905	1,564
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	5,764	5,764	—	—	—	—	8,046	7,589	13,810	13,353
Write-down of properties under development	692,355	25,583	—	—	—	—	—	—	692,355	25,583
Write-down of properties held for sale	—	58,688	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	58,688
Capital expenditure*	—	—	86	20	37	—	315	1,381	438	1,401
Fair value gains on investment properties, net	—	—	(2,714)	(11,880)	—	—	—	—	(2,714)	(11,880)
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries, net	—	—	343	—	—	—	—	—	343	—
Gain on disposal of a joint venture	—	—	—	(14,551)	—	—	—	—	—	(14,551)
Share of profits and losses of joint ventures	87,450	(92,730)	(349,983)	(224,045)	—	—	—	—	(262,533)	(316,775)
Interests in joint ventures	2,395,595	2,434,782	1,460,034	1,103,447	—	—	—	—	3,855,629	3,538,229
Assets of a disposal group	857,292	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	857,292	—
Liabilities of a disposal group	322,936	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	322,936	—

\* Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment (excluding the addition of leased buildings and signages included in right-of-use assets) and investment properties.

\* 資本開支由添置物業、廠房及設備（不包括添置計入使用權資產的租賃樓宇及告示牌）及投資物業組成。

### Segment assets and liabilities

No assets and liabilities are included in the measures of the Group's segment reporting that are used by the management for performance assessment and resource allocation. Accordingly, no segment assets and liabilities are presented.

### 分部資產及負債

概無資產及負債計入管理層用於表現評估及資源分配的本集團分部報告計量。因此，概無呈列分部資產及負債。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

#### Information about major customers

During the year ended 31 March 2023, no revenue from transaction with a single external customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's total revenue. During the year ended 31 March 2024, revenue from customers which accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year is set out below:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Property development and trading segment:	物業發展及買賣分部：	
Customer A	客戶A	91,670
Customer B	客戶B	42,000
Customer C	客戶C	29,680

### 5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收入		
Sales of properties	出售物業	<b>258,613</b>	1,971,145
Asset management fees	資產管理費用	<b>36,216</b>	17,011
Subtotal	小計	<b>294,829</b>	1,988,156
Revenue from other source	來自其他來源之收入		
Rental income	租金收入	<b>3,065</b>	3,684
Total revenue	總收入	<b>297,894</b>	1,991,840

### 4. 經營分類資料 (續)

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度，概無與單一外部客戶的交易收入佔本集團總收入的10%或以上。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，佔本集團年內收入10%或以上的客戶收入載列如下：

### 5. 收入以及其他收入及收益淨額

本集團之收入分析如下：

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

### 5. 收入以及其他收入及收益淨額（續）

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

#### 來自客戶合約之收入

#### (i) Disaggregated revenue information

#### (i) 分拆收入資料

For the year ended 31 March 2024

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

Segment		Property development and trading	Asset management	Total
分類		物業發展及買賣	資產管理	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
<b>Types of goods or services</b>	<b>產品或服務類別</b>			
— Sales of properties	— 出售物業	258,613	—	258,613
— Asset management services	— 資產管理服務	—	36,216	36,216
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之總收入	258,613	36,216	294,829
<b>Timing of revenue recognition</b>	<b>收入確認之時間</b>			
Goods or services transferred at a point in time	於某個時間點轉移的產品或服務	258,613	20,000	278,613
Services transferred over time	經時間轉移之服務	—	16,216	16,216
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之總收入	258,613	36,216	294,829

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

#### 5. 收入以及其他收入及收益淨額（續）

##### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

##### 來自客戶合約之收入（續）

##### (i) Disaggregated revenue information (Continued)

##### (i) 分拆收入資料（續）

For the year ended 31 March 2023

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Segment		Property development and trading 物業發展及買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Asset management 資產管理 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Types of goods or services</b>	<b>服務類別</b>			
— Sales of properties	— 出售物業	1,971,145	—	1,971,145
— Asset management services	— 資產管理服務	—	17,011	17,011
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之總收入	1,971,145	17,011	1,988,156
<b>Timing of revenue recognition</b>	<b>收入確認之時間</b>			
Goods or services transferred at a point in time	於某個時間點轉移的產品或服務	1,971,145	4,578	1,975,723
Services transferred over time	經時間轉移之服務	—	12,433	12,433
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之總收入	1,971,145	17,011	1,988,156

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:

下表顯示本報告期間計入報告期初之合約負債的已確認收入金額：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:	報告期初計入合約負債之已確認收入：		
Sales of properties	出售物業	10,088	505,764

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

### 5. 收入以及其他收入及收益淨額 (續)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

#### 來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

##### (ii) Performance obligations

##### (ii) 履約責任

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

本集團履約責任的有關資料概述如下：

##### *Sales of properties*

##### *出售物業*

The performance obligation is satisfied when the legal title of the property is obtained by the purchaser.

履約責任乃於買方取得物業的合法業權時達致。

##### *Asset management services*

##### *資產管理服務*

For base management fees, asset management fees, project management fees and development management fees, the performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered. For acquisition fees, lease fees and promote fees, the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time upon the successful acquisition of properties, carrying out leasing services and reaching the performance target, as the customers only receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group upon successful acquisition, provision of leasing services and reaching or exceeding certain internal rate of return target, respectively.

就基本管理費、資產管理費、項目管理費和發展管理費而言，履約責任於提供服務時隨時間達成。就收購費、租賃費和推廣費而言，履約責任於成功收購物業、進行租賃服務及達成績效目標的時間點達成，原因為客戶僅於成功收購、提供租賃服務及達成或超過若干內部回報目標後收取及消耗本集團提供的利益。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

#### (ii) Performance obligations (Continued)

The contracted sales amounts allocated to the remaining performance obligations as at the end of the year are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts expected to be recognised 預期將確認為收入之金額：			
as revenue:			
Within one year 一年內		<b>611,442</b>	155,782
After one year 一年後		—	455,718
		<b>611,442</b>	611,500

All the contracted sales amounts allocated to the performance obligations are related to sales of properties and expected to be recognised as revenue within one year (2023: within two years). The amounts disclosed above do not include variable consideration which is constrained.

### 5. 收入以及其他收入及收益淨額 (續)

#### 來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

#### (ii) 履約責任 (續)

於年末分配至餘下履約責任之訂約銷售金額如下：

分配至履約責任的所有合約銷售額均與物業銷售有關，並預期於一年內（二零二三年：兩年內）確認為收益。上述披露的金額不包括受到限制的可變代價。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

### 5. 收入以及其他收入及收益淨額（續）

An analysis of the Group's other income and gains, net, is as follows:

本集團之其他收入及收益淨額分析如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Other income and gains, net</b>	<b>其他收入及收益淨額</b>		
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款之利息收入	9,593	13,826
Interest income from loan receivables	應收貸款之利息收入	—	170
Interest income from debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之利息收入	10,934	18,230
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的金融資產之利息收入	5,184	5,180
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的金融資產之股息收入	5,700	—
Forfeiture of deposits from customers	沒收客戶之按金	1,602	11,988
Property management fee	物業管理費	10,093	6,810
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收益	—	2
Gain on disposal of a joint venture	出售一間合營企業之收益	—	14,551
Others	其他	16,261	22,741
<b>Total other income and gains, net</b>	<b>總其他收入及收益淨額</b>	<b>59,367</b>	<b>93,498</b>



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 6. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's (loss)/profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

#### 6. 除稅前(虧損)/溢利

本集團之除稅前(虧損)/溢利已扣除/(計入)以下各項所達致：

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of properties sold	出售物業成本		<b>195,173</b>	1,640,965
Cost of services provided	提供服務成本		<b>29,008</b>	21,084
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) arising from rental-earning investment properties	賺取租金之投資物業所產生之直接經營開支(包括維修及保養)		<b>129</b>	184
Depreciation of owned assets	自有資產折舊	13	<b>905</b>	1,564
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	13	<b>13,810</b>	13,353
Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment losses) on financial assets, net:	金融資產之減值虧損/(減值虧損撥回)淨額：			
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資	19	<b>1,220</b>	16,865
Loan and interest receivables	貸款及應收利息	22	<b>(939)</b>	352
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>		<b>281</b>	17,217

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 6. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Continued)

The Group's (loss)/profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting): (continued)

### 6. 除稅前(虧損)/溢利(續)

本集團之除稅前(虧損)/溢利已扣除/(計入)以下各項所達致：(續)

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss on disposal/redemption of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income*	出售/贖回按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之虧損*		60,044	20,974
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries*	出售附屬公司的虧損*	35	343	—
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	不包括於計量租賃負債之租賃付款	15(c)	3,754	1,100
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		3,080	3,080
Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration (note 8)):	僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金(附註8)):			
Wages and salaries**	工資及薪金**		87,521	77,133
Pension scheme contributions***	退休金計劃供款***		1,866	1,799
Less: amount capitalised	減：資本化金額		(8,665)	(11,651)
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>		<b>80,722</b>	<b>67,281</b>

\* These expenses are included in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

\*\* Wage subsidies of HK\$1,542,000 granted from the Employment Support Scheme under Anti-Epidemic Fund for the use of paying wages of employees from May to July 2022 were received during the year ended 31 March 2023. These subsidies were recognised in "Administrative expenses" and offset with the employee benefit expenses. The purpose of the funding was to provide financial support to enterprises to retain their employees who would otherwise be made redundant. Under the terms of the grant, the Group was required not to make redundancies during the subsidy period and to spend all the funding on paying wages to the employees. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to this grant.

\*\*\* There are no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.

\* 該等開支計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表的「其他開支」。

\*\* 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度，已收到防疫抗疫基金項下保就業計劃發放的1,542,000港元工資補貼，用於支付僱員於二零二二年五月至七月的工資。該等附屬公司已確認為「行政開支」，並與僱員福利開支所抵銷。此筆資金的目的乃為企業提供財政支援，以保留原應已被裁減的僱員。根據補助條款，本集團在補助期內不得裁員，並須將所有資金用於支付僱員工資。該等補助並無尚未達成的條件或或然項目。

\*\*\* 並無本集團作為僱主可以使用的被沒收供款以減少現有的供款水平。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 7. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸利息	327,936	201,674
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	332	403
		<b>328,268</b>	202,077
Less: Interest capitalised	減：資本化利息	<b>(147,258)</b>	(75,317)
Total	總計	<b>181,010</b>	126,760

#### 7. 融資成本

融資成本分析如下：

#### 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees	袍金	520	460
Other emoluments:	其他酬金：		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	8,590	8,244
Performance-related bonuses*	表現花紅*	—	8,723
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	54	54
Subtotal	小計	<b>8,644</b>	17,021
Total fees and other emoluments	袍金及其他酬金總額	<b>9,164</b>	17,481

#### 8. 董事酬金

本年度董事酬金根據聯交所證券上市規則（「上市規則」）、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司（披露董事利益資料）規例第2部披露如下：

\* Certain executive directors of the Company were entitled to bonus payments which were determined with reference to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the directors and comparable market practices during the prior year.

\* 本公司若干執行董事有權享有花紅，而花紅乃參考過往年度本集團經營業績、董事之個人表現及可供比較之市場慣例後釐定。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued)

### 8. 董事酬金 (續)

#### (a) Independent non-executive directors

#### (a) 獨立非執行董事

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

年內支付予獨立非執行董事之袍金如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Mr. Li Wing Sum, Steven	李永森先生	130	140
Mr. Sung Tze Wah	宋梓華先生	130	140
Sr Dr. Leung Tony Ka Tung	梁家棟博士測量師	130	140
Dr. Chan Ho Wah Terence*	陳浩華博士*	130	40
Total	總計	520	460

\* Appointed as an independent non-executive director on 1 December 2022

\* 於二零二二年十二月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2023: Nil).

年內概無向獨立非執行董事支付其他酬金 (二零二三年：無)。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued)

#### (b) The executive directors and the chief executive

		Fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Performance-related bonuses	Pension scheme contributions	Total remuneration
		袍金	薪金、津貼及實物利益	表現相關花紅	退休金計劃供款	酬金總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
<b>2024</b>	<b>二零二四年</b>					
Executive directors:	執行董事：					
Mr. Tang Ho Hong (Chief Executive Officer)	鄧灝康先生 (行政總裁)	—	4,594	—	18	4,612
Ms. Ching Tak Won, Teresa	程德韻女士	—	2,101	—	18	2,119
Ms. Wong Chin Han**	黃靜嫻女士**	—	1,895	—	18	1,913
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8,590</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>8,644</b>
<b>2023</b>	<b>二零二三年</b>					
Executive directors:	執行董事：					
Mr. Tang Ho Hong (Chief Executive Officer)	鄧灝康先生 (行政總裁)	—	4,305	4,361	18	8,684
Ms. Ching Tak Won, Teresa	程德韻女士	—	2,080	2,181	18	4,279
Ms. Wong Chin Han	黃靜嫻女士	—	1,859	2,181	18	4,058
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>8,244</b>	<b>8,723</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>17,021</b>

\*\* Resigned as an executive director with effect from 1 April 2024

\*\* 已辭任執行董事，自二零二四年四月一日起生效

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2023: Nil).

年內並無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排 (二零二三年：無)。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2023: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are disclosed in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining two (2023: two) non-director, highest paid employees are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	3,085	2,943
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	875	1,320
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	36	36
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>3,996</b>	<b>4,299</b>

The numbers of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands are as follows:

		Number of employees 僱員人數	
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001 港元至 2,000,000 港元	1	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001 港元至 2,500,000 港元	1	1

### 9. 五名最高薪僱員

年內，五名最高薪僱員中三名（二零二三年：三名）為董事，其酬金詳情已於上文附註8披露。餘下兩名（二零二三年：兩名）非董事最高薪僱員之年內酬金詳情如下：

酬金屬於下列範圍之非董事最高薪僱員人數如下：





## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### 10. 所得稅

香港利得稅乃根據截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度在香港產生之估計應課稅溢利按稅率16.5%（二零二三年：16.5%）作出撥備。

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current — Hong Kong	即期 — 香港		
Charge for the year	本年度開支	<b>2,645</b>	3,657
(Overprovision)/underprovision in prior years	過往年度（超額撥備）／撥備不足	<b>(221)</b>	2,316
		<b>2,424</b>	5,973
Deferred (note 31)	遞延（附註31）	<b>3,844</b>	1,059
Total tax charge for the year	本年度之稅項開支總額	<b>6,268</b>	7,032

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 10. INCOME TAX (Continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to (loss)/profit before tax at the Hong Kong statutory rate to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

### 10. 所得稅 (續)

按香港法定稅率計算之除稅前(虧損)/溢利之適用稅項開支與按實際稅率計算之稅項開支之對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)/溢利	<b>(735,805)</b>	217,886
Tax at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate	按香港法定稅率計算稅項	<b>(121,408)</b>	35,952
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	就過往期間即期稅項作出調整	<b>(221)</b>	2,316
Profits and losses attributable to joint ventures	合營企業應佔溢利及虧損	<b>(43,318)</b>	(52,268)
Income not subject to tax	毋須繳稅收入	<b>(4,455)</b>	(10,038)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣稅開支	<b>20,282</b>	16,871
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	動用以往期間之稅項虧損	—	(6,312)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認稅項虧損	<b>151,519</b>	20,535
Adjustments in respect of deferred tax of previous periods	就以往期間遞延稅項作出調整	<b>3,875</b>	—
Others	其他	<b>(6)</b>	(24)
Tax expense at the Group's effective rate	按本集團之實際稅率計算之稅項開支	<b>6,268</b>	7,032

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the weighted average applicable tax rate was 16.5% (2023: 16.5%).

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，加權平均適用稅率為16.5%（二零二三年：16.5%）。

The share of tax attributable to joint ventures amounting to HK\$22,181,000 (2023: HK\$27,366,000), is included in "Share of profits and losses of joint ventures" in profit or loss.

損益中的「應佔合營企業溢利及虧損」中包括應佔合營企業稅項22,181,000港元（二零二三年：27,366,000港元）。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 11. DIVIDENDS

### 11. 股息

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Proposed final dividend — Nil (2023: HK0.69 cent) per ordinary share	—	104,880
建議末期股息 — 每股普通股股份 零港仙（二零二三年：0.69港仙）		

The board of directors does not recommend the payment of any dividends in respect of the year ended 31 March 2024. The final dividend proposed subsequent to the reporting period in the prior year was subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and had not been recognised as a liability at 31 March 2023.

董事會並不建議就截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度派付任何股息。上一年度報告期後建議之末期股息須待本公司股東於本公司應屆股東週年大會批准後，方可作實，且於二零二三年三月三十一日並未確認為負債。

### 12. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

### 12. 母公司普通權益持有人應佔每股（虧損）／盈利

The calculation of basic (loss)/earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2024 is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent of HK\$733,276,000 (2023: profit of HK\$211,066,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year of 15,200,000,000 (2023: 15,200,000,000).

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之每股基本（虧損）／盈利乃根據母公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損733,276,000港元（二零二三年：溢利211,066,000港元）及年內已發行普通股加權平均數15,200,000,000（二零二三年：15,200,000,000）股計算。

No adjustment has been made to the basic (loss)/earnings per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during these two years.

本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日止年度並無已發行潛在攤薄普通股，故並無就該兩個年度呈列之每股基本（虧損）／盈利作出調整。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Owned assets 自有資產					Right-of-use assets 使用權資產				Total 總計	
		Buildings 樓宇	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置及 辦公設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Computer equipment 電腦設備	Sub-total 小計	Leasehold land 租賃土地	Buildings 樓宇	Signages 告示牌		Sub-total 小計
<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>二零二四年三月三十一日</b>											
At 1 April 2023:	於二零二三年四月一日：											
Cost	成本	3,887	17,861	3,668	917	9,445	35,778	87,389	27,485	—	114,874	150,652
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(680)	(17,861)	(3,668)	(917)	(5,332)	(28,458)	(12,480)	(11,222)	—	(23,702)	(52,160)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	3,207	—	—	—	4,113	7,320	74,909	16,263	—	91,172	98,492
At 1 April 2023, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二三年四月一日，扣除累計折舊	3,207	—	—	—	4,113	7,320	74,909	16,263	—	91,172	98,492
Additions, net	添置，淨額	—	—	—	—	352	352	—	715	1,843	2,558	2,910
Depreciation provided during the year	年內折舊撥備	(132)	—	—	—	(773)	(905)	(3,120)	(9,989)	(701)	(13,810)	(14,715)
At 31 March 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二四年三月三十一日，扣除累計折舊	3,075	—	—	—	3,692	6,767	71,789	6,989	1,142	79,920	86,687
At 31 March 2024:	於二零二四年三月三十一日：											
Cost	成本	3,887	17,861	3,668	917	9,797	36,130	87,389	28,200	1,843	117,432	153,562
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(812)	(17,861)	(3,668)	(917)	(6,105)	(29,363)	(15,600)	(21,211)	(701)	(37,512)	(66,875)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	3,075	—	—	—	3,692	6,767	71,789	6,989	1,142	79,920	86,687

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

### 13. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

		Owned assets 自有資產					Right-of-use assets 使用權資產				Total 總計
		Buildings 樓宇	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置及辦公設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Computer equipment 電腦設備	Sub-total 小計	Leasehold land 租賃土地	Buildings 樓宇	Sub-total 小計	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
<b>31 March 2023</b>	<b>二零二三年三月三十一日</b>										
At 1 April 2022:	於二零二二年四月一日:										
Cost	成本	3,867	17,861	3,668	956	8,064	34,436	87,389	31,809	119,198	153,634
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(547)	(17,861)	(2,807)	(946)	(4,765)	(26,926)	(9,360)	(15,506)	(24,866)	(51,792)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	3,340	—	861	10	3,299	7,510	78,029	16,303	94,332	101,842
At 1 April 2022, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二二年四月一日，扣除累計折舊	3,340	—	861	10	3,299	7,510	78,029	16,303	94,332	101,842
Additions, net	添置，淨額	—	—	—	—	1,381	1,381	—	10,193	10,193	11,574
Depreciation provided during the year	年內折舊撥備	(133)	—	(861)	(3)	(567)	(1,564)	(3,120)	(10,233)	(13,353)	(14,917)
Disposal	出售	—	—	—	(7)	—	(7)	—	—	—	(7)
At 31 March 2023, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二三年三月三十一日，扣除累計折舊	3,207	—	—	—	4,113	7,320	74,909	16,263	91,172	98,492
At 31 March 2023:	於二零二三年三月三十一日:										
Cost	成本	3,867	17,861	3,668	917	9,445	35,778	87,389	27,485	114,874	150,652
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(660)	(17,861)	(3,668)	(917)	(5,332)	(28,458)	(12,480)	(11,222)	(23,702)	(52,160)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	3,207	—	—	—	4,113	7,320	74,909	16,263	91,172	98,492

At 31 March 2024, the Group's owned buildings with a net carrying amount of HK\$3,075,000 (2023: HK\$3,207,000) and leasehold land, which is included in right-of-use assets, with a net carrying amount of HK\$71,789,000 (2023: HK\$74,909,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 30).

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團賬面淨值為3,075,000港元（二零二三年：3,207,000港元）之自有樓宇及賬面淨值為71,789,000港元（二零二三年：74,909,000港元）之租賃土地（計入使用權資產）已抵押作為本集團獲取一般銀行融資之擔保（附註30）。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

### 14. 投資物業

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year	年初賬面值	147,000	135,100
Additions	添置	86	20
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 35)	出售附屬公司（附註35）	(78,800)	—
Net gains from fair value adjustments	公平值調整收益淨額	2,714	11,880
Carrying amount at end of year	年末賬面值	71,000	147,000

The Group's investment properties as at 31 March 2024 and 2023 consisted of commercial units in Hong Kong.

於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日，本集團之投資物業包括位於香港之商業單位。

All the Group's leasehold property interests (i.e. right-of-use assets) to earn rentals are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

本集團所有以賺取租金之租賃物業利息（如使用權資產）均以公平值模型計量，並分類及入賬作投資物業。

Rental income from investment properties recognised by the Group during the year was HK\$3,065,000 (2023: HK\$3,684,000), details of which are included in note 5 to the financial statements.

本集團於年內確認來自投資物業之租金收入3,065,000港元（二零二三年：3,684,000港元），其詳情載於財務報表附註5。

The investment properties were revalued by Asset Appraisal Limited, an independent professionally qualified valuer, at 31 March 2024 and 2023. The finance department has a team that reviews the valuation performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes and reports directly to the senior management of the Company. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between management and the valuer twice a year when the valuation is performed for interim and annual financial reporting. At the end of each reporting period, the finance department holds discussion with the independent valuer to verify major inputs to the independent valuation reports. The finance department also assesses property valuation movements when compared to the prior year valuation reports.

投資物業由獨立專業合資格估值師中誠達資產評估顧問有限公司於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日進行重估。財務部設有一個小組，專責就財務報告而言對獨立估值師的估值進行審閱，並直接向本公司高級管理層匯報。就中期及年度財務報告進行評估時，管理層與估值師會就評估程序及結果每年展開兩次討論。於各報告期末，財務部會與獨立估值師展開討論，以核實獨立估值報告的重大輸入數據。財務部亦會就物業估值較上一年度估值報告的變動進行評估。





# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

At 31 March 2024 and 2023, the investment properties were leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 15 to the financial statements.

At 31 March 2024, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$71,000,000 (2023: HK\$147,000,000) and certain rental income generated therefrom were pledged to secure the Group's general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 30).

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

		Fair value measurement using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
		採用重大不可觀察輸入數據之公平值計量（第三層）	
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value measurement for:	經常性公平值計量：		
Commercial properties	商用物業	71,000	147,000

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2023: Nil).

### 14. 投資物業（續）

於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日，投資物業按經營租約租予第三方，進一步概要詳情載於財務報表附註15。

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團賬面總值為71,000,000港元（二零二三年：147,000,000港元）之投資物業，及其所產生之若干租金收入已抵押作為本集團獲授一般銀行融資之擔保（附註30）。

#### 公平值層級

下表闡述本集團投資物業之公平值計量層級：

年內，公平值計量概無於第一層及第二層之間轉讓，亦無自第三層轉入或轉出（二零二三年：無）。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

		Commercial properties 商用物業 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日之賬面值	135,100
Additions	添置	20
Net gains from fair value adjustments	公平值調整收益淨額	11,880
Carrying amount at 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及二零二三年四月一日之賬面值	147,000
Additions	添置	86
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 35)	出售附屬公司(附註35)	(78,800)
Net gains from fair value adjustments	公平值調整收益淨額	2,714
Carrying amount at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日之賬面值	71,000

Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key input to the valuation of investment properties:

### 14. 投資物業 (續)

#### 公平值層級 (續)

分類為公平值層級第三層之公平值計量之對賬如下：

下文概述投資物業估值所採用之估值方法及主要輸入數據：

	Valuation technique 估值方法	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Range or weighted average 範圍或加權平均數	
			2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Commercial properties 商用物業	Direct comparison method 直接比較法	Price per square foot 每平方米價格	HK\$21,500 to HK\$33,300 21,500 港元至 33,300 港元	HK\$21,900 to HK\$77,700 21,900 港元至 77,700 港元

As at 31 March 2024, the valuations of investment properties were based on direct comparison method by reference to comparable market transactions.

A significant increase/(decrease) in the price per square foot in isolation would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value of the investment properties.

於二零二四年三月三十一日，投資物業乃根據直接比較法（即參考可資比較市場交易）進行估值。

每平方米價格單獨大幅增加／（減少）會令投資物業之公平值大幅上升／（下降）。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 15. LEASES

#### The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for leasehold land, office properties and signages used in its operation. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the leasehold land in Hong Kong with remaining lease period of 30 years, and no ongoing payments will be made under the terms of these land leases. Lease of the office properties and signages have lease terms of 24 to 36 months and 14 to 24 months, respectively. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased asset outside the Group.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

### 15. 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團擁有租賃土地及經營中使用的辦公物業及告示牌的租賃合同。一次性付款已提前作出以收購餘下租期為30年的香港租賃土地，而根據該等土地租賃的條款，將不會繼續支付任何款項。辦公室物業及告示牌租賃的租期分別為介乎24至36個月以及介乎14至24個月。一般而言，本集團不得在本集團以外轉讓及分租租賃資產。

#### (a) 使用權資產

本集團年內使用權資產之賬面值及變動於財務報表附註13披露。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 15. LEASES (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of the Group's lease liabilities (included in other payables and accruals) and the movements during the year are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at beginning of year	年初之賬面值	16,713	16,862
New lease	新租賃	2,558	10,193
Accretion of interest recognised during the year	年內已確認利息增幅	332	403
Payments	付款	(11,236)	(10,745)
Carrying amount at end of year	年末之賬面值	8,367	16,713
Analysed into:	分析為：		
Within one year	一年內	8,105	10,052
In the second year, as non-current portion	第二年，作為非流動部分	262	6,661
		8,367	16,713

The maturity analysis of undiscounted lease liabilities is set out in note 42 to the financial statements.

### 15. 租賃 (續)

#### 本集團作為承租人 (續)

#### (b) 租賃負債

本集團年內租賃負債之賬面值 (計入其他應付款項及應計費用) 及變動如下：

未貼現租賃負債之到期日分析載於財務報表附註42。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 15. LEASES (Continued)

##### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to lease are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息	332	403
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets (included in administrative expenses)	使用權資產之折舊開支 (計入行政開支)	13,810	13,353
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in selling and distribution expenses)	與短期租賃有關之開支 (計入銷售及分銷開支)	3,754	1,100
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之總金額	17,896	14,856

(d) The total cash outflow for the leases is disclosed in note 36(c) to the financial statements.

##### The Group as a lessor

The Group leases its investment properties and certain of its properties held for sale (on a temporarily basis) in Hong Kong under operating lease arrangements. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rental adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

#### 15. 租賃（續）

##### 本集團作為承租人（續）

(c) 於損益確認之租賃相關金額如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息	332	403
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets (included in administrative expenses)	使用權資產之折舊開支 (計入行政開支)	13,810	13,353
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in selling and distribution expenses)	與短期租賃有關之開支 (計入銷售及分銷開支)	3,754	1,100
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之總金額	17,896	14,856

(d) 租賃之現金流出總值於財務報表附註 36(c) 披露。

##### 本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租其投資物業及出租若干位於香港之持作出售物業（按暫時基準）。租賃條款一般要求租戶支付擔保按金及規定定期根據現行市況作出租金調整。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 15. LEASES (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessor (Continued)

At 31 March 2024, the undiscounted lease payments receivables by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	5,321	13,147
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	1,292	8,717
After two years but within three years	兩年後但三年內	—	1,057
Total	總計	6,613	22,921

### 16. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

Properties under development expected to be completed:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within the normal operating cycle included under current assets	於正常營運週期內，計入流動資產	1,925,060	2,243,399
Beyond the normal operating cycle included under non-current assets	超過正常營運週期，計入非流動資產	1,093,725	1,992,527
Included in assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale (note 26)	計入分類為持作出售之一個出售集團之資產（附註26）	3,018,785 (850,125)	4,235,926 —
Less: Portion classified as non-current assets	減：分類為非流動資產部分	2,168,660 (243,600)	4,235,926 (1,992,527)
Current portion	流動部分	1,925,060	2,243,399

### 15. 租賃（續）

#### 本集團作為出租人（續）

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團根據與其租戶之不可撤銷經營租賃於未來期間的應收未貼現租賃款項如下：

### 16. 發展中物業

預計於下列期間落成之發展中物業：

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 16. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

(Continued)

Properties under development expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle and classified as current assets are expected to be recovered:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	974,992	1,429,269
After one year	一年後	950,068	814,130
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>1,925,060</b>	<b>2,243,399</b>

Notes:

- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2024, write-down of properties under development of HK\$692,355,000 (2023: HK\$25,583,000) was charged to profit or loss, and which was related to properties under development with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$2,556,418,000 as at 31 March 2024 (2023: HK\$48,300,000). Included in the current year's write-down is an amount of HK\$187,827,000 which is related to properties under development included in assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale with a carrying amount of HK\$850,125,000.
- (ii) As at 31 March 2024, the Group's properties under development with an aggregate net carrying amount of HK\$2,568,718,000 (2023: HK\$48,300,000) were carried at fair value less costs of disposal, and of which HK\$850,125,000 (2023: Nil) was included in assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale.
- (iii) At 31 March 2024, the Group's properties under development with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$3,018,785,000 (2023: HK\$4,187,627,000) were pledged to secure the Group's general banking facilities (note 30), and of which HK\$850,125,000 (2023: Nil) was included in assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale (note 26).
- (iv) As at 31 March 2024, the leasehold land included in properties under development in Hong Kong amounting to HK\$2,620,898,000 (2023: HK\$3,451,684,000), of which HK\$850,125,000 (2023: Nil) was included in assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale, and had remaining lease terms within 50 years.

### 16. 發展中物業 (續)

預期收回預計於正常營運週期內落成及分類為流動資產之發展中物業：

附註：

- (i) 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，發展中物業之撇減692,355,000港元（二零二三年：25,583,000港元）已於損益中扣除，其與於二零二四年三月三十一日賬面值為2,556,418,000港元（二零二三年：48,300,000港元）的發展中物業有關。計入本年度撇減之款項187,827,000港元與計入分類為持作出售之一個出售集團資產之發展中物業有關，其賬面值為850,125,000港元。
- (ii) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團賬面總值淨額為2,568,718,000港元（二零二三年：48,300,000港元）之發展中物業按公平值減出售成本列賬，而其中850,125,000港元（二零二三年：無）已計入分類為持作出售之一個出售集團資產。
- (iii) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團賬面總值為3,018,785,000港元（二零二三年：4,187,627,000港元）之發展中物業已抵押作為本集團獲取一般銀行融資之擔保（附註30），而其中850,125,000港元（二零二三年：無）已計入分類為持作出售之一個出售集團資產（附註26）。
- (iv) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，在計入香港發展中物業之租賃土地為2,620,898,000港元（二零二三年：3,451,684,000港元），而其中850,125,000港元（二零二三年：無）已計入分類為持作出售之一個出售集團資產，其剩餘租期為五十年之內。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 17. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

### 17. 持作出售物業

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 31 March	於三月三十一日之賬面值	<b>1,710,302</b>	245,808

Notes:

附註：

- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2023, a write-down of properties held for sale of HK\$58,688,000 was charged to profit or loss, of which HK\$12,453,000 was related to a commercial property held for sale with a carrying amount of HK\$123,547,000 as at 31 March 2023, while the remaining amount was related to properties held for sale which have been sold.
- (ii) At 31 March 2024, the Group's properties held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$1,659,667,000 (2023: HK\$123,547,000) were pledged to secure the Group's general banking facilities (note 30).

- (i) 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度，持作出售物業之撇減58,688,000港元已於損益中扣除，其中12,453,000港元與於二零二三年三月三十一日賬面值為123,547,000港元之持作出售商業物業有關，其餘與已出售之持作出售物業有關。
- (ii) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團總賬面值為1,659,667,000港元（二零二三年：123,547,000港元）之持作出售物業已抵押作為本集團獲取一般銀行融資擔保（附註30）。

### 18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

### 18. 於合營企業的權益

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	<b>1,256,974</b>	1,004,541
Loans to joint ventures	貸款予合營企業	<b>2,598,655</b>	2,533,688
Total	總計	<b>3,855,629</b>	3,538,229

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Except for loans to joint ventures of HK\$104,461,000 (2023: HK\$159,896,000) which bear interest at 9.5% (2023: 9.5%) per annum, the remaining loans to joint ventures are interest free. All the loans to joint venture are unsecured, have no fixed repayment terms and are unlikely to be repaid in the foreseeable future, and therefore in the opinion of the Company's directors, these loans form an integral part of the Group's equity interest in the joint ventures. There was no recent history of default and past due amounts for loans to the joint ventures. As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal.

Particulars of the Group's material joint ventures are as follows:

### 18. 於合營企業的權益（續）

除了向合營企業提供之貸款104,461,000港元（二零二三年：159,896,000港元）按年利率9.5%（二零二三年：9.5%）計息外，向合營企業提供之餘下貸款均為免息。向合營企業提供之所有貸款均為無抵押、並無固定還款期且不大可能於可預見未來償還，因此，本公司董事認為，該等貸款構成本集團於合營企業的股權的一部分。向合營企業提供之貸款並無近期違約記錄及逾期金額。於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日，虧損撥備經評估後屬微不足道。

本集團重大合營企業詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Particulars of issued shares held 所持已發行股份詳情	Place of incorporation/ and business 註冊成立／ 登記及營業地點	Percentage of beneficial interests attributable to the Group 本集團應佔實益權益百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Fortune Harbour Investments Limited* ("Fortune Harbour")	Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 普通股每股1美元	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	35	Investment holding 投資控股
Ease Mind Investments Limited ("Ease Mind")	Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 普通股每股1美元	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	40	Investment holding 投資控股
Giant Harmony Limited ("Giant Harmony") 志航有限公司（「志航」）	Ordinary shares HK\$1 each 普通股每股1港元	Hong Kong 香港	50	Investment holding 投資控股
Oriental Sunlight Limited ("Oriental Sunlight")	Ordinary shares US\$1 each 普通股每股1美元	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	50	Investment holding 投資控股

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

All these joint ventures are unlisted and indirectly held by the Company and they are considered as material joint ventures of the Group. These joint ventures, together with their subsidiaries, are principally engaged in the property development and property investment in Hong Kong and are accounted for using the equity method.

In the opinion of the directors, these joint ventures are considered as material joint ventures of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 and therefore, summarised financial information for these joint ventures for the year ended 31 March 2024 is presented in the financial statements.

\* In the opinion of the directors of the Company, Fortune Harbour was not considered as a material joint venture of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 and therefore, summarised financial information of this joint venture for the year ended 31 March 2023 is not presented in the financial statements.

### 18. 於合營企業的權益 (續)

所有該等合營企業為非上市及由本公司間接持有，及被視為本集團之重大合營企業。此等合營企業，連同其附屬公司主要於香港從事物業發展及物業投資，並按權益法入賬。

董事認為，該等合營企業為本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的重大合營企業，故該等合營企業截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的財務資料概要呈列於財務報表。

\* 本公司董事認為，Fortune Harbour於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度並不視為本集團之重大合營企業，因此，該合營企業於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之財務資料概要並無於財務報表呈列。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

- (a) The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information in respect of Fortune Harbour and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**FH Group**”), Ease Mind and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**EM Group**”), Oriental Sunlight and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**OS Group**”) and Giant Harmony and its subsidiaries (collectively the “**GH Group**”) and reconciled to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements:

### 18. 於合營企業的權益 (續)

- (a) 下表載列 Fortune Harbour 及其附屬公司 (統稱「**FH 集團**」)、Ease Mind 及其附屬公司 (統稱「**EM 集團**」)、Oriental Sunlight 及其附屬公司 (統稱「**OS 集團**」) 以及志航及其附屬公司 (統稱「**志航集團**」) 之財務資料概要與綜合財務報表之賬面值對賬：

		2024 二零二四年			
		FH Group FH 集團 HK\$'000 千港元	EM Group EM 集團 HK\$'000 千港元	OS Group OS 集團 HK\$'000 千港元	GH Group 志航集團 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等同項目	61,052	1,730	27,323	117,150
Other current assets	其他流動資產	32,505	1,005,411	4,550	6,436,665
<b>Current assets</b>	<b>流動資產</b>	<b>93,557</b>	<b>1,007,141</b>	<b>31,873</b>	<b>6,553,815</b>
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,800,998	76	1,138,000	—
Financial liabilities, excluding trade and other payables	金融負債，不包括應付賬款及其他應付款項	—	—	(431,164)	(59,876)
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	(456,308)	(778,445)	(24,518)	(4,427,891)
<b>Current liabilities</b>	<b>流動負債</b>	<b>(456,308)</b>	<b>(778,445)</b>	<b>(455,682)</b>	<b>(4,487,767)</b>
Non-current financial liabilities, excluding trade and other payables	非流動金融負債，不包括應付賬款及其他應付款項	(1,754,032)	—	(8,545)	(2,279,986)
<b>Net assets/(liabilities)</b>	<b>資產/(負債)淨值</b>	<b>684,215</b>	<b>228,772</b>	<b>705,646</b>	<b>(213,938)</b>
Reconciliation to the Group's interests in the joint ventures:	與本集團於合營企業之權益對賬：				
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權所佔比例	35%	40%	50%	50%
Group's share of net assets of the joint ventures	本集團應佔合營企業之資產淨值	239,475	91,509	352,823	(106,969)
Capital contributed by a joint venture partner not proportionate to its shareholding	合營企業夥伴不按持股比例的注資	—	—	—	(8,600)
Loans to joint ventures	貸款予合營企業	151,210	104,460	—	2,124,336
<b>Carrying amount of the interests</b>	<b>權益之賬面值</b>	<b>390,685</b>	<b>195,969</b>	<b>352,823</b>	<b>2,008,767</b>
Revenue	收益	31,000	395,454	47,525	—
Interest income	利息收入	162	7,031	419	2,302
Interest expenses	利息開支	(47,937)	(10,385)	(28,621)	—
Write down of properties under development	發展中物業之撇減	—	—	—	(174,367)
Tax charge	稅項支出	(1,662)	(52,474)	(1,863)	—
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)及全面收益/(虧損)總額	684,214	40,014	18,414	(192,100)
Dividend received from a joint venture	已收一間合營企業股息	—	—	10,500	—

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

(b) The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information in respect of EM Group, OS Group and GH Group and reconciled to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements:

### 18. 於合營企業的權益 (續)

(b) 下表載列EM集團、OS集團及志航集團之財務資料概要與綜合財務報表之賬面值對賬：

		2023 二零二三年		
		EM Group EM集團 HK\$'000 千港元	OS Group OS集團 HK\$'000 千港元	GH Group 志航集團 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等同項目	178,916	29,004	119,899
Other current assets	其他流動資產	1,249,971	1,207	6,443,107
<b>Current assets</b>	<b>流動資產</b>	<b>1,428,887</b>	<b>30,211</b>	<b>6,563,006</b>
Non-current assets	非流動資產	76	1,130,000	—
Financial liabilities, excluding trade and other payables	金融負債，不包括應付賬款及其他			
Other current liabilities	應付款項 其他流動負債	(354,556) (885,649)	— (14,145)	(462,273) (4,085,239)
<b>Current liabilities</b>	<b>流動負債</b>	<b>(1,240,205)</b>	<b>(14,145)</b>	<b>(4,547,512)</b>
Non-current financial liabilities, excluding trade and other payables	非流動金融負債，不包括應付賬款及其他應付款項	—	(437,834)	(2,037,332)
<b>Net assets/(liabilities)</b>	<b>資產／(負債)淨值</b>	<b>188,758</b>	<b>708,232</b>	<b>(21,838)</b>
Reconciliation to the Group's interests in the joint ventures:	與本集團於合營企業之權益對賬：			
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權所佔比例	40%	50%	50%
Group's share of net assets of the joint ventures	本集團應佔合營企業之資產淨值	75,503	354,116	(10,919)
Capital contributed by a joint venture partner not proportionate to its shareholding	合營企業夥伴不按持股比例的注資	—	—	(9,000)
Loans to joint ventures	貸款予合營企業	159,896	—	2,019,611
Carrying amount of the interests	權益之賬面值	235,399	354,116	1,999,692
Revenue	收益	571,583	42,878	—
Interest income	利息收入	3,534	19	1,220
Interest expenses	利息開支	(29,923)	(17,341)	—
Tax charge	稅項支出	(35,357)	(2,786)	—
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利／(虧損)及全面收益／(虧損)總額	187,429	235,071	(18,009)
Dividend received from a joint venture	已收一間合營企業股息	—	8,500	—

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 18. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

- (c) The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's joint ventures that are not individually material:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of joint ventures' profit and total comprehensive income for the year, net	應佔合營企業的年內溢利及全面收益總額淨額	93,895	133,272
Loans to joint ventures	貸款予合營企業	218,649	354,181
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in the joint ventures	本集團於合營企業的權益賬面總額	907,385	949,022
Dividend received	已收股息	—	118,050

### 18. 於合營企業的權益（續）

- (c) 下表載述本集團並非個別重大的合營企業合計的財務資料：

### 19. DEBT INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed debt investments, at fair value	上市債務投資，按公平值	2,486	108,164
Less: Portion classified as non-current assets	減：分類為非流動資產部分	—	(101,714)
Current portion	流動部分	2,486	6,450

### 19. 按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資

Notes:

- (i) At the end of the reporting periods, the debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income were denominated in United States dollar ("US\$").
- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group disposed of certain listed debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income with carrying amount of HK\$61,703,000.

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group acquired and disposed of certain listed debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income of HK\$14,849,000 and HK\$19,836,000, respectively.

附註：

- (i) 於報告期末，按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資以美元（「美元」）計值。
- (ii) 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團出售賬面值為61,703,000港元之若干按公平值計入其他全面收益的上市債務投資。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度，本集團收購及出售賬面值分別為14,849,000港元及19,836,000港元之若干按公平值計入其他全面收益的上市債務投資。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日



### 19. DEBT INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (iii) Impairment assessment of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

As at 31 March 2024, all listed debt investments were overdue and categorised within Stage 3 for the ECLs assessment.

As at 31 March 2023, none of the listed debt investments were overdue, and except for certain listed debt investments of HK\$6,450,000 which were categorised within Stage 3, all of them were categorised within Stage 1 for the ECLs assessment.

An impairment analysis was performed at 31 March 2024 and 2023 by considering the ECLs, which were estimated by applying the probability of default approach with reference to risk of default and losses given default of the issuers or comparable companies. As at 31 March 2024, the probability of default applied was 100% (2023: 0.0004% to 100%) and the loss given default was estimated to be approximately 61.8% (2023: 54.7% to 63.9%).

- (iv) At 31 March 2024, the Group's debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$2,486,000 (2023: HK\$108,164,000) were charged to secure the Group's general banking facilities (note 30).

### 19. 按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資 (續)

附註：(續)

- (iii) 按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之減值評估

於二零二四年三月三十一日，所有上市債務投資已逾期並分類為預期信貸虧損評估之第三階段。

於二零二三年三月三十一日，概無上市債務投資逾期，除分類為第三階段之若干上市債務投資6,450,000港元外，所有債務投資均歸入第一階段以評估預期信貸虧損。

於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日，透過考慮預期信貸虧損進行減值分析，而預期信貸虧損乃透過應用違約風險概率並參考違約風險及發行人或可比公司違約時的虧損進行估算。於二零二四年三月三十一日，違約概率為100%（二零二三年：0.0004%至100%），估計違約虧損約為61.8%（二零二三年：54.7%至63.9%）。

- (iv) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團賬面總值為2,486,000港元（二零二三年：108,164,000港元）之按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資已抵押作為本集團一般銀行融資之擔保（附註30）。





## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 19. DEBT INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (v) The movements in the loss allowance for the impairment of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year	於年初	17,937	1,072
Impairment losses, net (note 6)	減值虧損淨額（附註6）	1,220	16,865
At end of year	於年末	19,157	17,937

#### 19. 按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資（續）

附註：（續）

- (v) 按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務投資之減值虧損撥備變動如下：

#### 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

##### Financial assets

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed fund investments, at fair value	上市基金投資，按公平值	20,884	12,109
Unlisted fund investments, at fair value	非上市基金投資，按公平值	33	2,237
Convertible bonds, at fair value	可換股債券，按公平值	—	49,510
Investments in life insurance policies	人壽保險保單投資	19,825	—
Interest rate swaps (Note)	利率掉期（附註）	1,119	—
		41,861	63,856
Less: Portion classified as non-current assets	減：分類為非流動資產部分	(775)	(49,510)
Current portion	流動部分	41,086	14,346

#### 20. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產及負債

##### 金融資產

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

### 20. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產及負債 (續)

#### Financial liabilities

#### 金融負債

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest rate swaps (Note)	利率掉期 (附註)	606	—
Less: Portion classified as non-current liabilities	減：分類為非流動負債部分	(606)	—
Current portion	流動部分	—	—

The above fund investments, convertible bonds and investments in life insurance policies were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as the contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest. Details of the fair value hierarchy of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are set out in note 41 to the financial statements.

上述基金投資、可換股債券及人壽保險保單投資因其合約現金流量不僅為本金及利息的支付而被強制分類為按公平值計入損益的金融資產。按公平值計入損益的金融資產的公平值層級詳情載於財務報表附註41。

At the end of the reporting period, the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that were denominated in US\$, Japanese Yen ("JPY"), British Pound Sterling ("GBP"), Australian Dollar ("AUD") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD"), other than the functional currencies of the respective group entities, amounted to HK\$19,825,000, HK\$33,000, HK\$9,415,000, HK\$2,291,000 and HK\$7,411,000 (2023: HK\$49,510,000, HK\$2,237,000, HK\$2,596,000, HK\$6,924,000 and Nil), respectively.

於報告期末，以美元、日圓（「日圓」）、英鎊（「英鎊」）、澳元（「澳元」）及新加坡元（「新加坡元」）計值的按公平值計入損益的金融資產（各個集團實體的功能貨幣除外）分別為19,825,000港元、33,000港元、9,415,000港元、2,291,000港元及7,411,000港元（二零二三年：49,510,000港元、2,237,000港元、2,596,000港元、6,924,000港元及無）。

At 31 March 2024, the Group's listed fund investments and investments in life insurance policies with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$20,884,000 (2023: HK\$12,109,000) and HK\$19,825,000 (2023: Nil), respectively, were charged to secure the Group's general banking facilities (note 30).

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團賬面總值分別為20,884,000港元（二零二三年：12,109,000港元）及19,825,000港元（二零二三年：無）之上市基金投資及人壽保險保單投資已抵押作為本集團一般銀行融資之擔保（附註30）。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

Note:

The Group has entered into various interest rate swap contracts to manage its interest rate exposures. These interest rate swaps are not designated for hedge purposes and are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A net gain on fair value changes in interest rate swaps amounting to HK\$1,077,000 (2023: HK\$392,000) was credited to profit or loss during the year. All interest rate swaps contracts have been terminated during the year ended 31 March 2023, and new interest rate swaps contracts have been entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024.

Interest rate swap contracts of the Group were conducted with creditworthy banks.

### 20. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產及負債（續）

附註：

本集團已訂立多份利率掉期合約以管理利率風險。該等利率掉期並非指定作對沖用途，並按公平值計入損益計算。利率掉期之公平值變動收益淨額1,077,000港元（二零二三年：392,000港元）於年內計入損益。所有利率掉期合約已於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度終止，而本集團已於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度訂立新利率掉期合約。

本集團的利率掉期合約乃與信譽良好的銀行進行。

### 21. TRADE RECEIVABLES

### 21. 應收賬款

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables from joint ventures	應收合營企業的賬款	2,336	8,203
Impairment	減值	—	—
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	2,336	8,203

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit. The credit periods range from 10 to 90 days. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

本集團與其客戶的貿易條款主要為賒賬。信貸期介乎10至90日。本集團並無就應收賬款結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信用增級。應收賬款為不計息。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 21. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provisions, is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 month	1個月內	2,336	2,915
1 to 3 months	1至3個月	—	5,288
Total	總計	2,336	8,203

The Group's customers normally settle their bills in a timely manner and the Group's trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period aged less than three months. As such, the Group's exposure to credit risk is insignificant and the directors of the Company were of the opinion that the ECLs of these trade receivables are minimal.

### 21. 應收賬款（續）

於報告期末，按發票日期及扣除撥備後之應收賬款賬齡分析如下：

本集團的客戶一般依時結付其發票及本集團於報告期末的應收賬款賬齡少於三個月。故此，本集團承受的信貸風險並不重大及本公司董事認為該等應收賬款的預期信貸虧損屬微小。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 22. LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES

#### 22. 應收貸款及利息

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息		—	5,393
Mortgage loan receivables	應收按揭貸款	(a)	<b>17,808</b>	8,129
			<b>17,808</b>	13,522
Impairment allowance	減值撥備		—	(939)
			<b>17,808</b>	12,583
Less: Mortgage loan receivables classified as non-current assets	減：分類為非流動資產之應收按揭貸款		<b>(17,808)</b>	(887)
Portion classified as current assets	分類為流動資產之部分		—	11,696

Note:

- (a) Mortgage loan receivables are advances to purchasers of development projects of the Group in Hong Kong and are secured by first or second mortgages on the related properties. The mortgage loan receivables are repayable with tenors of not more than 2 years (2023: 2 years) at the end of the reporting period and interest-free.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date by considering the ECLs, which are estimated by applying the probability of default approach with reference to the risks of default of the borrower. As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, certain loan receivables were secured by the related mortgaged properties, which had been taken into account as the mitigating effect in the ECL analysis.

附註：

- (a) 應收按揭貸款為本集團向位於香港的發展項目之買家提供之墊款，並以相關物業之第一或第二按揭作抵押。應收按揭貸款須於報告期末起計2年（二零二三年：2年）內分期償還，並為免息。

於各報告日期，透過考慮預期信貸虧損進行減值分析，而預期信貸虧損乃透過應用違約風險概率並參考借款人違約風險進行估算。於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日，若干應收貸款有相關按揭物業做抵押，並已考慮到預期信貸虧損分析中的緩解影響。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 22. LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for the impairment of loan and interest receivables:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year	於年初	939	587
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment losses, net (note 6)	(減值撥回) / 減值虧損淨額 (附註6)	(939)	352
At end of year	於年末	—	939

As at 31 March 2024, none of the loan and interest receivables were overdue, and all of them were categorised within Stage 1 for the ECLs assessment.

As at 31 March 2023, except for certain interest receivables of HK\$4,008,000 which were categorised within Stage 2, none of the loan and interest receivables were overdue, and all of them were categorised within Stage 1 for the ECLs assessment.

應收貸款及利息減值的虧損撥備變動：

於二零二四年三月三十一日，並無應收貸款及利息逾期，而所有應收貸款及利息均分類至第一階段以評估預期信貸虧損。

於二零二三年三月三十一日，除分類於第二階段之若干應收利息4,008,000港元外，並無任何應收貸款及利息逾期，而所有應收貸款及利息均分類至第一階段以評估預期信貸虧損。

### 23. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

### 23. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments	預付款項	4,134	7,159
Deposits (Note)	按金 (附註)	17,554	52,943
Other receivables (Note)	其他應收款項 (附註)	288,162	317,824
		309,850	377,926
Less: Deposits and other receivables classified as non-current assets	減：分類為非流動資產之按金及其他應收款項	(28,449)	(156,308)
Portion classified as current assets	分類為流動資產之部分	281,401	221,618



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 23. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS (Continued)

Note:

Deposits and other receivables mainly represent deposits with vendors and receivables from counterparties which have no history of default. The financial assets included in the above balances were not overdue and categorised in Stage 1 for the measurement of ECLs. Where applicable, an impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default and the timing and amount of future cash flows. Given the Group has not experienced any significant credit losses in the past for material receivable balances, the directors of the Company considered that the allowance for ECLs for these deposits and receivables is not significant.

### 24. COST OF OBTAINING CONTRACTS

Cost of obtaining contracts represented the prepaid sales commission paid in connection with the sales of properties. The Group has capitalised the amounts paid and will charge them to profit or loss as the selling and distribution expenses when the revenue from the related property sale is recognised. During the year ended 31 March 2024, HK\$57,482,000 (2023: HK\$144,259,000) was charged to profit or loss.

### 23. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產 (續)

附註：

按金及其他應收款項主要指賣方之按金及來自並無違約記錄之交易對手之應收款項。計入上述結餘之金融資產並未逾期，並分類為計量預期信貸虧損之第一階段。於每個報告日期藉考慮違約概率及未來現金流量之時間及金額進行減值分析（倘適用）。鑒於本集團過去未有經歷重大信貸虧損並為重大應收款項結餘持有充足抵押品，本公司董事認為就該等按金及應收款項作出之預期信貸虧損撥備並不重大。

### 24. 獲得合約之成本

獲得合約之成本指就銷售物業所支付的預付銷售佣金。本集團已資本化所支付金額並於相關物業銷售所得收入確認時將有關金額計入損益表中的銷售及分銷開支。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，57,482,000港元（二零二三年：144,259,000港元）已於損益扣除。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

### 25. 現金及銀行結餘

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	<b>428,210</b>	252,931
Time deposits	定期存款	<b>297,387</b>	616,219
Subtotal	小計	<b>725,597</b>	869,150
Less: Included in assets of a disposal group (note 26)	減：計入一個出售集團的資產（附註26）	<b>(2,855)</b>	—
		<b>722,742</b>	869,150
Less: Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of over three months	減：原到期日超過三個月之無抵押定期存款	—	(258,060)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等同項目	<b>722,742</b>	611,090

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and time deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

At 31 March 2024, certain of the Group's bank accounts with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$266,352,000 (2023: HK\$131,975,000) were charged to secure the Group's general banking facilities (note 30).

存於銀行之現金按每日銀行存款利率之浮動利率計算賺取利息。短期定期存款按本集團之即時現金所需，定存一日至三個月不等，並按各自之短期存款利率賺取利息。銀行結餘及定期存款存放於最近並無違約紀錄之良好信譽銀行。

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團總賬面值為266,352,000港元（二零二三年：131,975,000港元）的若干銀行賬戶已被計入以擔保本集團的一般銀行信貸（附註30）。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 26. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF A DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

On 28 March 2024, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Divine Glory International Limited, an indirectly 50%-owned joint venture of the Group, pursuant to which the Group would dispose of its entire equity interest in, and the shareholder's loan owed by, Beam Up Holdings Limited ("Beam Up"), for an initial aggregate consideration of HK\$797,081,000 (subject to further price adjustment). Beam Up is an investment holding company and its subsidiary is principally engaged in property development in Hong Kong. Further details of the disposal were set out in the joint announcement of WOG and the Company dated 28 March 2024 and the circular of the Company dated 21 June 2024. The transaction is expected to be completed in July 2024.

The assets and liabilities of Beam Up and its subsidiary (excluding inter-company loans and amounts due from/to group companies which were eliminated on consolidation) as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

#### 26. 分類為持作出售之一個出售集團之資產及負債

於二零二四年三月二十八日，本集團與本集團間接擁有50%權益的合營企業Divine Glory International Limited訂立買賣協議，據此，本集團將出售其於Beam Up Holdings Limited（「Beam Up」）之全部股權及Beam Up結欠之股東貸款，初步總代價為797,081,000港元（價格可予進一步調整）。Beam Up為投資控股公司，而其附屬公司主要在香港從事物業發展。出售事項之進一步詳情載於宏安與本公司日期為二零二四年三月二十八日之聯合公告以及本公司日期為二零二四年六月二十一日之通函。該交易預期於二零二四年七月完成。

於二零二四年三月三十一日，Beam Up之資產及負債狀況（不包括因合併時而抵銷之公司間貸款以及應收／付集團公司款項）如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
<i>Assets</i>	<i>資產</i>	
Properties under development	發展中物業	850,125
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	4,312
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	2,855
Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售之一個出售集團的資產	857,292
<i>Liabilities</i>	<i>負債</i>	
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	464
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	322,472
Liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售之一個出售集團的負債	322,936
Net assets of a disposal group	一個出售集團的資產淨值	534,356

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 26. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF A DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

(Continued)

The bank loans bear interest at Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (“HIBOR”)+1.6% and are denominated in HK\$. The bank loans contain a repayment on-demand clause and are repayable within one year based on the scheduled repayment date. The bank loans are secured by share charges in respect of the equity interests in Beam Up and its subsidiary, and properties under development which have been included in assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$850,125,000. The carrying amounts of the bank loans approximately to their fair values.

### 27. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	112,355	73,740

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of 30 days.

### 26. 分類為持作出售之一個出售集團之資產及負債 (續)

該銀行貸款按香港銀行同業拆息（「香港銀行同業拆息」）+1.6%計息並以港元計值。該銀行貸款載有按要求還款條款，根據預定還款日期須於一年內償還。該銀行貸款以Beam Up及其附屬公司股權以及賬面總值為850,125,000港元之發展中物業（已計入分類為持作出售之一個出售集團之資產）作抵押。該銀行貸款的賬面值約為其公平值。

### 27. 應付賬款

按發票日期計算，於報告期末之應付賬款賬齡分析如下：

應付賬款乃不計息，而平均信貸期為30日。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

#### 28. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Other payables	其他應付款項	166,130	71,549
Accruals	應計費用	18,348	39,571
Lease liabilities (note 15(b))	租賃負債（附註15(b)）	8,367	16,713
Deposits received and receipts in advance	已收按金及預收款項	22,581	7,442
		<b>215,426</b>	135,275
Less: Other payables classified as non-current liabilities	減：列作非流動負債之其他應付款項	(962)	(6,661)
Current portion	流動部分	<b>214,464</b>	128,614

Except for the lease liabilities, other payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled within one year.

除租賃負債外，其他應付款項乃不計息，而一般於一年內結付。

#### 29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

#### 29. 合約負債

		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	1 April 2022
		二零二四年三月三十一日	二零二三年三月三十一日	二零二二年四月一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Sales of properties	銷售物業	71,821	43,355	507,743

Contract liabilities represent advances received from buyers in connection with the Group's pre-sales of properties as established in the property sales contracts. The net increase in contract liabilities for the year ended 31 March 2024 was mainly due to the increase in advances received from customers in relation to the pre-sales of properties, partly offset by the decrease in balance upon delivery of properties to customers during the year (2023: the net decrease in contract liabilities was mainly due to delivery of properties to customers, partly offset by the increase in advances received from customers in relation to the pre-sales of properties).

合約負債指就物業銷售合約所載本集團預售物業向買方預先收取的款項。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度合約負債淨增加乃主要由於就預售物業自客戶收取之預付款項增加，部分被年內交付物業予客戶之結餘減少所抵銷（二零二三年：合約負債淨減少乃主要由於交付物業予客戶，部分被就預售物業自客戶收取之預付款項增加所抵銷）。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

### 30. 計息銀行及其他貸款

		2024 二零二四年			2023 二零二三年		
		Contractual interest rate (%) 合約利率 (%)	Maturity 到期期限	HK\$'000 千港元	Contractual interest rate (%) 合約利率 (%)	Maturity 到期期限	HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Current:</b>	<b>即期：</b>						
Bank loans — secured	銀行貸款 — 有抵押	HIBOR+(0.8-1.99) 香港銀行同業拆息 +(0.8-1.99)	2024 or on demand 二零二四年或 按要求	1,854,110	HIBOR+(0.8-1.79) 香港銀行同業拆息 +(0.8-1.79)	2023-2024 or on demand 二零二三年至 二零二四年或 按要求	582,079
Bank loans — unsecured	銀行貸款 — 無抵押	HIBOR+(1.7-2.05) 香港銀行同業拆息 +(1.7-2.05)	2025 or on demand 二零二五年或 按要求	1,186,988	HIBOR+(1.7-2.05) 香港銀行同業拆息 +(1.7-2.05)	2023-2024 or on demand 二零二三年至 二零二四年或 按要求	997,873
Long term bank loans repayable on demand — secured	按要求償還之長期銀行 貸款 — 有抵押	HIBOR+(1.5-1.7), SOFR+0.5 香港銀行同業拆息 +(1.5-1.7) · 擔保隔夜 融資利率 +0.5	On demand 按要求	59,379	HIBOR+(1.5-1.7) 香港銀行同業拆息 按要求+(1.5-1.7)	On demand 按要求	381,733
Long term other loan repayable on demand — unsecured	按要求償還之長期其他貸款 — 無抵押						
— Loan from an independent third party	— 來自一名獨立第三方之貸款	HIBOR+4 香港銀行同業拆息 +4	On demand 按要求	49,280	—	—	—
Other loans — unsecured	其他貸款 — 無抵押						
— Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	— 來自非控股股東之貸款	—	—	—	6	2024 二零二四年	206,230
Total — current	總計 — 即期			3,149,757			2,167,915

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

#### 30. 計息銀行及其他貸款 (續)

		2024 二零二四年			2023 二零二三年		
		Contractual interest rate (%) 合約利率(%)	Maturity 到期期限	HKS'000 千港元	Contractual interest rate (%) 合約利率(%)	Maturity 到期期限	HKS'000 千港元
<b>Non-current:</b>	<b>非即期:</b>						
Bank loans — secured	銀行貸款 — 有抵押	HIBOR+(1.5-1.6) 香港銀行同業拆息 +(1.5-1.6)	2026-2028 二零二六年至 二零二八年	219,041	HIBOR+(1.37-1.59) 香港銀行同業拆息 +(1.37-1.59)	2024 二零二四年	886,493
Bank loans — unsecured	銀行貸款 — 無抵押	HIBOR+2.03 香港銀行同業拆息 +2.03	2027 二零二七年	669,176	HIBOR+2.05 香港銀行同業拆息 +2.05	2025 二零二五年	1,150,954
Other loans — secured	其他貸款 — 有抵押						
— Loan from an independent third party	來自一名獨立第三方之貸款	17.5	2025 二零二五年	198,500	—	—	—
Other loans — unsecured	其他貸款 — 無抵押						
— Loan from WOG	— 來自宏安之貸款	12	2026 二零二六年	220,000	—	—	—
— Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	— 來自非控股股東之貸款	6	2026 二零二六年	258,330	—	—	—
Total — non-current	總計 — 非即期			1,565,047			2,037,447
Total	總計			4,714,804			4,205,362

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

### 30. 計息銀行及其他貸款 (續)

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Analysed into:	分析為：		
Bank loans repayable:	須於以下時間償還之銀行貸款：		
Within one year or on demand (Note)	一年內或按要求 (附註)	<b>3,100,477</b>	1,961,685
In the second year	第二年	<b>46,380</b>	2,037,447
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	<b>841,837</b>	—
Subtotal	小計	<b>3,988,694</b>	3,999,132
Other loans repayable:	須於以下時間償還之其他貸款：		
Within one year	一年內	<b>49,280</b>	206,230
In the second year	第二年	<b>456,830</b>	—
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	<b>220,000</b>	—
Subtotal	小計	<b>726,110</b>	206,230
Total	總計	<b>4,714,804</b>	4,205,362

Note: As further explained in note 42 to the financial statements, the Group's term loans with an aggregate amount of HK\$182,985,000 (2023: HK\$562,229,000) containing a repayment on-demand clause have been classified as current liabilities of which HK\$103,264,000 (2023: HK\$184,650,000) are repayable within one year based on the respective loan agreements. For the purpose of the above analysis, as at 31 March 2024, the loans of HK\$133,705,000 (2023: HK\$562,229,000) are included within current interest-bearing bank loans and analysed into bank loans repayable within one year or on demand, while the remaining loans of HK\$49,280,000 (2023: Nil) are included within current interest-bearing other loans and analysed into other loans repayable within one year or on demand.

附註：誠如財務報表附註42進一步闡釋，本集團合共182,985,000港元（二零二三年：562,229,000港元）之定期貸款載有按要償還條款，已分類為流動負債，其中103,264,000港元（二零二三年：184,650,000港元）根據相關貸款協議須於一年內償還。就上述分析而言，於二零二四年三月三十一日，133,705,000港元（二零二三年：562,229,000港元）之貸款計入即期計息銀行貸款及分析為一年內或按要償還之銀行貸款，而餘下之49,280,000港元（二零二三年：無）貸款則計入即期計息其他貸款及分析為一年內或按要償還之其他貸款。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the maturity profile of interest-bearing loans based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements is as follows:

#### 30. 計息銀行及其他貸款（續）

於報告期末，按貸款協議預定還款日期，計息貸款之到期情況如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans repayable:	須於以下時間償還之銀行貸款：		
Within one year	一年內	<b>3,045,396</b>	1,584,106
In the second year	第二年	<b>71,327</b>	2,376,282
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年（包括首尾兩年）	<b>859,245</b>	38,744
Beyond five years	超過五年	<b>12,726</b>	—
Subtotal	小計	<b>3,988,694</b>	3,999,132
Other loans repayable:	須於以下時間償還之其他貸款：		
Within one year	一年內	<b>24,640</b>	206,230
In the second year	第二年	<b>481,470</b>	—
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年（包括首尾兩年）	<b>220,000</b>	—
Subtotal	小計	<b>726,110</b>	206,230
Total	總計	<b>4,714,804</b>	4,205,362

Notes:

- (a) Certain bank loans of the Group are secured by the Group's leasehold land and owned buildings (note 13), certain investment properties and certain rental income generated therefrom (note 14), certain properties under development (note 16), certain properties held for sale (note 17) and charges in respect of certain bank accounts (note 25), listed fund investments and investments in life insurance policies (note 20), listed debt investments (note 19) and the equity interests in certain subsidiaries of the Company (note 1).
- (b) Certain other loans of the Group are secured by the equity interests in certain subsidiaries of the Company.

附註：

- (a) 本集團若干銀行貸款以本集團之租賃土地及自有樓宇（附註13）、若干投資物業及由該等投資物業產生之若干租金收入（附註14）、若干發展中物業（附註16）、若干持作出售物業（附註17）及就若干銀行賬戶之質押（附註25）、上市基金投資及人壽保險保單投資（附註20）、上市債務投資（附註19）及本公司若干附屬公司之股權（附註1）作抵押。
- (b) 本集團若干其他貸款以本公司若干附屬公司之股權作抵押。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日



### 30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) As at 31 March 2024, except for other loans of HK\$676,830,000 (2023: HK\$206,230,000) which bear interest at fixed rates, all other bank and other loans of the Group bear interest at floating interest rates.
- (d) As at 31 March 2024, bank and other borrowings of HK\$4,697,563,000 (2023: HK\$4,205,362,000) and HK\$17,241,000 (2023: Nil) were denominated in HK\$ and US\$, respectively.
- (e) Pursuant to the revolving loan facility agreement dated 1 March 2024 and the first supplemental revolving loan facility agreement dated 22 March 2024 entered into between the Group and WOG, WOG granted a revolving loan facility of HK\$250,000,000 to the Group, of which HK\$220,000,000 was utilised as at 31 March 2024. This revolving loan is unsecured, bears interest at fixed rate of 12% per annum, and is repayable on 31 May 2026. Subsequent to the reporting period, HK\$120,500,000 has been repaid by the Group, and may be re-borrowed up to the available amount under the respective loan facility agreements until 31 May 2026. In addition, pursuant to the second supplemental revolving loan facility agreement dated 7 June 2024, the revolving loan facility was further increased from HK\$250,000,000 to HK\$500,000,000 with all other terms remaining the same.
- (f) The agreements governing the bank loans of the Group contain conditions and events of default customary for such financings. Certain bank loans amounting to HK\$888,217,000 (2023: HK\$2,037,447,000) which were classified as non-current liabilities as at the end of the reporting period also contain financial covenants including leverage ratios, gearing ratios, interest cover ratio, loan-to-value ratio and minimum net assets requirements with respective applicable test dates on 30 September and 31 March of each year until maturity. The Group has complied with the covenants under the relevant facility agreements as at 31 March 2024.
- (g) Details of the bank loans included in the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are included in note 26 to the financial statements.

### 30. 計息銀行及其他貸款 (續)

附註：(續)

- (c) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，除按固定利率計息的其他借貸676,830,000港元（二零二三年：206,230,000港元）外，所有其他本集團之銀行及其他貸款均按浮動利率計息。
- (d) 於二零二四年三月三十一日，銀行及其他貸款4,697,563,000港元（二零二三年：4,205,362,000港元）及17,241,000港元（二零二三年：無）分別以港元及美元計值。
- (e) 根據本集團與宏安訂立日期為二零二四年三月一日之循環貸款融通協議，宏安向本集團授出循環貸款融通250,000,000港元，其中220,000,000港元已於二零二四年三月三十一日動用。該循環貸款為無抵押、按固定年利率12%計息，並須於二零二六年五月三十一日償還。於報告期後，本集團已償還120,500,000港元，並可能根據各項貸款融資協議重新借用可用金額直至二零二六年五月三十一日。另外，根據日期為二零二四年六月七日之第二份補充循環貸款融通協議，循環貸款融通進一步由250,000,000港元增加至500,000,000港元，而所有其他條款維持不變。
- (f) 本集團監管銀行貸款之協議包含相關融資之慣常條件及違約事項。於報告期末分類為非流動負債的若干銀行貸款888,217,000港元（二零二三年：2,037,447,000港元）亦載有財務契諾，包括槓桿比率、資產負債比率、利息保障倍數、貸款價值比以及最低淨資產要求，而各別適用測試日期為每年九月三十日及三月三十一日直至屆滿。本集團於二零二四年三月三十一日已遵守相關融資協議之契諾。
- (g) 計入持作出售之一個出售集團負債之銀行貸款詳情已載入財務報表附註26。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 31. DEFERRED TAX

The components of deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

##### Deferred tax liabilities

		Note 附註	Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation 超出有關折舊之折舊免稅額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日		482
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year	年內自損益扣除之遞延稅項	10	111
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日		593
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	年內計入損益之遞延稅項	10	(31)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日		<b>562</b>

##### Deferred tax assets

		Note 附註	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits 可抵銷未來應課稅溢利之虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日		8,788
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year	年內自損益扣除之遞延稅項	10	(948)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日		7,840
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year	年內自損益扣除之遞延稅項	10	(3,875)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日		<b>3,965</b>

#### 31. 遞延稅項

年內遞延稅項負債及資產之組成如下：

##### 遞延稅項負債

##### 遞延稅項資產

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 31. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

#### Deferred tax assets (Continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表內確認之遞延稅項資產淨額	3,965	7,729
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表內確認之遞延稅項負債淨額	(562)	(482)
		<b>3,403</b>	<b>7,247</b>

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$1,263,336,000 (2023: HK\$371,455,000), subject to the agreement of the Inland Revenue Department, that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Tax losses of HK\$24,030,000 (2023: HK\$47,516,000) have been recognised as deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the remaining amount of HK\$1,239,306,000 (2023: HK\$323,939,000) as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and/or it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

### 31. 遞延稅項 (續)

#### 遞延稅項資產 (續)

就呈列而言，若干遞延稅項資產及負債已於綜合財務狀況表內抵銷。以下為本集團就財務報告而言的遞延稅項結餘分析：

本集團在香港產生稅項虧損1,263,336,000港元（二零二三年：371,455,000港元）（視乎稅務局是否同意），可無限期作抵銷錄得虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利。稅項虧損24,030,000港元（二零二三年：47,516,000港元）確認為遞延稅項資產。本集團並無就餘額1,239,306,000港元（二零二三年：323,939,000港元）確認遞延稅項資產，乃由於該等虧損乃從一段時間錄得虧損之附屬公司產生，且／或被認為不可能有應課稅溢利可用作抵銷稅項虧損。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 32. SHARE CAPITAL

### 32. 股本

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Authorised:	法定：		
50,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each	50,000,000,000 股每股面值 0.001 港元之普通股	50,000	50,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：		
15,200,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each	15,200,000,000 股每股面值 0.001 港元之普通股	15,200	15,200

There were no movements in the issued share capital of the Company during the year (2023: Nil).

年內本公司之已發行股本概無變動（二零二三年：無）。

### 33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

### 33. 購股權計劃

The Company operates a share option scheme (the “Share Option Scheme”) for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group. Share options may be granted to any director or proposed director (whether executive or non-executive, including independent non-executive director), employee or proposed employee (whether full-time or part-time), secondee, any holder of securities issued by any member of the Group, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technology support or advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of the Group or any substantial shareholder or company controlled by a substantial shareholder, or any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 9 August 2016 and, unless otherwise terminated earlier by shareholders in a general meeting, will remain in force for a period of 10 years from that date.

本公司設有購股權計劃（「購股權計劃」），目的為向對本集團之成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予獎勵及報酬。購股權可授予任何董事或候任董事（不論執行或非執行，包括獨立非執行董事）、僱員或擬聘請僱員（不論全職或兼職）、調任員工、本集團任何成員公司所發行證券之任何持有人、向本集團任何成員公司提供研究、開發或其他技術支援或顧問、諮詢顧問、專業或其他服務之任何人士或實體或任何主要股東或由主要股東控制之公司，或任何由一名或以上屬於上述任何類別參與人士控制之公司。購股權計劃於二零一六年八月九日生效，除非股東於股東大會上提早終止，否則將自該日期起計十年期間內維持有效。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

#### Purpose

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

#### Maximum number of shares available for subscription

Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, the maximum number of share options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company is an amount, upon their exercise, not in aggregate exceeding 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time, excluding any shares issued on the exercise of share options. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the number of shares in issue, as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme limit or as refreshed from time to time.

#### Maximum entitlement of each participant

The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant (except for a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director or any of their respective associates) under the Share Option Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of such limit must be separately approved by shareholders with such eligible participant and his associates abstaining from voting.

### 33. 購股權計劃（續）

#### 目的

購股權計劃目的為向對本集團業務之成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予獎勵及報酬。

#### 可供認購之股份數目上限

根據購股權計劃，藉購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃可授出之購股權數目上限，須為該等購股權獲行使後合共不超過本公司不時已發行股本之30%，其中不計及於購股權獲行使時所發行之任何股份。根據購股權計劃及任何其他計劃授出之所有購股權獲行使後，可能發行之股份總數合共不得超過於批准購股權計劃限額（或不時經更新限額）日期已發行股份數目之10%。

#### 各參與者之最大配額

根據購股權計劃，在任何十二個月期間，可藉購股權發行予各合資格參與者（除主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人外）之股份數目上限以本公司於任何時間已發行股份之1%為限。倘超過該限額，則進一步授出任何購股權時，必須經股東獨立批准，而有關合資格參與者及彼等之聯繫人須放棄投票。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

#### Maximum entitlement of each participant (Continued)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company (or any of their respective associates) must be approved by the independent non-executive directors of the Company (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee of the option). Where any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director (or any of their respective associates) will result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of share options already granted and to be granted to such person under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of grant representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares in issue, and having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the Company's shares at each date of grant, in excess of HK\$5 million, such further grant of share options is required to be approved by shareholders in a general meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules. Any change in the terms of a share option granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director (or any of their respective associate) is also required to be approved by shareholders.

### 33. 購股權計劃（續）

#### 各參與者之最大配額（續）

授予本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要股東（或彼等各自之任何聯繫人）之購股權必須經本公司獨立非執行董事批准（不包括任何身為購股權承授人之獨立非執行董事）。倘授出任何購股權予主要股東或獨立非執行董事（或彼等各自之任何聯繫人）將導致於截至及包括授出日期之任何十二個月期間，根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃向該名人士已授出及將授出之購股權（包括已行使、已註銷及未行使購股權）獲行使時已發行及將發行之股份總數合共超過已發行股份之0.1%，以及根據本公司於各授出日期之股份收市價計算，總值超過5,000,000港元，則根據上市規則，進一步授出購股權須經股東於股東大會批准。授予主要股東或獨立非執行董事（或彼等各自之任何聯繫人）之購股權之條款倘有任何變動，亦須獲得股東批准。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

#### Basis of determining the exercise price

The option price per share payable on the exercise of an option is determined by the directors, provided that it shall be at least the higher of:

- (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange at the date of offer of grant (which is deemed to be the date of grant if the offer for the grant of a share option is accepted by the eligible person), which must be a business day; and
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant, provided that the option price per share shall in no event be less than the nominal amount of one share.

An offer for the grant of share options must be accepted within 30 days from the date on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of a share option to the Company on acceptance of the offer of the grant is HK\$1.00.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

No share option has been granted since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme.

### 33. 購股權計劃（續）

#### 釐定行使價之基準

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份之購股權價格由董事決定，惟須至少為下列中之較高者：

- (i) 要約授出日期（若合資格人士接納授出購股權之要約，則被視作授出日期，且必須為營業日）載於香港聯交所刊發之日報表之股份收市價；及
- (ii) 緊接要約授出日期前五個營業日載於香港聯交所刊發之日報表之股份平均收市價，惟每股股份之購股權價格在任何情況下不得低於一股股份之面值。

授出購股權之要約必須於作出要約日期起30日內獲接納。購股權承授人於接納授出要約時，須向本公司繳付1.00港元。

購股權並不賦予持有人收取股息或在股東大會上投票之權利。

自採納購股權計劃以來概無授出任何購股權。



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 34. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 100 of the financial statements.

#### (i) Share premium

The share premium mainly represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the consideration received, which is governed by the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

#### (ii) Contributed surplus

The Group's contributed surplus comprises the deemed capital contribution arising from (i) the difference between the consideration amounting to HK\$496,443,000 and the aggregate shareholder's loans amounting to HK\$2,047,989,000 assigned by Earnest Spot to the Company pursuant to the reorganisation of the Company in connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange (the "Reorganisation"); and (ii) the differences between the considerations and the net asset value of the subsidiaries disposed of to WOG and its subsidiaries (but excluding the Group) pursuant to the Reorganisation.

#### (iii) Capital reserve

The Group's capital reserve represents the difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired or disposed of.

#### (iv) Merger reserve

The merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the total consideration transferred for the acquisitions of subsidiaries through business combinations under common control and the carrying amount of the assets acquired, liabilities accrued and pre-acquisition reserves combined by the Group.

### 34. 儲備

有關本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備金額及其變動已呈列於本年報第100頁之綜合權益變動表內。

#### (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價主要指已發行股份面值與已收代價之間的差額，受百慕達一九八一年公司法規管。

#### (ii) 實繳盈餘

本集團之實繳盈餘包括源自下列各項之視同注資：(i)代價金額496,443,000港元與Earnest Spot根據與本公司股份於聯交所上市有關之本公司重組（「重組」）轉讓予本公司之股東貸款總額2,047,989,000港元之間之差額；及(ii)代價與根據重組向宏安及其附屬公司（不包括本集團）出售附屬公司之資產淨值之間之差額。

#### (iii) 資本儲備

本集團之資本儲備指代價與已收購或出售之非控股權益賬面值之間之差額。

#### (iv) 合併儲備

本集團之合併儲備指根據共同控制透過業務合併收購附屬公司轉讓之總代價與所收購資產、累計負債及本集團合併之收購前儲備之賬面值之間之差額。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 35. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

#### For the year ended 31 March 2024

Details of the net assets of the subsidiaries disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2024 and their financial impacts are summarised below:

### 35. 出售附屬公司

#### 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度出售的附屬公司資產淨值及其財務影響詳情概述如下：

		Success Vision Limited ("Success Vision") 誠衛有限公司 ("誠衛") HK\$'000 千港元 (note (i)) (附註(i))	Nice Treasure Limited ("Nice Treasure") 利晴有限公司 ("利晴") HK\$'000 千港元 (note (ii)) (附註(ii))	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets disposed of:	已出售資產淨值：			
Investment properties	投資物業	43,800	35,000	78,800
Prepayments, deposits and other assets	預付款項、按金及其他資產	65	5	70
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等同項目	8	312	320
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(496)	(250)	(746)
		43,377	35,067	78,444
Professional fees and expenses	專業費用及開支	247	96	343
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之虧損	(247)	(96)	(343)
		43,377	35,067	78,444
Satisfied by:	支付方法：			
Cash	現金	43,377	35,067	78,444

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 35. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 (Continued)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents for the year in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries are as follows:

		Success Vision 誠衛 HK\$'000 千港元	Nice Treasure 利晴 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	43,377	35,067	78,444
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已出售現金及現金等同項目	(8)	(312)	(320)
Professional fees and expenses	專業費用及開支	(247)	(96)	(343)
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	有關出售附屬公司之現金及現金等同項目流入淨額	43,122	34,659	77,781

Notes:

- (i) On 25 October 2023, the Group disposed of its entire 100% equity interest in Success Vision, together with the shareholder's loan owed by Success Vision to the Group, for a total consideration of HK\$43,377,000 to an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of Wai Yuen Tong Medicine Holdings Limited ("WYT"), a fellow subsidiary of the Company. Success Vision is principally engaged in property investment in Hong Kong.
- (ii) On 15 November 2023, the Group disposed of its entire 100% equity interest in Nice Treasure, together with the shareholder's loan owed by Nice Treasure to the Group, for a total consideration of HK\$35,067,000 to WYT. Nice Treasure is principally engaged in property investment in Hong Kong.

#### 35. 出售附屬公司（續）

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度  
（續）

年內有關出售附屬公司的現金及現金等同項目流入淨額分析如下：

附註：

- (i) 於二零二三年十月二十五日，本集團向位元堂藥業控股有限公司（「位元堂」，本公司之同系附屬公司）之一間間接全資附屬公司出售其於誠衛的全部100%股權連同誠衛結欠本集團的股東貸款，總代價為43,377,000港元。誠衛主要於香港從事物業投資。
- (ii) 於二零二三年十一月十五日，本集團向位元堂出售其於利晴的全部100%股權連同誠衛結欠本集團的股東貸款，總代價為35,067,000港元。利晴主要於香港從事物業投資。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 35. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### For the year ended 31 March 2023

Details of the net assets of the subsidiaries disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2023 and their financial impacts are summarised below:

### 35. 出售附屬公司 (續)

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度出售的附屬公司資產淨值及其財務影響詳情概述如下：

		True Promise Limited ("True Promise") 祥諾有限公司 ("祥諾") HK\$'000 千港元 (note (i)) (附註 (i))	Star Moral Limited ("Star Moral") 星盟有限公司 ("星盟") HK\$'000 千港元 (note (ii)) (附註 (ii))	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets disposed of:	已出售資產淨值：			
Properties under development	發展中物業	432,960	483,761	916,721
Prepayments, deposits and other assets	預付款項、按金及其他資產	59,954	74,720	134,674
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等同項目	1,606	1,838	3,444
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(313)	(566)	(879)
		494,207	559,753	1,053,960
Satisfied by:	支付方法：			
Cash	現金	136,555	145,902	282,457
Shareholder's loan due to the Group included in loans to a joint venture	計入向合營企業提供貸款的應付本集團的股東貸款	357,652	413,851	771,503
		494,207	559,753	1,053,960

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 35. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

##### For the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents for the year in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries are as follows:

		True Promise 祥諾 HK\$'000 千港元	Star Moral 星盟 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration	現金代價	136,555	145,902	282,457
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已出售現金及現金等同項目	(1,606)	(1,838)	(3,444)
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	有關出售附屬公司之現金及現金等同項目流入淨額	134,949	144,064	279,013

Notes:

- (i) On 11 May 2022, the Group disposed of its entire 100% equity interest in True Promise, together with the shareholder's loan owed by True Promise to the Group, for a total consideration of HK\$494,207,000 to Giant Harmony, a joint venture of the Group. True Promise is principally engaged in property development in Hong Kong.
- (ii) On 14 October 2022, the Group disposed of its entire 100% equity interest in Star Moral, together with the shareholder's loan owed by Star Moral to the Group, for a total consideration of HK\$559,753,000 to Giant Harmony. Star Moral is principally engaged in property development in Hong Kong.

#### 35. 出售附屬公司（續）

##### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度（續）

年內有關出售附屬公司的現金及現金等同項目流入淨額分析如下：

附註：

- (i) 於二零二二年五月十一日，本集團向志航（本集團之合營企業）出售其於祥諾的全部100%股權連同祥諾結欠本集團的股東貸款，總代價為494,207,000港元。祥諾主要於香港從事物業發展。
- (ii) 於二零二二年十月十四日，本集團向志航出售其於星盟的全部100%股權，連同星盟結欠本集團的股東貸款，總代價為559,753,000港元。星盟主要於香港從事物業發展。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 36. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### 36. 綜合現金流量表附註

#### (a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets included in property, plant and equipment and lease liabilities of HK\$2,558,000 (2023: HK\$10,193,000) and HK\$2,558,000 (2023: HK\$10,193,000), respectively, in respect of a lease arrangement for certain properties and signages (2023: certain properties).

#### (a) 主要非現金交易

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度，本集團就若干物業及告示牌（二零二三：若干物業）租賃安排擁有計入物業、廠房及設備的使用權資產及租賃負債的非現金增加分別為2,558,000港元（二零二三年：10,193,000港元）及2,558,000港元（二零二三年：10,193,000港元）。

#### (b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

#### (b) 融資活動產生之負債變動

		Interest-bearing bank and other loans 計息銀行及其他貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022 (including liabilities of a disposal company classified as held for sale)	於二零二二年四月一日（包括分類為持作出售之出售公司之負債）	4,785,854	16,862
New leases	新租賃	—	10,193
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	(604,649)	(10,342)
Interest expense	利息開支	—	403
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows	分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	—	(403)
Amortisation of loan procurement fee	貸款促成費攤銷	24,157	—
Balances as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表所列之結餘	4,205,362	16,713
At 1 April 2023	於二零二三年四月一日	4,205,362	16,713
New leases	新租賃	—	2,558
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	806,412	(10,904)
Interest expense	利息開支	—	332
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows	分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	—	(332)
Amortisation of loan procurement fee	貸款促成費攤銷	25,502	—
Included in liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale (note 26)	計入分類為持作出售的一間出售集團的負債（附註26）	5,037,276	8,367
		(322,472)	—
Balances as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表所列之結餘	<b>4,714,804</b>	<b>8,367</b>



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 36. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

#### 36. 綜合現金流量表附註（續）

##### (c) Total cash outflow for leases

##### (c) 租賃現金流出總額

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within operating activities	經營活動內	4,086	1,503
Within financing activities	融資活動內	10,904	10,342
Total	總計	14,990	11,845

#### 37. COMMITMENTS

#### 37. 承擔

The Group had the following contractual commitments at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期末，本集團之合約承擔如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties under development	發展中物業	54,685	445,418
Investments in joint ventures	投資合營企業	1,518,765	676,365
Total	總計	1,573,450	1,121,783

In addition, the Group's share of the joint ventures' own contractual commitments, which are not included in the above, is as follows:

此外，本集團於合營企業自身合約承擔中之份額（不包括於上述內容中）如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted, but not provided for	已訂約但未提供	548,323	110,869

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 38. FINANCIAL GUARANTEES

As at 31 March 2024, the Group has given guarantees to certain banks in connection with facilities granted to certain joint ventures, i.e., Merry Cottage Limited and its subsidiaries (the “**Merry Cottage Group**”) and Double Bright Limited (“**Double Bright**”), up to HK\$120,400,000 and HK\$250,000,000, respectively, and the banking facilities guaranteed by the Group to the Merry Cottage Group and Double Bright were utilised to the extent of HK\$53,291,000 and HK\$247,975,000, respectively.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group has given guarantees to certain banks in connection with facilities granted to certain joint ventures, i.e., the EM Group and the Merry Cottage Group, up to HK\$330,400,000 and HK\$120,400,000, respectively, and the banking facilities guaranteed by the Group to the EM Group and the Merry Cottage Group were utilised to the extent of HK\$141,822,000 and HK\$108,448,000, respectively.

The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over the guarantees. The financial guarantee contracts are measured at the higher of the ECLs allowance and the amount initially recognised less the cumulative amount of income recognised. The ECLs allowance is measured by estimating the cash shortfalls, which are based on the expected payments to reimburse the holders for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the debtor. The amount initially recognised represents the fair value at initial recognition of the financial guarantees.

At the end of both reporting periods, the Group did not recognise any liabilities in respect of such corporate financial guarantees as the directors of the Company consider that the possibility of default of the parties involved is remote; accordingly, no value has been recognised at the inception of these guarantee contracts and at the end of the reporting period.

### 38. 財務擔保

於二零二四年三月三十一日，本集團已就若干合營企業（即 Merry Cottage Limited 及其附屬公司（「**Merry Cottage 集團**」）及同明有限公司（「**同明**」））分別最高 120,400,000 港元及 250,000,000 港元之融資向若干銀行作出擔保，而本集團擔保的授予 Merry Cottage 集團及同明之銀行融資已分別動用 53,291,000 港元及 247,975,000 港元。

於二零二三年三月三十一日，本集團已就若干合營企業（即 EM 集團及 Merry Cottage 集團）分別最高 330,400,000 港元及 120,400,000 港元之融資向若干銀行作出擔保，而本集團擔保的授予 EM 集團及 Merry Cottage 集團之銀行融資已分別動用 141,822,000 港元及 108,448,000 港元。

本集團並無就擔保持有任何抵押品或其他信貸保證。財務擔保合同按預期信貸虧損撥備及初始確認金額減已確認收入累計金額的較高者計量。預期信貸虧損撥備乃透過估計現金短缺計量，現金短缺是基於償還持有人所產生信貸虧損的預期款項減本集團預期自債務人收取的任何金額。初始確認金額指財務擔保初始確認的公平值。

於兩個報告期末，本集團並無就該等公司財務擔保確認任何負債，因為本公司董事認為所參與人士違約的可能性微細，因此於等擔保合約開始及於報告期末並無確認價值。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

#### (a) Transactions with related parties

	Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental and management charge income from a subsidiary of WYT*	(i)	872	1,612
Marketing expenses to subsidiaries of WOG	(i)	525	1,350
Property management fee income from joint ventures	(i)	7,037	2,982
Asset management fee income from joint ventures	(ii)	36,216	17,011
Purchases of products from a subsidiary of WYT	(iii)	968	1,179
Rental income from a director	(iv)	996	996
Advisory fee income from a joint venture	(i)	5,000	—
Interest expenses charged by WOG	(i)	1,014	—

\* For the year ended 31 March 2023, HK\$205,000 of the amount disclosed above were related party transactions that also constituted continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Notes:

- (i) The transactions were based on terms mutually agreed between the Group and the related parties.
- (ii) The transactions were based on terms mutually agreed between the Group and the joint ventures in accordance with relevant asset management agreements.
- (iii) The purchases from a subsidiary of WYT were made according to the published prices and conditions offered by a subsidiary of WYT to its customers.
- (iv) A property of the Group was leased to a director at monthly rental of HK\$83,000 (2023: HK\$83,000). The rental was determined with reference to the prevailing market rates.

### 39. 關聯人士交易

除該等財務報表其他章節詳述之交易外，本集團於年內曾與關聯人士進行下列重大交易：

#### (a) 與關聯人士之交易

	Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental and management charge income from a subsidiary of WYT*	(i)	872	1,612
Marketing expenses to subsidiaries of WOG	(i)	525	1,350
Property management fee income from joint ventures	(i)	7,037	2,982
Asset management fee income from joint ventures	(ii)	36,216	17,011
Purchases of products from a subsidiary of WYT	(iii)	968	1,179
Rental income from a director	(iv)	996	996
Advisory fee income from a joint venture	(i)	5,000	—
Interest expenses charged by WOG	(i)	1,014	—

\* 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度，上述披露之金額205,000港元包括構成上市規則第14A章所界定之持續關連交易的關聯人士交易。

附註：

- (i) 該等交易乃按照本集團與關聯人士互相協定之條款進行。
- (ii) 該等交易乃按照本集團根據相關資產管理協議與合營企業互相協定之條款進行。
- (iii) 向位元堂一間附屬公司購買產品乃根據已發佈之價格及位元堂之一間附屬公司向其客戶提供之條件作出。
- (iv) 本集團向一名董事出租一項物業，月租83,000港元（二零二三年：83,000港元）。租金參照現行市場費率釐定。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### 39. 關聯人士交易 (續)

#### (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

#### (b) 本集團主要管理人員之補償

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employment benefits	短期僱員福利	16,565	25,188
Post-employment benefits	退休福利	126	134
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	支付予主要管理人員之補償總額	16,691	25,322

The above compensation of key management personnel includes the directors' remuneration, details of which are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

上述主要管理人員之補償包括董事酬金，詳情載於財務報表附註8。

(c) The Group has given guarantees to certain banks in connection with facilities granted to the EM Group, the Merry Cottage Group and Double Bright. Further details of the guarantees by the Group are disclosed in note 38 to the financial statements.

(c) 本集團已就授予EM集團、Merry Cottage集團及同明的融資向若干銀行提供擔保。有關本集團擔保的進一步詳情於財務報表附註38披露。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

31 March 2024

##### Financial assets

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss mandatorily designated as such 強制指定為按公平值計入損益之金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income 按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	應收賬款	—	—	2,336	2,336
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	—	—	17,808	17,808
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產	—	—	305,716	305,716
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資	—	2,486	—	2,486
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	41,816	—	—	41,816
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	—	—	722,742	722,742
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>41,816</b>	<b>2,486</b>	<b>1,048,602</b>	<b>1,092,904</b>

#### 40. 按類別劃分之金融工具

於報告期末各金融工具類別之賬面值如下：

二零二四年三月三十一日

##### 金融資產

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(Continued)

31 March 2024 (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities

### 40. 按類別劃分之金融工具（續）

二零二四年三月三十一日（續）

#### 金融負債

		Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss mandatorily designated as such 強制指定為按公平值計入損益之金融負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	—	112,355	112,355
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals — excluding lease liabilities (note 28)	計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債 — 不包括租賃負債（附註28）	—	188,366	188,366
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	—	8,367	8,367
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融負債	606	—	606
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	—	4,714,804	4,714,804
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>5,023,892</b>	<b>5,024,498</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(Continued)

31 March 2023

Financial assets

#### 40. 按類別劃分之金融工具（續）

二零二三年三月三十一日

金融資產

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss mandatorily designated as such	Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total
		強制指定為按公平值計入損益之金融資產	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	應收賬款	—	—	8,203	8,203
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	—	—	12,583	12,583
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產	—	—	370,767	370,767
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資	—	108,164	—	108,164
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	63,856	—	—	63,856
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	—	—	869,150	869,150
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>63,856</b>	<b>108,164</b>	<b>1,260,703</b>	<b>1,432,723</b>



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(Continued)

31 March 2023 (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities

		Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	73,740
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals — excluding lease liabilities (note 28)	計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債 — 不包括租賃負債（附註28）	78,607
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16,713
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	4,205,362
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>4,374,422</b>

### 40. 按類別劃分之金融工具（續）

二零二三年三月三十一日（續）

#### 金融負債

### 41. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

### 41. 金融工具公平值及公平值等級

本集團金融工具（該等賬面值與公平值合理相若者除外）的賬面值及公平值如下：

	Carrying amounts 賬面值		Fair values 公平值	
	31 March 2024 二零二四年三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2024 二零二四年三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	4,714,804	4,205,362	4,726,267	4,207,182
<b>金融負債</b>				
計息銀行及其他借款				



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 41. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, loan and interest receivables, trade payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals and the current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the Company's directors is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance department reports directly to the Company's directors and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the Company's directors. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- (a) The fair values of listed debt instruments and listed fund investment are based on quoted market prices.

#### 41. 金融工具公平值及公平值等級（續）

管理層已評估現金及銀行結餘、應收賬款、計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產、應收貸款及利息、應付賬款、計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債以及計息銀行及其他貸款之即期部分之公平值與其各自之賬面值相若，主要由於該等工具於短期內到期。

本集團以本公司董事為首之財務部負責釐定金融工具公平值計量之政策及程序。財務部直接向本公司董事及審核委員會報告。於各報告日期，財務部分析金融工具之價值變動並釐定估值中適用之主要輸入數據。估值由本公司董事審核及批准。估值過程及結果由審核委員會每年討論兩次，以便呈列中期及年度財務報告。

金融資產及負債之公平值按金融工具可由自願各方在現有交易中可交換之金額入賬，惟強制或清算銷售除外。估計公平值時所用之方法及假設載述如下：

- (a) 上市債務工具及上市基金投資的公平值乃基於市場報價。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日



### 41. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with various counterparties, principally financial institutions of creditworthy banks. Derivative financial instruments, being interest rate swaps, are measured using valuation techniques similar to swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various market observable inputs including the credit quality of counterparties and interest rate curves. The carrying amounts of interest rate swaps are the same as their fair values.

As at 31 March 2024, the mark-to-market value of the derivative liability position was net of a credit valuation adjustment attributable to derivative counterparty default risk. The changes in counterparty credit risk had no material effect on the financial instruments recognised at fair value.

(c) The fair value of investments in life insurance policies is determined with reference to the cash values of the policies at the date of withdrawal, as provided by the insurance company.

(d) The Group invests in unlisted fund investments. The Group has estimated the fair value of these unlisted fund investments by using a discounted cash flow valuation model based on the market interest rates of instruments with similar terms and risks.

(e) As at 31 March 2023, the fair value of the convertible bonds is determined by valuation techniques and based on assumptions on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period. The valuation model requires the input of subjective assumptions, including the implied volatility, discount rate and risk-free rate. The convertible bonds have been disposed by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024.

### 41. 金融工具公平值及公平值等級（續）

(b) 本集團與多個交易對手（主要是信譽良好的銀行的金融機構）訂立衍生金融工具。衍生金融工具（即利率掉期）使用類似於掉期模型的估值技術，使用現值計算進行計量。該模型結合各種市場可觀察的輸入數據，包括交易對手的信用質量以及利率曲線。利率掉期的賬面金額與其公平值相同。

於二零二四年三月三十一日，按市值標價的衍生負債狀況已扣除涉及衍生工具對手方違約風險應佔的信貸評估調整。對手方信貸風險的變動對按公平值確認的金融工具並無重大影響。

(c) 人壽保險保單投資之公平值乃參考保險公司提供之保單於提款日期之現金價值而釐定。

(d) 本集團投資於非上市基金投資。本集團已根據條款及風險相若的工具的市場利率，採用貼現現金流量估值模型估計該等非上市基金投資的公平值。

(e) 於二零二三年三月三十一日，可轉換債券的公平值乃通過估值技術並根據報告期末存在的市場狀況的假設確定。估值模型需要輸入主觀假設，包括隱含波動率、貼現率及無風險利率。本集團已於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度出售可換股債券。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 41. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (f) The fair values of the non-current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities which is categorised within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The changes in fair value as a result of the Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing bank and other borrowings as at 31 March 2024 and 2023 were assessed to be insignificant.

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of financial instruments together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at 31 March 2023:

### 41. 金融工具公平值及公平值等級 (續)

- (f) 計息銀行及其他借款的非流動部分的公平值乃通過使用具有類似條款、信用風險及剩餘期限的工具(分類為公平值等級的第二級)的當前可用利率貼現預期的未來現金流量來計算。於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團自身對計息銀行及其他借款的非履約風險導致的公平值變動被評估為並不重大。

下文為於二零二三年三月三十一日金融工具估值中重大不可觀察輸入數據及定量敏感性分析的摘要:

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Range/ weighted average 範圍/ 加權平均	Sensitivity of fair value to the input 公平值對輸入數據的敏感性
<b>As at 31 March 2023</b> 於二零二三年三月三十一日				
Unlisted fund investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 分類為按公平值計入損益的金融資產之非上市基金投資	Discounted cash flow method 貼現現金流量法	Credit spread 信用利差	8%	1% increase/(decrease) in credit spread would have no material impact on the fair value 信用利差增加/(減少)1%不會對公平值產生重大影響
Convertible bonds classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 分類為按公平值計入損益的金融資產之可換股債券	Binomial model 二項式模式	Implied volatility 隱含波動率	65.42%	1% increase/(decrease) in implied volatility would have no material impact on the fair value 隱含波動率增加/(減少)1%不會對公平值產生重大影響
		Discount rate 貼現率	32.43%	1% increase/(decrease) in discount rate would have no material impact on the fair value 貼現率增加/(減少)1%不會對公平值產生重大影響
		Risk-free rate 無風險利率	4.06%	1% increase/(decrease) in risk-free rate would have no material impact on the fair value 無風險利率增加/(減少)1%不會對公平值產生重大影響

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 41. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 41. 金融工具公平值及公平值等級（續）

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

#### Assets measured at fair value

As at 31 March 2024

#### 公平值等級

下表列示本集團金融工具之公平值計量等級：

#### 按公平值計量的資產

於二零二四年三月三十一日

		Fair value measurement using 公平值計量使用			
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 活躍市場中 的報價 (第一層) HK\$'000 千港元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 的輸入數據 (第二層) HK\$'000 千港元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 的輸入數據 (第三層) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資：				
Listed debt investments	上市債務投資	2,486	—	—	2,486
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	按公平值計入損益之金融資產：				
Listed fund investments	上市基金投資	20,884	—	—	20,884
Unlisted fund investments	非上市基金投資	—	—	33	33
Investments in life insurance policies	人壽保險保單投資	—	19,825	—	19,825
Interest rate swaps	利率掉期	—	1,119	—	1,119
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>23,370</b>	<b>20,944</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>44,347</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 41. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

##### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

##### Assets measured at fair value (Continued)

As at 31 March 2023

#### 41. 金融工具公平值及公平值等級 (續)

##### 公平值等級 (續)

##### 按公平值計量的資產 (續)

於二零二三年三月三十一日

		Fair value measurement using 公平值計量使用			
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 活躍市場中 的報價 (第一層) HK\$'000 千港元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 的輸入數據 (第二層) HK\$'000 千港元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 的輸入數據 (第三層) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資：				
Listed debt investments	上市債務投資	108,164	—	—	108,164
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	按公平值計入損益之金融資產：				
Listed fund investments	上市基金投資	12,109	—	—	12,109
Unlisted fund investments	非上市基金投資	—	—	2,237	2,237
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	—	—	49,510	49,510
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>120,273</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>51,747</b>	<b>172,020</b>

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 41. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 41. 金融工具公平值及公平值等級 (續)

#### Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

#### 公平值等級 (續)

#### Assets measured at fair value (Continued)

#### 按公平值計量的資產 (續)

The movements in fair value measurements in Level 3 during the years are as follows:

於多個年度，第三層公平值計量之變動如下：

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	48,607
Net gain recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之淨收益	3,140
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日	<b>51,747</b>
Net loss recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之淨虧損	<b>(8,104)</b>
Disposal	出售	<b>(43,610)</b>
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	<b>33</b>

#### Liabilities measured at fair value

#### 按公平值計量之負債

As at 31 March 2024

於二零二四年三月三十一日

	Fair value measurement using			Total
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
	活躍市場中 的報價 (第一層)	重大可觀察 的輸入數據 (第二層)	重大不可觀察 的輸入數據 (第三層)	總計
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:	按公平值計入損益之			
Interest rate swaps	金融負債： 利率掉期			
	—	606	—	606

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2023.

於二零二三年三月三十一日，本集團並無任何按公平值計量的金融負債。

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 (2023: Nil) and no transfer into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2023: Nil).

年內，金融資產及金融負債之公平值計量並無於第一層及第二層之間轉移（二零二三年：無），亦無任何轉入或轉出第三層（二零二三年：無）。





## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, loan and interest receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, cash and bank balances and bank and other borrowings. The purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial liabilities such as trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The Group also enters into derivative transactions, being interest rate swaps. The purpose is to manage the interest rate risks arising from the Group's sources of finance.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

##### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank and other loans with floating interest rates. The Group's policy is to manage its interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debts. To manage this mix in a cost-effective manner, the Group enters into interest rate swaps, in which the Group agrees to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and variable rate interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional principal amount. At 31 March 2024, after taking into account the effect of the interest rate swaps, approximately 20.7% of the Group's borrowings were at fixed interest rates.

#### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策

除衍生工具外，本集團之主要金融工具包括應收賬款、計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產、應收貸款及利息、按公平值計入損益之金融資產、按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資、計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債、現金及銀行結餘以及銀行及其他借貸。該等金融工具的目的乃為本集團的運營籌集資金。本集團有各種其他金融負債，例如直接來自其業務的應付賬款。

本集團亦進行衍生工具交易，即利率掉期。目的是管理由本集團的資金來源引起的利率風險。

本集團金融工具所產生之主要風險為利率風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董事會審核並協定管理每項該等風險之政策。該等政策於下文概述。

##### 利率風險

本集團面臨的市場利率變動風險主要來自本集團按浮動利率計息之銀行及其他借貸。本集團的政策是使用固定利率及浮動利率債務來管理其利息成本。為了以具有成本效益的方式管理此混合資產，本集團進行了利率掉期，在該利率掉期中，本集團同意在指定的時間間隔內交換參考商定的名義本金計算出的固定利率和浮動利率之間的差額。於二零二四年三月三十一日，經計量利率掉期的影響，本集團約20.7%的借款為固定利率。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Interest rate risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's loss/profit before tax. There is no material impact on other components of the Group's equity.

		Increase/ (decrease) in basis points 基點增加/ (減少)	(Increase)/ decrease in loss before tax 除稅前虧損 (增加)/減少 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>2024</b>	<b>二零二四年</b>		
HK\$	港元	100	(37,207)
HK\$	港元	(100)	37,207
US\$	美元	100	(172)
US\$	美元	(100)	172

		Increase/ (decrease) in basis points 基點增加/ (減少)	(Decrease)/ increase in profit before tax 除稅前溢利 (減少)/增加 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>2023</b>	<b>二零二三年</b>		
HK\$	港元	100	(39,991)
HK\$	港元	(100)	39,991

### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

#### 利率風險（續）

下表列示在所有其他可變因素保持不變之情況下，本集團除稅前虧損／溢利對利率出現合理可能變動時之敏感度。有關變動不會對本集團權益之其他組成部分造成重大影響。



## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and bank balances, debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan and interest receivables, trade and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of loan and interest receivables, credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

#### 信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自現金及銀行結餘、按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資、應收貸款及利息、應收賬款及其他應收款項，其因交易對手違約而產生，最高風險等於該等工具之賬面值。管理層已制訂信貸政策，並持續監控該等信貸風險的風險。

就應收貸款及利息而言，本集團會對所有要求除欠一定數額之客戶作出信貸評估。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 March. For listed debt investments, the Group also monitors them by using external credit ratings. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets and the exposure to credit risk for the financial guarantee contracts.

As at 31 March 2024

### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 信貸風險 (續)

#### 最大風險及年結階段

下表載列基於本集團信貸政策的信貸質素及最高信貸風險，主要基於逾期資料（除非其他資料可在無需付出不必要成本或努力的情況下獲得）及於三月三十一日的年結階段分類。就上市債務投資而言，本集團亦使用外部信貸評級對其進行監控。所呈列金額為金融資產的賬面總值及財務擔保合約的信貸風險。

於二零二四年三月三十一日

		12-month ECLs		Lifetime ECLs			Total
		12個月預期 信貸虧損		全期預期信貸虧損			
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Simplified approach	Total	
		第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	簡化方式	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資						
— Caa-C	— Caa-C	—	—	2,486	—	—	2,486
Trade receivables	應收賬款	—	—	—	2,336	—	2,336
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	17,808	—	—	—	—	17,808
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets — Normal*	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產 — 正常*	305,716	—	—	—	—	305,716
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	722,742	—	—	—	—	722,742
Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to joint ventures	就授予合營企業的融資向銀行作出的擔保						
— Facilities drawn by joint ventures — Not yet past due	— 合營企業提取之融資 — 尚未逾期	301,266	—	—	—	—	301,266
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>1,347,532</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,486</b>	<b>2,336</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,352,354</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

##### Credit risk (Continued)

##### Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

As at 31 March 2023

#### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

##### 信貸風險（續）

##### 最大風險及年結階段（續）

於二零二三年三月三十一日

		12-month ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損		Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損		Total 簡化方式總計 HK\$'000 千港元
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Simplified approach 簡化方式 HK\$'000 千港元	
Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income — A — Caa-C	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投資 — A — Caa-C	101,714	—	6,450	—	108,164
Trade receivables	應收賬款	—	—	—	8,203	8,203
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	9,514	4,008	—	—	13,522
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets — Normal*	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產 — 正常*	370,767	—	—	—	370,767
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	869,150	—	—	—	869,150
Guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to joint ventures — Facilities drawn by joint ventures — Not yet past due	就授予合營企業的融資向銀行作出的擔保 — 合營企業提取之融資 — 尚未逾期	250,270	—	—	—	250,270
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>1,601,415</b>	<b>4,008</b>	<b>6,450</b>	<b>8,203</b>	<b>1,620,076</b>

\* The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

\* 倘若未逾期及並無資料顯示金融資產自初始確認以來信貸風險大幅增加，則計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產的信貸質素被視為「正常」。否則，金融資產的信貸質素被視為「存疑」。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）



31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

For secured loans and interest receivables, the Group holds collateral in the form of mortgages over property. Majority of the collateral are residential and commercial properties and all of the collaterals are located in Hong Kong.

The maximum credit exposure is the worst-case scenario of exposure to the Group without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements. For on-balance sheet assets, the maximum exposure to credit risk equals their carrying amount.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets and projected cash flows from operations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans.

### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

#### 信貸風險（續）

就有抵押應收貸款及利息而言，本集團以物業按揭的形式持有抵押品。大部分的抵押品為住宅及商業物業，所有抵押品均位於香港。

最高信貸風險指在不考慮所持有的任何抵押品或其他信貸增強措施的情況下，本集團所面臨的最壞情況。對於資產負債表內的資產，最高信貸風險相等於其賬面值。

#### 流動資金風險

本集團採用經常性流動資金計劃工具以監控資金短缺之風險。此項工具計算金融工具及金融資產之到期情況及經營活動之預計現金流量。

本集團之目標為致力透過利用銀行借貸，確保資金持續性與靈活性兼備。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

##### Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

		2024 二零二四年			
		On demand or within 1 year 按要求或 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	1 to 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	3 to 5 years 三至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank borrowings (Note)	銀行借貸 (附註)	3,281,620	107,184	898,556	4,287,360
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8,223	267	—	8,490
Other borrowings	其他借款	126,180	501,647	224,400	852,227
Trade payables	應付賬款	112,355	—	—	112,355
Other payables and accruals excluding lease liabilities	其他應付款項及應計 費用，不包括租賃 負債	188,366	—	—	188,366
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之 金融負債	—	117	489	606
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>3,716,744</b>	<b>609,215</b>	<b>1,123,445</b>	<b>5,449,404</b>
Financial guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to joint ventures (note 38)	與授予合營企業的 融資有關的銀行 財務擔保 (附註 38)	301,266	—	—	301,266

#### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

##### 流動資金風險 (續)

於報告期末，根據合約未貼現付款，本集團金融負債之到期情況如下：



# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### Liquidity risk (Continued)

#### 流動資金風險 (續)

		2023 二零二三年			
		On demand or within 1 year 按要求或 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	1 to 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	3 to 5 years 三至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank borrowings (Note)	銀行借貸 (附註)	2,112,470	2,114,950	—	4,227,420
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	10,309	6,716	—	17,025
Other borrowings	其他借款	218,604	—	—	218,604
Trade payables	應付賬款	73,740	—	—	73,740
Other payables and accruals excluding lease liabilities	其他應付款項及應計 費用，不包括租賃 負債	78,607	—	—	78,607
<b>Total</b>	<b>總計</b>	<b>2,493,730</b>	<b>2,121,666</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4,615,396</b>
Financial guarantees given to banks in connection with facilities granted to joint ventures (note 38)	與授予合營企業的 融資有關的銀行 財務擔保 (附註38)	250,270	—	—	250,270

Note:

Included in interest-bearing bank borrowings of the Group are term loans with aggregate principal amounts of HK\$133,705,000 and HK\$562,229,000 as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, respectively, of which the respective loan agreements contain a repayment on-demand clause giving the bank the unconditional right to call in the loans at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total amount are classified as "on demand".

附註：

本集團之計息銀行借貸包括於二零二四年三月三十一日及二零二三年三月三十一日本金總額分別為133,705,000港元及562,229,000港元之定期貸款，其中相關貸款協議包含按要求償還條款，賦予銀行無條件權利可隨時要求償還貸款，因此就上述到期情況而言，總額分類作「按要求」。

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

##### Liquidity risk (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors do not believe that these loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the respective loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of these loans, the contractual undiscounted payments are as follows:

		Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	1 to 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	3 to 5 years 三至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 超過五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2024	二零二四年三月三十一日	<b>85,254</b>	<b>27,686</b>	<b>20,257</b>	<b>13,713</b>	<b>146,910</b>
31 March 2023	二零二三年三月三十一日	209,841	346,608	40,201	—	596,650

##### Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

#### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

##### 流動資金風險 (續)

附註：(續)

儘管附帶上述條款，董事認為本公司不會被要求於十二個月內全部償還該等貸款，且彼等認為有關貸款將根據相關貸款協議所載之到期日償還。作出本評估時已考慮：本集團於財務報表獲批准日期之財務狀況；本集團遵守貸款契據之情況；未曾發生違約事件；以及本集團以往皆按時還款。根據該等貸款條款，合約未貼現付款如下：

##### 資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為保障本集團繼續按持續經營基準營運之能力，並維持穩健之資本比率，以支持其業務及盡量增加至最大股東價值。

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 42. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Capital management (Continued)

The Group regards equity attributable to owners of the parent, comprising issued share capital, retained profits and other reserves as capital. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.

The Group monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by equity attributable to owners of the parent. Net debt includes interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (excluding loans from a non-controlling shareholder and WOG), less cash and bank balances. The Group's policy is to maintain a stable gearing ratio. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (excluding loans from a non-controlling shareholder and WOG)	計息銀行及其他借貸（不包括來自非控股股東及宏安之貸款）	4,236,474	3,999,132
Less: Cash and bank balances	減：現金及銀行結餘	(722,742)	(869,150)
Net debt	淨負債	3,513,732	3,129,982
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益	4,450,644	5,271,788
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	78.95%	59.37%

### 42. 財務風險管理目標及政策（續）

#### 資本管理（續）

本集團視母公司擁有人應佔權益（包括已發行股本、保留溢利及其他儲備）為資本。本集團根據經濟狀況變動及相關資產的風險特徵管理其資本架構並作出調整。為維持或調整資本架構，本集團或會調整向股東派付的股息、向股東退還資本或發行新股份。截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日止年度，管理資本的目標、政策或程序並無變動。

本集團使用資產負債比率監察資本，該比率是按淨負債除以母公司擁有人應佔權益計算。淨負債包括計息銀行及其他借貸（不包括來自非控股股東及宏安之貸款）減現金及銀行結餘。本集團之政策為維持穩定資產負債比率。於報告期末之資產負債比率如下：

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### 財務報表附註（續）

31 March 2024

二零二四年三月三十一日

#### 43. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 43. 本公司之財務狀況表

有關於報告期末本公司財務狀況表之資料如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>非流動資產</b>		
Interest in a subsidiary	於一間附屬公司之權益	—	—
Interests in joint ventures	於合營企業之權益	128,435	185,305
Club membership	俱樂部會籍	17,780	16,800
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	775	—
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	146,990	202,105
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>流動資產</b>		
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產	5,875	21,517
Due from a subsidiary	應收一間附屬公司款項	4,639,674	4,551,528
Tax recoverable	可收回稅項	2,379	1,785
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	20,169	—
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	288,592	502,208
Total current assets	總流動資產	4,956,689	5,077,038
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>流動負債</b>		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	50,984	14,012
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借貸	158,606	141,314
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	2,120,557	2,174,099
Total current liabilities	總流動負債	2,330,147	2,329,425
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>流動資產淨值</b>	2,626,542	2,747,613
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>總資產減流動負債</b>	2,773,532	2,949,718
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>非流動負債</b>		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之金融負債	606	—
Net assets	資產淨值	2,772,926	2,949,718
<b>EQUITY</b>	<b>權益</b>		
Issued capital	已發行股本	15,200	15,200
Reserves (Note)	儲備（附註）	2,757,726	2,934,518
Total equity	權益總額	2,772,926	2,949,718

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## 財務報表附註 (續)

31 March 2024  
二零二四年三月三十一日

### 43. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

### 43. 本公司之財務狀況表 (續)

Note:

附註：

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司之儲備概要如下：

		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Retained profits	Total
		股份溢價	實繳盈餘	保留溢利	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	316,889	2,047,989	698,931	3,063,809
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	—	—	(15,291)	(15,291)
2022 final dividend proposed and paid	已建議及派付之二零二二年末期股息	—	—	(114,000)	(114,000)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及二零二三年四月一日	<b>316,889</b>	<b>2,047,989</b>	<b>569,640</b>	<b>2,934,518</b>
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	—	—	(71,912)	(71,912)
2023 final dividend proposed and paid	已建議及派付之二零二三年末期股息	—	—	(104,880)	(104,880)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	<b>316,889</b>	<b>2,047,989</b>	<b>392,848</b>	<b>2,757,726</b>

### 44. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 44. 財務報表之批准

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 June 2024.

財務報表已於二零二四年六月二十六日經由董事會批准及授權刊發。



## PARTICULARS OF KEY PROPERTIES

### 主要物業詳情

Particulars of major properties held by the Group as at 31 March 2024 are as follows:

本集團於二零二四年三月三十一日持有的主要物業詳情如下：

#### PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

#### 持有待售物業

Location 地點	Approximate saleable floor area Use 概約實用面積 (square feet) (平方呎)	Use 用途	Interest attributable of the Group 本集團應佔權益
Nos. 86A-86G Pokfulam Road 薄扶林道86A至86G號	28,500	Residential 住宅	70%

#### PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

#### 發展中物業

Location 地點	Approximate site area Use 概約 地盤面積 (square feet) (平方呎)	Approximate gross floor area Use 概約 總建築面積 (square feet) (平方呎)	Use 用途	Anticipated year of completion 預期竣工年度	Stage of completion 完成階段	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團 應佔權益
50-62 Larch Street and 6-8 Lime Street, Tai Kok Tsui 大角咀洋松街50-62號及菩提街6-8號	6,800	61,500	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2024 二零二四年	Construction in progress 在建	100%
Nos. 120-130 Main Street, Ap Lei Chau 鴨洲大街120-130號	7,200	74,200	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	Construction in progress 在建	50%
Nos. 34 and 36 Main Street, Nos. 5, 7 and 9 Wai Fung Street, Ap Lei Chau 鴨洲大街34及36號以及蕙風街5、7及 9號	4,100	38,600	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	Construction in progress 在建	50%
Nos. 26-48 Ming Fung Street, Wong Tai Sin 黃大仙鳴鳳街26-48號	9,600	81,200	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	Construction in progress 在建	50%
Nos. 31-41 & 45 Fei Fung Street, Wong Tai Sin 黃大仙飛鳳街31-41及45號	10,400	93,700	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	Construction in progress 在建	50%

## Particulars of Key Properties (Continued) 主要物業詳情 (續)



### PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT (Continued)

### 發展中物業 (續)

Location 地點	Approximate site area 概約 地盤面積 (square feet) (平方呎)	Approximate gross floor area 概約 總建築面積 (square feet) (平方呎)	Use 用途	Anticipated year of completion 預期竣工年度	Stage of completion 完成階段	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團 應佔權益
Nos. 12-16, 18-20, 22 and 24 Ting Yip Street, Ngau Tau Kok 牛頭角定業街12-16、18-20、22及24號	5,200	46,300	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2025 二零二五年	Construction in progress 在建	50%
101 and 111, King's Road 英皇道101及111號	12,400	130,000	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2026 二零二六年	Construction in progress 在建	50%
Nos. 3-9 Finnie Street, Quarry Bay 鯽魚涌芬尼街3-9號	4,200	39,100	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2026 二零二六年	Construction in progress 在建	100%
Nos. 17-23 Ap Lei Chau Main Street, 7-9 Ping Lan Street and 37-39 Shan Shi Street, Ap Lei Chau 鴨洲大街17-23號、平瀾街7-9號及新市街37-39號	6,600	68,100	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2027 二零二七年	Construction in progress 在建	100%
Nos. 18-20 Sze Shan Street, Yau Tong 油塘四山街18-20號	41,700	292,000	Residential and Commercial 住宅及商業	2028 二零二八年	Construction in progress 在建	100%



## FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

### 五年財務概要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

下表載列本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績及資產、負債及非控股權益概要，內容摘錄自已刊發之經審核財務報表及招股章程，並已在適當情況下重列。

#### RESULTS

#### 業績

		Year ended 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>REVENUE</b>	收入	<b>297,894</b>	1,991,840	38,857	339,514	2,383,743
<b>(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>	除稅前(虧損)/溢利	<b>(735,805)</b>	217,886	277,751	476,961	617,186
Income tax (expense)/ credit	所得稅(開支)/抵免	<b>(6,268)</b>	(7,032)	7,161	(8,784)	(145,308)
<b>(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR</b>	本年度(虧損)/溢利	<b>(742,073)</b>	210,854	284,912	468,177	471,878
Attributable to:	應佔：					
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	<b>(733,276)</b>	211,066	285,079	466,745	457,320
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	<b>(8,797)</b>	(212)	(167)	1,432	14,558
		<b>(742,073)</b>	210,854	284,912	468,177	471,878

#### ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

#### 資產、負債及非控股權益

		At 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	總資產	<b>9,889,941</b>	9,746,024	10,605,646	10,203,073	8,738,409
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	總負債	<b>(5,442,794)</b>	(4,463,336)	(5,421,770)	(5,168,777)	(4,022,497)
<b>NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS</b>	非控股權益	<b>3,497</b>	(10,900)	(11,112)	(11,279)	(42,647)
		<b>4,450,644</b>	5,271,788	5,172,764	5,023,017	4,673,265

見愛 · 建明天



[www.woproperties.com](http://www.woproperties.com)

